

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 3.989, 358.845)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 3.989, 358.845) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(70, 3.959, 3.635)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3A9AB
RGB	179, 169, 171
RGB Percent	70%, 66%, 67%
CMY	0.2992, 0.3383, 0.3305
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.30
HSL	348°, 6%, 68%
HSV	348°, 6%, 70%
XYZ	39.9828, 40.7494, 44.1442
YIQ	172.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

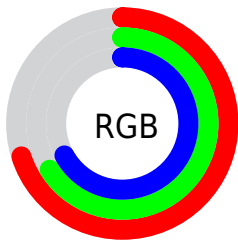
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 169, 171
Decimal	11774379
CIELab	70.00, 3.95, 0.25
CIElCh	70, 3.959, 3.635
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3202, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289964459 (0xFFB3A9AB)
YUV	172.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 0.0906, 3.6837

# Details

The CIELCh color  $70, 3.959, 3.635$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $72, 3.869, 182.902$ , and the grayscale version is  $70, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 4.103, 4.927$ , and  $50, 3.846, 2.115$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 11.323, 4.741$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 3.030, 183.059$ .

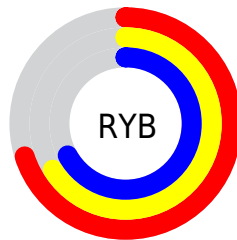
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (66%)

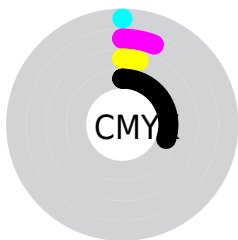
Blue (67%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

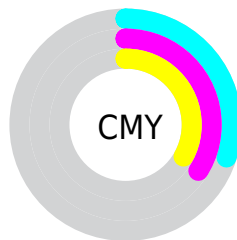


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70, 3.959, 3.635

70, 3.959, 3.635

100, 3.959, 3.635

60, 3.959, 3.635

90, 3.959, 3.635

50, 3.959, 3.635

40, 3.959, 3.635

30, 3.959, 3.635

20, 3.959, 3.635

10, 3.959, 3.635

0, 3.959, 3.635

70, 3.959, 3.635

70, 3.959, 3.635

65, 11.323, 4.741

75, 3.030, 183.059

60, 19.037, 5.955

80, 9.639, 182.197

55, 27.023, 7.407

85, 15.888,  
181.512

51, 35.136, 9.185

91, 21.804,  
180.910

47, 43.153, 11.403

44, 50.781, 14.202

95, 25.985,  
183.071

41, 57.713, 17.731

95, 24.350,  
197.916

39, 63.745, 22.082

38, 68.879, 27.154

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 3.959, 3.635



72, 3.869, 182.902

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 3.959, 3.635



70, 3.959, 53.635



70, 3.959, 183.635



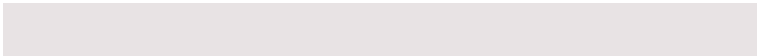
70, 3.959, 233.635

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 3.957, 3.653



91, 1.736, 3.120



70, 6.266, 319.023



49, 0.995, 3.092



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 3.957, 3.653



88, 6.150, 3.824



71, 3.113, 51.047



36, 3.219, 3.860



32, 63.004, 28.591



2, 9.410, 6.797





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 3.957, 3.653



88, 6.150, 3.824



71, 3.028, 232.104



36, 3.219, 3.860



32, 63.004, 28.591



2, 9.410, 6.797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

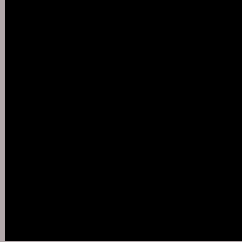
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

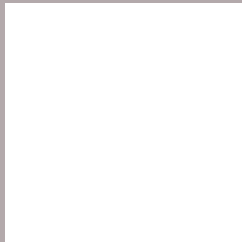
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 3.959, 3.635

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 3.959, 3.635.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


70, 3.959, 3.635

### Protanopia

70, 1.877, 343.640

### Deuteranopia

70, 8.489, 1.408



**Tritanopia**  
70, 8.657, 324.805



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70, 3.959, 3.635

## Protanomaly

70, 2.529, 353.831

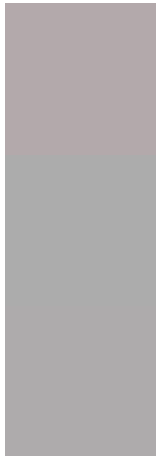
## Deuteranomaly

70, 6.852, 1.398

## Tritanomaly

70, 6.707, 332.721

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70, 3.959, 3.635

## Achromatopsia

70, 0.009, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

70, 1.265, 353.514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 3.959, 3.635 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 169, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 169, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 169, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 169, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 3.959, 3.635 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 169, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 169, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 169, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 169, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 169, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 169,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 3.959, 3.635 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 169, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
169, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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