

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 48.964, 24.511)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 48.964, 24.511) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(70, 48.989, 24.492)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FF8989 |
| RGB | 255, 137, 137 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 54%, 54% |
| CMY | 0.0018, 0.4643, 0.4642 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.46, 0.46, 0.00 |
| HSL | 360°, 99%, 77% |
| HSV | 360°, 46%, 100% |
| XYZ | 54.4530, 40.7494, 28.5207 |
| YIQ | 172.2820, 70.3280, 25.0160 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

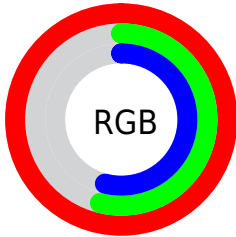
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 137, 137 |
| Decimal | 16746889 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 70.00, 44.58, 20.31 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 70, 48.989, 24.492 |
| Yxy | 40.7494, 0.4401, 0.3294 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294936969 (0xFFFF8989) |
| YUV | 172.2820, -17.3940, 72.5437 |
| Hunter-Lab | 63.8353, 40.5531, 18.1947 |

Details

The CIELCh color **70, 48.989, 24.492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **93, 34.905, 197.262**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 24.375, 23.766**, and **50, 48.808, 24.664** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 61.175, 26.707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 37.171, 22.800**.

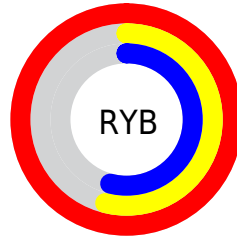
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (54%)

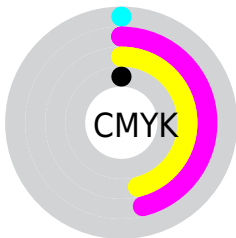
Blue (54%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (54%)

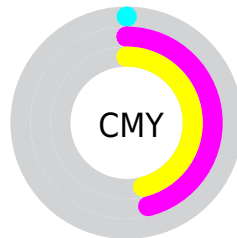


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 70, 48.989, 24.492

 70, 48.989, 24.492

 100, 48.989,
24.492

 60, 48.989, 24.492

 90, 48.989, 24.492

 50, 48.989, 24.492

 40, 48.989, 24.492

 30, 48.989, 24.492

 20, 48.989, 24.492


 10, 48.989, 24.492

 0, 48.989, 24.492

 70, 48.989, 24.492

 70, 48.989, 24.492

 65, 61.175, 26.707

 76, 37.171, 22.800

■ 60, 73.377, 29.526

■ 82, 25.964, 21.505

■ 57, 85.089, 32.926

■ 89, 15.487, 20.505

■ 55, 95.456, 36.527

■ 95, 5.770, 19.677

■ 53, 102.593,
39.268

100, 0.155,
203.662

■ 53, 104.432,
39.997

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 48.989, 24.492



93, 34.905, 197.262

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 48.989, 24.492



70, 48.989, 74.492



70, 48.989, 204.492



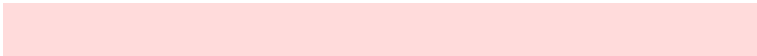
70, 48.989, 254.492

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 48.986, 24.495



90, 13.171, 20.303



73, 72.203, 326.400



47, 9.172, 20.489



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 48.986, 24.495



65, 60.855, 26.625



83, 40.006, 67.883



49, 5.254, 19.935



40, 84.225, 39.996



10, 33.367, 27.172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 48.986, 24.495



65, 60.855, 26.625



78, 34.413, 262.146



49, 5.254, 19.935



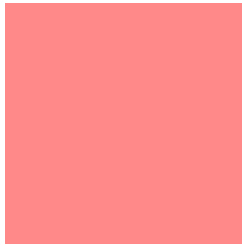
40, 84.225, 39.996



10, 33.367, 27.172

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

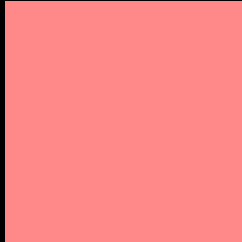
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 48.989, 24.492

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 48.989, 24.492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70, 48.989, 24.492

Protanopia

70, 10.294, 91.330

Deuteranopia

70, 23.670, 68.896



Tritanopia
70, 48.893, 18.526

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 48.989, 24.492



Protanomaly
69, 20.583, 37.843



Deuteranomaly
70, 29.993, 43.699



Tritanomaly
70, 48.771, 20.895

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 48.989, 24.492



Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
69, 17.042, 20.949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 48.989, 24.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 137, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 137, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 137, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 137, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 48.989, 24.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 137, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 137, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 137, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 137, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 137, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 137,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 48.989, 24.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 137, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
137, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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