

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 4.653, 332.206)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 4.653, 332.206) contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 4.479, 332.561)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(70, 4.479, 332.561)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1A9AF
RGB	177, 169, 175
RGB Percent	69%, 66%, 69%
CMY	0.3064, 0.3377, 0.3142
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.01, 0.31
HSL	315°, 5%, 68%
HSV	315°, 5%, 69%
XYZ	39.9905, 40.7494, 46.2479
YIQ	172.0760, 2.8420, 3.5620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

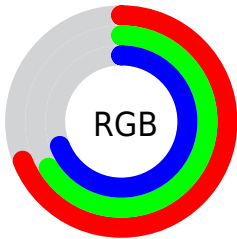
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 169, 175
Decimal	11643311
CIELab	70.00, 3.98, -2.06
CIELCh	70, 4.479, 332.561
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3149, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289833391 (0xFFB1A9AF)
YUV	172.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 0.1122, 1.7298

# Details

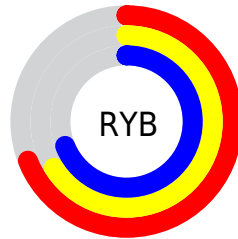
The CIELCh color  $70, 4.479, 332.561$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $71, 4.457, 152.118$ , and the grayscale version is  $70, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 4.506, 335.849$ , and  $50, 4.517, 328.885$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 14.476, 333.265$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 5.353, 152.063$ .

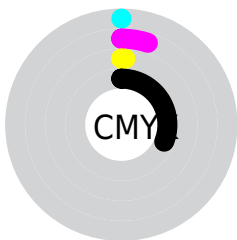
# Distribution



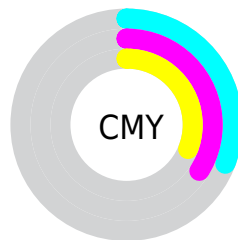
- Red (69%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 4.479, 332.561

 70, 4.479, 332.561

 100, 4.479,  
332.561

 60, 4.479, 332.561

 90, 4.479, 332.561

 50, 4.479, 332.561

 40, 4.479, 332.561

 30, 4.479, 332.561

 20, 4.479, 332.561

 10, 4.479, 332.561

 0, 4.479, 332.561

 70, 4.479, 332.561

 70, 4.479, 332.561

 65, 14.476,

 75, 5.353, 152.063

333.265

80, 14.946,  
151.436

61, 24.529,  
333.962

85, 24.268,  
150.869

56, 34.454,  
334.689

90, 33.306,  
150.336

52, 43.990,  
335.455

94, 40.706,  
150.166

49, 52.782,  
336.270

94, 38.986,  
152.312

46, 60.396,  
337.151

94, 37.310,  
154.642

43, 66.375,  
338.127

94, 35.685,  
157.175

41, 70.338,  
339.239

94, 34.122,  
159.933

40, 72.129,  
340.541



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 4.479, 332.561



71, 4.457, 152.118

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 4.479, 332.561



70, 4.479, 22.561



70, 4.479, 152.561



70, 4.479, 202.561

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 4.477, 332.564



91, 1.227, 332.116



70, 4.463, 300.183



48, 0.697, 332.096



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 4.477, 332.564



88, 6.122, 332.608



70, 3.232, 359.791



36, 3.393, 332.646



34, 65.350, 341.123



2, 12.735, 336.138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 4.477, 332.564



88, 6.122, 332.608



71, 3.178, 179.256



36, 3.393, 332.646



34, 65.350, 341.123

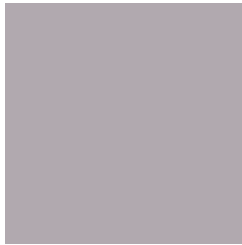


2, 12.735, 336.138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

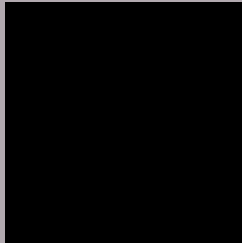
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 4.479, 332.561

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 4.479, 332.561.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 4.479, 332.561

### Protanopia

70, 3.491, 309.184

### Deuteranopia

70, 9.055, 347.330





**Tritanopia**  
70, 8.073, 318.165

# Trichromacy



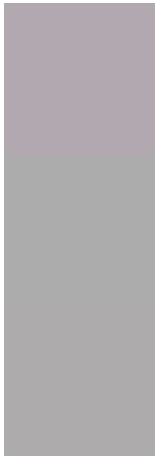
**Original Color**  
70, 4.479, 332.561

**Protanomaly**  
70, 3.632, 314.764

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 7.488, 344.321

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 7.124, 322.236

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 4.479, 332.561

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 1.586, 335.586

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 4.479, 332.561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 169, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 169, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 169, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 169, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 4.479, 332.561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

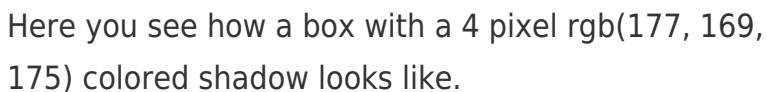
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 169, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 169, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 169, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 169, 175); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 169, 175); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 169, 175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 4.479, 332.561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 169, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
169, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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