

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 56.639, 108.614)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 56.639, 108.614)
contains.

CIELCh(70, 56.416, 108.546)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(70, 56.416, 108.546)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9B244
RGB	169, 178, 68
RGB Percent	66%, 70%, 27%
CMY	0.3368, 0.3015, 0.7329
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.62, 0.30
HSL	65°, 45%, 48%
HSV	65°, 62%, 70%
XYZ	33.3744, 40.7494, 11.5918
YIQ	162.7690, 29.9460, -36.1180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

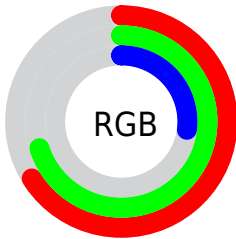
Format	Color
RYB	68, 178, 77
Decimal	11121220
CIELab	70.00, -17.94, 53.49
CIELCh	70, 56.416, 108.546
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3894, 0.4754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289311300 (0xFFA9B244)
YUV	162.7690, -46.7211, 5.4646
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -18.3882, 33.9182

Details

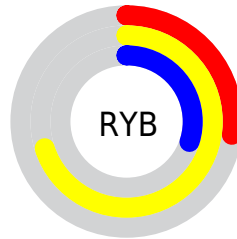
The CIELCh color **70, 56.416, 108.546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **36, 67.446, 301.483**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 56.532, 108.878**, and **50, 56.686, 108.738** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 63.432, 108.044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 48.350, 109.201**.

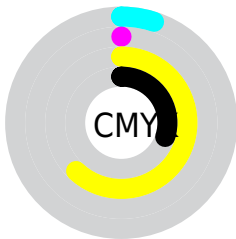
Distribution



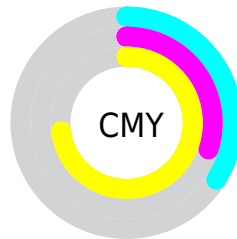
- Red (66%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (30%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70, 56.416,
108.546


 70, 56.416,
108.546


 100, 56.416,
108.546


 60, 56.416,
108.546


 90, 56.416,
108.546

 50, 56.416,
108.546

 40, 56.416,
108.546

 30, 56.416,
108.546

 20, 56.416,
108.546

 10, 56.416,
108.546

 0, 56.416, 108.546

70, 56.416,
108.546

70, 56.416,
108.546

70, 63.432,
108.044

70, 48.350,
109.201

70, 68.953,
107.749

71, 39.594,
109.950

69, 72.585,
107.718

71, 30.406,
110.755

69, 74.393,
107.858

71, 20.958,
111.586

72, 11.364,
112.422

73, 1.698, 113.234

73, 7.992, 294.061

74, 17.670,
294.835

■ 74, 27.313,
295.576

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 56.416, 108.546



36, 67.446, 301.483

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 56.416, 108.546



70, 56.416, 158.546



70, 56.416, 288.546



70, 56.416, 338.546

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 56.417, 108.548



91, 22.712, 111.790



46, 48.422, 31.480



48, 15.739, 111.553



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 56.417, 108.548



88, 79.918, 107.913



67, 62.345, 128.671



38, 5.484, 112.625



60, 66.501, 107.800



8, 13.372, 114.953

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 67.446, 301.483



39, 101.069, 303.834



41, 67.179, 314.088



35, 5.603, 294.215



17, 90.935, 306.595



1, 13.337, 292.663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

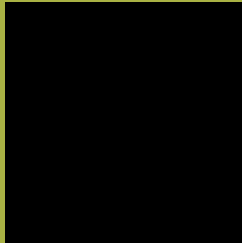
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 56.416, 108.546

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546.

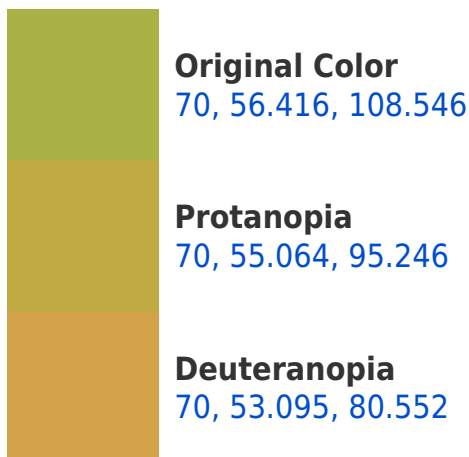



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 56.416, 108.546.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
70, 8.657, 324.805

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 56.416, 108.546

Protanomaly
70, 55.211, 100.430

Deuteranomaly
70, 52.467, 91.058

Tritanomaly
70, 17.522, 101.774

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 56.416, 108.546

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 21.836, 111.133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 56.416, 108.546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 178, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 178, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 178, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 178, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 56.416, 108.546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 178, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 178, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 178, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 178, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 178, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 178,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 56.416, 108.546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 178, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
178, 68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor