

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 22.594, 39.029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 22.594, 39.029) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(70, 22.596, 39.231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D39F92
RGB	211, 159, 146
RGB Percent	83%, 62%, 57%
CMY	0.1723, 0.3762, 0.4272
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.31, 0.17
HSL	12°, 43%, 70%
HSV	12°, 31%, 83%
XYZ	44.4805, 40.7494, 32.7370
YIQ	173.0660, 35.1650, 6.9810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

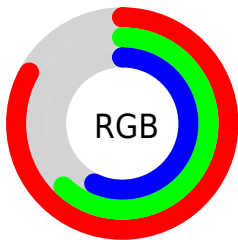
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 162, 146
Decimal	13868946
CIE Lab	70.00, 17.50, 14.29
CIE LCh	70, 22.596, 39.231
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3771, 0.3454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292059026 (0xFFD39F92)
YUV	173.0660, -13.3435, 33.2681
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 12.6674, 14.2786

# Details

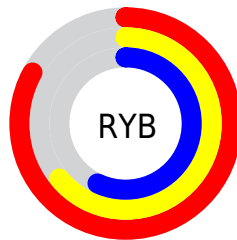
The CIELCh color **70, 22.596, 39.231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **77, 18.246, 220.936**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 17.296, 45.064**, and **50, 22.745, 39.374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 31.201, 39.468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 14.634, 39.171**.

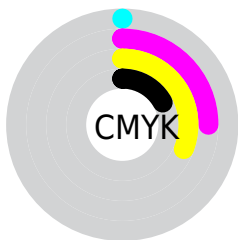
# Distribution



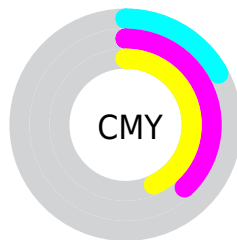
- Red (83%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 22.596, 39.231

 70, 22.596, 39.231

 100, 22.596,  
39.231

 60, 22.596, 39.231

 90, 22.596, 39.231

 50, 22.596, 39.231

 40, 22.596, 39.231

 30, 22.596, 39.231

 20, 22.596, 39.231

 10, 22.596, 39.231

 0, 22.596, 39.231

 70, 22.596, 39.231

 70, 22.596, 39.231

 66, 31.201, 39.468

 75, 14.634, 39.171

61, 40.446, 39.903

79, 7.290, 39.212

57, 50.260, 40.570

84, 0.516, 38.375

54, 60.456, 41.458

89, 5.744, 219.825

51, 70.608, 42.444

94, 11.545,  
220.085

48, 79.757, 43.148

97, 14.665,  
198.528

46, 86.293, 43.290

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 22.596, 39.231



77, 18.246, 220.936

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 22.596, 39.231



70, 22.596, 89.231



70, 22.596, 219.231



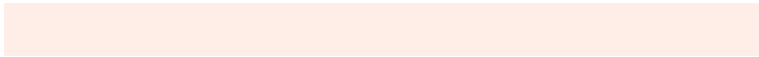
70, 22.596, 269.231

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 22.595, 39.238



95, 7.034, 39.221



68, 36.794, 332.508



50, 4.918, 39.213



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 22.595, 39.238



80, 32.529, 39.369



78, 25.489, 89.802



42, 3.780, 39.220



37, 72.524, 43.675



6, 17.774, 30.453





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 18.246, 220.936



89, 24.891, 221.492



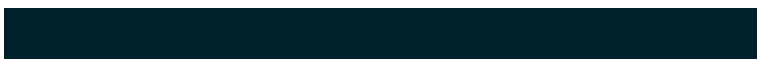
68, 25.632, 278.396



43, 3.565, 219.847



52, 32.166, 235.282

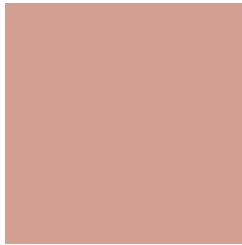


11, 12.197, 226.868



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

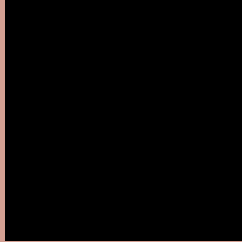
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 22.596, 39.231

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231.

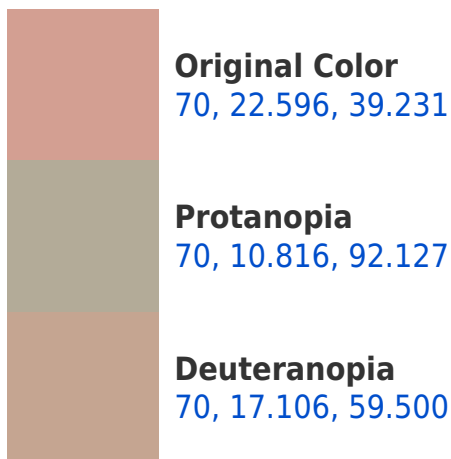



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 22.596, 39.231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
70, 23.098, 5.346



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 22.596, 39.231

**Protanomaly**  
70, 13.419, 63.383

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 18.858, 51.614

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 21.885, 17.222

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 22.596, 39.231

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 7.878, 40.113

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 22.596, 39.231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 159, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 159, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 159, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 159, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 22.596, 39.231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 159, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 159, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 159, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 159, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 159, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 159,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 22.596, 39.231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 159, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
159, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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