

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 40.992, 133.459)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 40.992, 133.459)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(70, 40.991, 133.668)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	89B874
RGB	137, 184, 116
RGB Percent	54%, 72%, 45%
CMY	0.4636, 0.2793, 0.5459
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.37, 0.28
HSL	101°, 32%, 59%
HSV	101°, 37%, 72%
XYZ	30.5195, 40.7494, 22.7194
YIQ	162.1950, -6.1840, -31.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

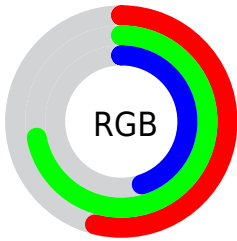
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">116, 184, 163</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9025652</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.00, -28.30, 29.65</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 40.991, 133.668</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.7494, 0.3247, 0.4336</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287215732 (0xFF89B874)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">162.1950, -22.7741, -22.0960</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.8353, -26.3713, 23.5829</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **70, 40.991, 133.668** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **56, 42.168, 317.025**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 40.640, 133.572**, and **50, 41.057, 133.890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 51.669, 133.123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 30.002, 134.208**.

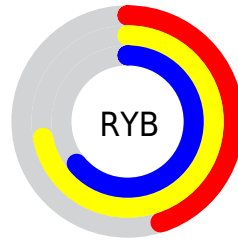
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (72%)

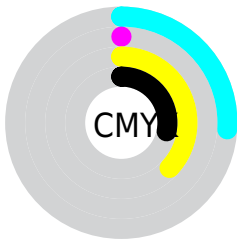
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (64%)

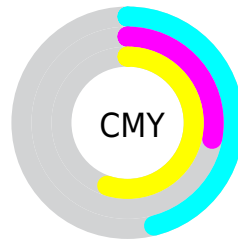


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (28%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70, 40.991,  
133.668

 70, 40.991,  
133.668

 100, 40.991,  
133.668


 60, 40.991,  
133.668


 90, 40.991,  
133.668

 50, 40.991,  
133.668

 40, 40.991,  
133.668

 30, 40.991,  
133.668

 20, 40.991,  
133.668

 10, 40.991,  
133.668

 0, 40.991, 133.668

70, 40.991,  
133.668

70, 40.991,  
133.668

69, 51.669,  
133.123

71, 30.002,  
134.208

68, 61.785,  
132.615

72, 18.874,  
134.715

67, 71.004,  
132.220

74, 7.735, 135.187

67, 78.895,  
132.048

75, 3.323, 315.525

77, 14.236,  
315.925

66, 84.988,  
132.225

78, 24.959,  
316.246

66, 89.026,  
132.811

80, 35.464,  
316.522

66, 90.038,  
132.983

82, 42.083,  
319.052

■ 83, 43.977,  
324.414

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 40.991, 133.668



56, 42.168, 317.025

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 40.991, 133.668



70, 40.991, 183.668



70, 40.991, 313.668



70, 40.991, 3.668

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 40.992, 133.669



93, 15.133, 134.992



68, 27.083, 87.712



49, 10.168, 134.929



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 40.992, 133.669



88, 60.167, 133.244



69, 39.691, 147.037



38, 6.271, 135.078



56, 79.436, 132.814



8, 17.623, 138.038



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 42.168, 317.025



67, 62.239, 317.335



58, 39.798, 332.289



36, 6.322, 315.826



28, 82.852, 317.216



2, 16.633, 311.900



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 70, 40.991, 133.668**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 40.991, 133.668.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

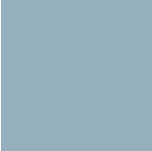


**Original Color**  
70, 40.991, 133.668

**Protanopia**  
70, 33.035, 95.655

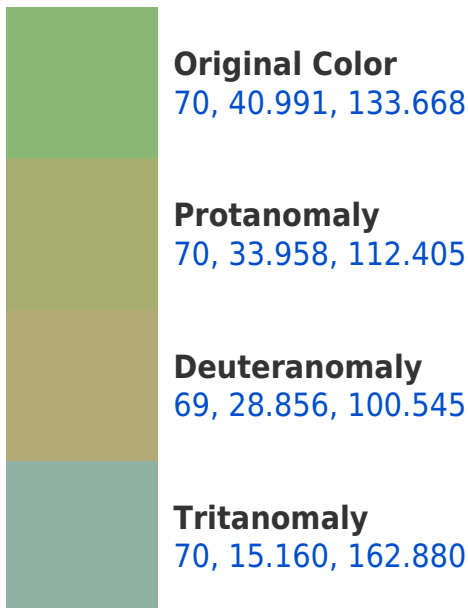
**Deuteranopia**  
70, 29.327, 72.155





**Tritanopia**  
70, 11.680, 240.079

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 40.991, 133.668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 184, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 184, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 184, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 184, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 40.991, 133.668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 184, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 184, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 184, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 184, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 184, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 184,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 40.991, 133.668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 184, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
184, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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