

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 45.732, 294.306)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 45.732, 294.306)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(70, 46.041, 294.565)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3A3F7
RGB	163, 163, 247
RGB Percent	64%, 64%, 97%
CMY	0.3604, 0.3604, 0.0309
CMYK	0.34, 0.34, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	240°, 84%, 80%
HSV	240°, 34%, 97%
XYZ	45.0458, 40.7494, 93.5744
YIQ	172.5760, -26.9640, 26.1240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

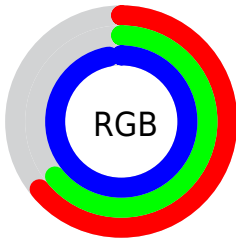
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 163, 247
Decimal	10724343
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.00, 19.14, -41.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 46.041, 294.565
Yxy	40.7494, 0.2511, 0.2272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288914423 (0xFFA3A3F7)
YUV	172.5760, 36.6910, -8.3982
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 14.2481, -42.2269

# Details

The CIELCh color `70, 46.041, 294.565` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999FF`. A complement of this color would be `96, 42.265, 106.875`, and the grayscale version is `70, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `88, 19.364, 293.739`, and `50, 46.186, 294.716` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `62, 60.887, 296.370`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `78, 31.805, 293.014`.

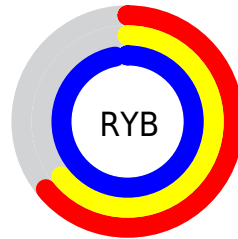
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (64%)

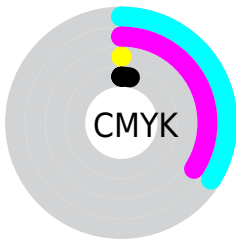
Blue (97%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (97%)

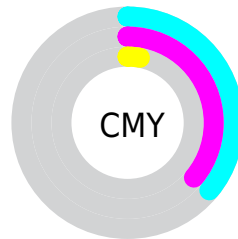


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70, 46.041,  
294.565


 70, 46.041,  
294.565


 100, 46.041,  
294.565


 60, 46.041,  
294.565


 90, 46.041,  
294.565

 50, 46.041,  
294.565

 40, 46.041,  
294.565

 30, 46.041,  
294.565

 20, 46.041,  
294.565

 10, 46.041,  
294.565

 0, 46.041, 294.565

70, 46.041,  
294.565

70, 46.041,  
294.565

62, 60.887,  
296.370

78, 31.805,  
293.014

54, 76.275,  
298.418

86, 18.168,  
291.697

47, 91.894,  
300.633

94, 5.090, 290.592

40, 106.918,  
302.832

100, 3.990,  
109.861

35, 119.681,  
304.704

32, 127.947,  
305.899

31, 130.666,  
306.287

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 46.041, 294.565



96, 42.265, 106.875

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 46.041, 294.565



70, 46.041, 344.565



70, 46.041, 114.565



70, 46.041, 164.565

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 46.040, 294.565



92, 13.211, 291.232



92, 26.530, 197.742



48, 9.038, 291.393



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 46.040, 294.565



66, 57.840, 295.815



74, 47.713, 310.761



47, 7.256, 291.172



22, 105.633, 306.287



3, 39.905, 299.771





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 52.769, 326.289



76, 64.776, 326.645



93, 45.450, 127.465



48, 8.758, 324.947



44, 91.223, 328.235

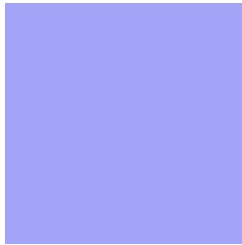


11, 40.559, 328.235



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

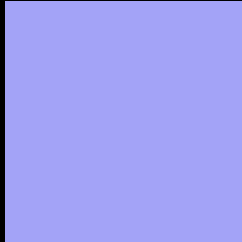
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

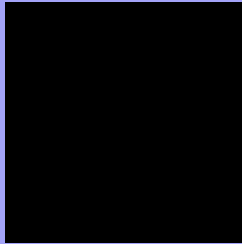
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 46.041, 294.565

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 46.041, 294.565.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 46.041, 294.565

### Protanopia

70, 45.680, 285.487

### Deuteranopia

70, 42.532, 283.581



**Tritanopia**  
70, 11.432, 241.187



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 46.041, 294.565

**Protanomaly**  
70, 46.060, 288.761

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 43.356, 287.671

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 21.845, 278.193

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 46.041, 294.565

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 16.991, 291.854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 46.041, 294.565 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 163, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 163, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 163, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 163, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 46.041, 294.565 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 163, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 163, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 163, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 163, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 163, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 163,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 46.041, 294.565 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 163, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
163, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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