

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 45.747, 48.973)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 45.747, 48.973) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(70, 45.881, 49.185)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF956E
RGB	239, 149, 110
RGB Percent	94%, 58%, 43%
CMY	0.0646, 0.4173, 0.5702
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.54, 0.06
HSL	18°, 80%, 68%
HSV	18°, 54%, 94%
XYZ	48.9121, 40.7494, 19.9276
YIQ	171.4640, 66.1590, 6.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

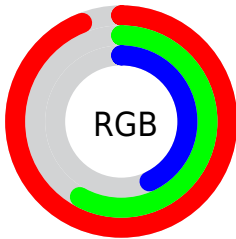
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 166, 110
Decimal	15701358
CIE Lab	70.00, 29.99, 34.72
CIE LCh	70, 45.881, 49.185
Yxy	40.7494, 0.4463, 0.3718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293891438 (0xFFEF956E)
YUV	171.4640, -30.3018, 59.2291
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 25.0591, 26.1760

# Details

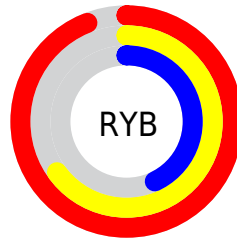
The CIELCh color **70, 45.881, 49.185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **76, 31.949, 239.441**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 30.471, 65.769**, and **50, 45.957, 49.260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 56.321, 49.037**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 35.992, 49.454**.

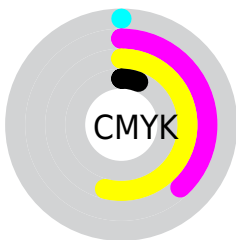
# Distribution



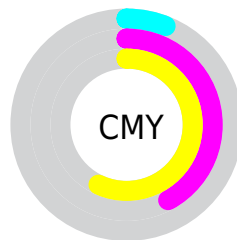
- Red (94%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 45.881, 49.185

 70, 45.881, 49.185

 100, 45.881,  
49.185

 60, 45.881, 49.185

 90, 45.881, 49.185

 50, 45.881, 49.185

 40, 45.881, 49.185

 30, 45.881, 49.185

 20, 45.881, 49.185

 10, 45.881, 49.185

 0, 45.881, 49.185

 70, 45.881, 49.185

 70, 45.881, 49.185

 66, 56.321, 49.037

 74, 35.992, 49.454

62, 67.052, 48.933

79, 26.752, 49.838

59, 77.445, 48.678

83, 18.169, 50.324

56, 86.200, 47.814

88, 10.213, 50.881

55, 90.313, 47.007

92, 2.832, 51.378

97, 4.031, 232.412

99, 5.662, 199.164

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 45.881, 49.185



76, 31.949, 239.441

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 45.881, 49.185



70, 45.881, 99.185



70, 45.881, 229.185



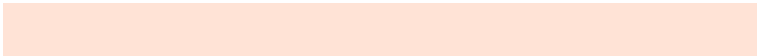
70, 45.881, 279.185

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 45.879, 49.189



92, 12.374, 50.766



65, 64.488, 338.617



48, 8.421, 50.648



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 45.879, 49.189



70, 60.573, 49.024



85, 53.719, 93.887



48, 4.076, 51.140



43, 73.768, 47.557



11, 24.797, 42.333





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 31.949, 239.441



78, 38.540, 242.566



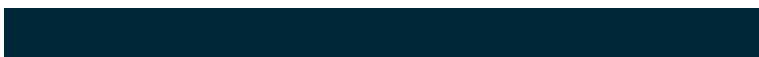
59, 58.384, 289.861



48, 3.874, 232.668



51, 38.397, 256.534

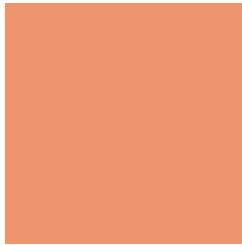


14, 15.793, 248.353



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

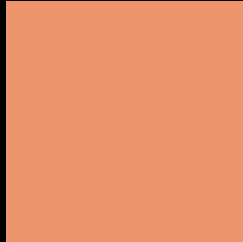
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

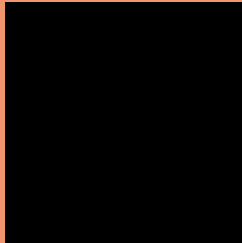
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 45.881, 49.185

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 45.881, 49.185.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
70, 40.070, 15.954



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 45.881, 49.185

**Protanomaly**  
70, 31.430, 73.444

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 38.566, 64.528

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 40.543, 29.279

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 45.881, 49.185

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 15.442, 49.834

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 45.881, 49.185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 149, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 149, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 149, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 149, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 45.881, 49.185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 149, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 149, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 149, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 149, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 149, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 149,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 45.881, 49.185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 149, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
149, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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