

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 5.299, 42.785)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 5.299, 42.785) contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 5.101, 44.950)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(70, 5.101, 44.950)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5A9A5
RGB	181, 169, 165
RGB Percent	71%, 66%, 65%
CMY	0.2914, 0.3385, 0.3542
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.09, 0.29
HSL	15°, 10%, 68%
HSV	15°, 9%, 71%
XYZ	39.8737, 40.7494, 41.2120
YIQ	172.1320, 8.4360, 1.3000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

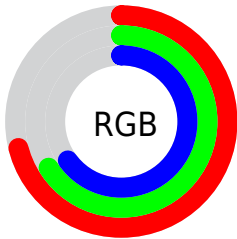
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 170, 165</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11905445</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.00, 3.61, 3.60</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 5.101, 44.950</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.7494, 0.3273, 0.3345</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290095525</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB5A9A5</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">172.1320, -3.5161, 7.7772</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.8353, -0.2144, 6.4071</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **70, 5.101, 44.950** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **71, 4.847, 225.997**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 5.152, 43.266**, and **50, 5.117, 46.818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 11.302, 44.671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 0.640, 226.261**.

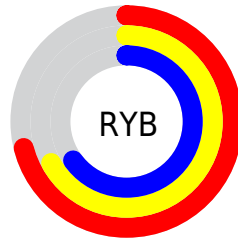
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (66%)

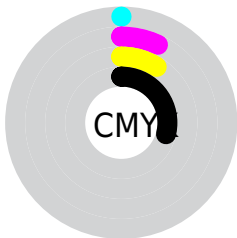
Blue (65%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (65%)

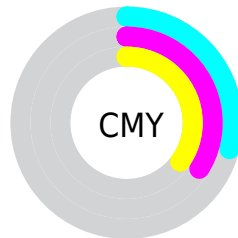


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 5.101, 44.950       70, 5.101, 44.950

 100, 5.101, 44.950       60, 5.101, 44.950

 90, 5.101, 44.950       50, 5.101, 44.950

 40, 5.101, 44.950

 30, 5.101, 44.950

 20, 5.101, 44.950

 10, 5.101, 44.950

 0, 5.101, 44.950

 70, 5.101, 44.950       70, 5.101, 44.950

 66, 11.302, 44.671       74, 0.640, 226.261

62, 18.008, 44.429

78, 5.968, 226.059

58, 25.251, 44.303

82, 10.930,  
226.536

55, 33.043, 44.326

86, 15.569,  
227.059

51, 41.351, 44.517

48, 50.059, 44.866

90, 19.920,  
227.559

45, 58.882, 45.283

94, 22.234,  
204.795

43, 67.170, 45.498

41, 74.042, 45.254

95, 23.794,  
197.950

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 5.101, 44.950



71, 4.847, 225.997

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 5.101, 44.950



70, 5.101, 94.950



70, 5.101, 224.950



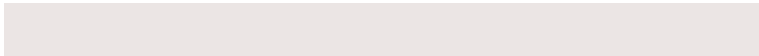
70, 5.101, 274.950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 5.100, 44.974



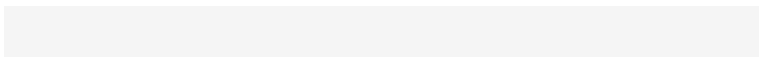
91, 2.088, 45.026



69, 8.947, 332.874



48, 1.587, 45.051



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 5.100, 44.974



87, 7.910, 44.904



72, 6.670, 96.177



36, 3.237, 44.961



34, 65.839, 45.649



3, 7.789, 38.689





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 4.847, 225.997



89, 7.407, 226.117



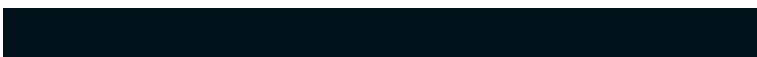
69, 6.720, 278.336



36, 3.067, 226.019



45, 31.130, 245.539



5, 7.488, 237.021



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

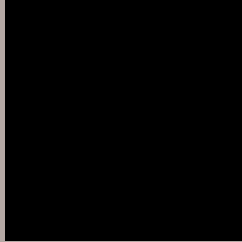
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 70, 5.101, 44.950**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 5.101, 44.950.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 5.101, 44.950

### Protanopia

70, 2.885, 68.475

### Deuteranopia

70, 9.707, 20.221



**Tritanopia**  
70, 9.591, 332.351



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 5.101, 44.950

**Protanomaly**  
70, 3.440, 58.774

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 8.152, 23.884

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 6.869, 346.128

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 5.101, 44.950

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 1.857, 55.193

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 5.101, 44.950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 169, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 169, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 169, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 169, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 5.101, 44.950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 169, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 169, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 169, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 169, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 169, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 169,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 5.101, 44.950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 169, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
169, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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