

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 42.994, 31.224)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 42.994, 31.224) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(70, 42.813, 31.254)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F49085
RGB	244, 144, 133
RGB Percent	96%, 56%, 52%
CMY	0.0442, 0.4362, 0.4793
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.46, 0.04
HSL	6°, 83%, 74%
HSV	6°, 46%, 96%
XYZ	51.3733, 40.7494, 27.2668
YIQ	172.6460, 63.1310, 17.7790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

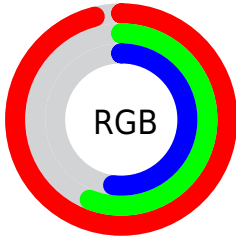
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	244, 145, 133
Decimal	16027781
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.00, 36.60, 22.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 42.813, 31.254
Yxy	40.7494, 0.4303, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294217861 (0xFFFF49085)
YUV	172.6460, -19.5455, 62.5775
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 31.9415, 19.3594

# Details

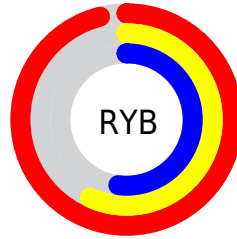
The CIELCh color **70, 42.813, 31.254** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **87, 30.192, 208.636**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 22.974, 38.018**, and **50, 42.642, 31.701** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 54.108, 32.638**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 32.125, 30.230**.

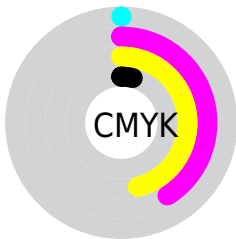
# Distribution



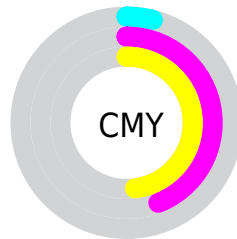
- Red (96%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 42.813, 31.254

 70, 42.813, 31.254

 100, 42.813,  
31.254

 60, 42.813, 31.254

 90, 42.813, 31.254

 50, 42.813, 31.254

 40, 42.813, 31.254

 30, 42.813, 31.254

 20, 42.813, 31.254

 10, 42.813, 31.254

 0, 42.813, 31.254

 70, 42.813, 31.254

 70, 42.813, 31.254

 65, 54.108, 32.638

 75, 32.125, 30.230

61, 65.806, 34.420

81, 22.154, 29.484

57, 77.511, 36.569

87, 12.924, 28.949

54, 88.433, 38.820

93, 4.412, 28.507

52, 96.846, 40.411

99, 3.432, 208.624

52, 99.566, 40.929

99, 3.889, 199.329

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 42.813, 31.254



87, 30.192, 208.636

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 42.813, 31.254



70, 42.813, 81.254



70, 42.813, 211.254



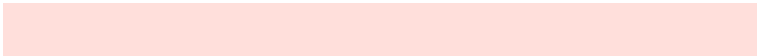
70, 42.813, 261.254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 42.811, 31.258



91, 12.014, 28.882



71, 65.116, 329.392



47, 8.369, 28.980



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 42.811, 31.258



68, 55.523, 32.577



82, 39.477, 77.754



48, 4.630, 28.689



39, 81.045, 41.157



9, 29.042, 30.294





# Inverse Universe

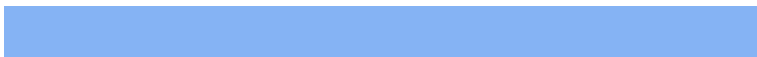
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 30.192, 208.636



89, 35.798, 209.061



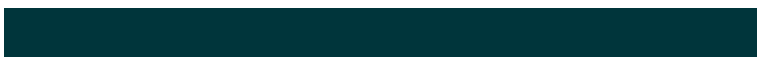
72, 37.030, 272.283



50, 4.352, 208.437



63, 35.256, 214.024



19, 15.847, 211.428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

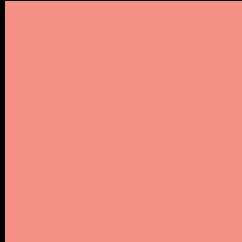
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 42.813, 31.254

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254.

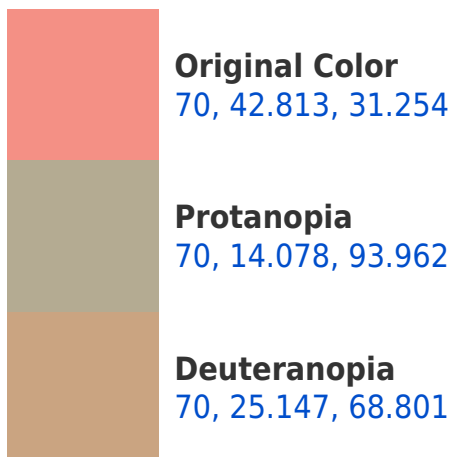


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 42.813, 31.254.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
70, 42.171, 16.615



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 42.813, 31.254

**Protanomaly**  
70, 20.649, 52.234

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 29.781, 50.429

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 42.288, 22.282

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 42.813, 31.254

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 14.460, 29.246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 42.813, 31.254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 144, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 144, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 144, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 144, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 42.813, 31.254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 144, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 144, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 144, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 144, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 144, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 144,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 42.813, 31.254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 144, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
144, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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