

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 49.808, 308.306)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 49.808, 308.306)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(70, 49.808, 308.306)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF9AF2
RGB	191, 154, 242
RGB Percent	75%, 60%, 95%
CMY	0.2498, 0.3950, 0.0498
CMYK	0.21, 0.36, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	265°, 78%, 78%
HSV	265°, 36%, 95%
XYZ	49.2370, 40.7494, 89.5171
YIQ	175.0950, -6.1960, 35.2120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

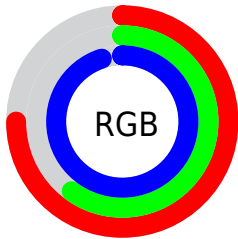
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	191, 154, 242
Decimal	12557042
CIE Lab	70.00, 30.87, -39.08
CIE LCh	70, 49.808, 308.306
Yxy	40.7494, 0.2743, 0.2270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290747122 (0xFFBF9AF2)
YUV	175.0950, 32.9842, 13.9487
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 25.9678, -38.4585

# Details

The CIELCh color  $70, 49.808, 308.306$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be  $91, 46.804, 124.429$ , and the grayscale version is  $71, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 27.777, 321.698$ , and  $50, 49.786, 308.480$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 64.194, 308.967$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $77, 35.610, 307.671$ .

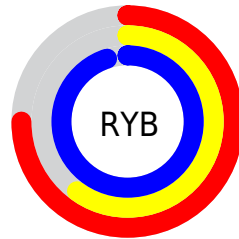
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (60%)

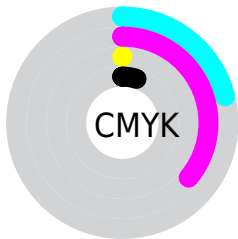
Blue (95%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (95%)

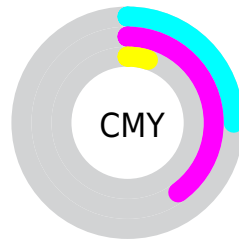


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70, 49.808,  
308.306


 70, 49.808,  
308.306


 100, 49.808,  
308.306


 60, 49.808,  
308.306


 90, 49.808,  
308.306

 50, 49.808,  
308.306

 40, 49.808,  
308.306

 30, 49.808,  
308.306

 20, 49.808,  
308.306

 10, 49.808,  
308.306

 0, 49.808, 308.306

70, 49.808,  
308.306

70, 49.808,  
308.306

63, 64.194,  
308.967

77, 35.610,  
307.671

57, 78.492,  
309.614

84, 21.753,  
307.081

50, 92.197,  
310.182

91, 8.300, 306.540

45, 104.509,  
310.569

98, 4.724, 126.100

100, 6.423,  
109.685

41, 114.341,  
310.639

37, 120.643,  
310.259

36, 122.340,  
310.059

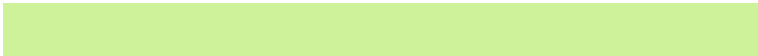
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 49.808, 308.306



91, 46.804, 124.429

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 49.808, 308.306



70, 49.808, 358.306



70, 49.808, 128.306



70, 49.808, 178.306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 49.806, 308.306



92, 15.150, 306.789



80, 24.646, 251.504



48, 10.201, 306.863



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 49.806, 308.306



68, 63.420, 308.820



74, 54.305, 323.957



47, 7.554, 306.707



27, 100.183, 310.237



5, 41.261, 310.046





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 41.774, 342.809



73, 52.404, 343.682



89, 54.035, 139.806



48, 6.517, 340.303



40, 68.392, 354.708



9, 31.193, 349.963



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

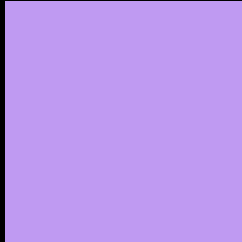
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

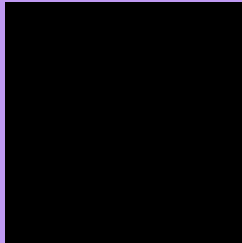
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 49.808, 308.306

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 49.808, 308.306.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 49.808, 308.306

**Protanopia**  
70, 47.304, 285.695

**Deuteranopia**  
70, 38.588, 284.440



**Tritanopia**  
70, 8.657, 324.805



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 49.808, 308.306

**Protanomaly**  
70, 47.663, 293.648

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 41.667, 294.171

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 23.920, 311.242

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 49.808, 308.306

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 18.299, 307.647

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 49.808, 308.306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 154, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 154, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 154, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 154, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 49.808, 308.306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 154, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 154, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 154, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 154, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 154, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 154,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 49.808, 308.306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 154, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
154, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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