

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 62.428, 52.027)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 62.428, 52.027) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(70, 62.113, 52.100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE8D53
RGB	254, 141, 83
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 33%
CMY	0.0039, 0.4470, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.67, 0.00
HSL	20°, 99%, 66%
HSV	20°, 67%, 100%
XYZ	51.9641, 40.7494, 13.3119
YIQ	168.1750, 85.9660, 5.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

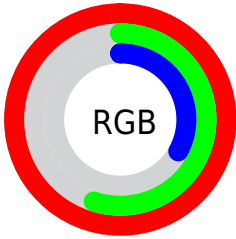
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 171, 83
Decimal	16682323
CIE Lab	70.00, 38.16, 49.01
CIE LCh	70, 62.113, 52.100
Yxy	40.7494, 0.4901, 0.3843
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294872403 (0xFFFE8D53)
YUV	168.1750, -41.9913, 75.2685
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 33.5935, 32.3207

# Details

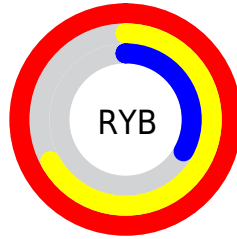
The CIELCh color **70, 62.113, 52.100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **75, 40.548, 249.235**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 41.494, 70.649**, and **50, 62.069, 52.052** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 73.079, 51.625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 51.225, 52.536**.

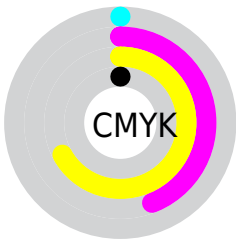
# Distribution



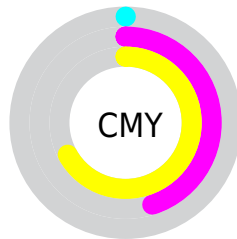
- Red (100%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70, 62.113, 52.100

70, 62.113, 52.100

100, 62.113,  
52.100

60, 62.113, 52.100

90, 62.113, 52.100

50, 62.113, 52.100

40, 62.113, 52.100

30, 62.113, 52.100

20, 62.113, 52.100

10, 62.113, 52.100

0, 62.113, 52.100

70, 62.113, 52.100

70, 62.113, 52.100

66, 73.079, 51.625

74, 51.225, 52.536

63, 83.257, 50.828

78, 40.809, 53.029

60, 91.117, 49.210

82, 31.012, 53.609

60, 92.937, 48.750

87, 21.870, 54.271

91, 13.364, 54.994

96, 5.448, 55.723

100, 0.344,  
201.309

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 62.113, 52.100



75, 40.548, 249.235

# Rectangle

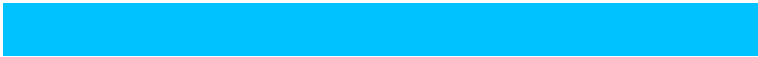
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



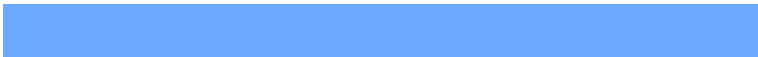
70, 62.113, 52.100



70, 62.113, 102.100



70, 62.113, 232.100



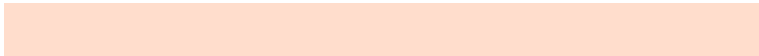
70, 62.113, 282.100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 62.111, 52.103



91, 15.633, 54.795



63, 78.691, 341.877



47, 10.777, 54.591



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 62.111, 52.103



65, 77.230, 51.390



90, 70.517, 94.456



51, 4.278, 55.571



45, 74.609, 49.362



13, 28.069, 46.919





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 40.548, 249.235



71, 46.205, 254.735



52, 81.851, 295.150



51, 4.083, 237.388



50, 42.243, 263.202



16, 18.121, 255.958



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 62.113, 52.100

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 62.113, 52.100.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 62.113, 52.100

### Protanopia

70, 42.737, 95.875

### Deuteranopia

70, 50.901, 79.780



**Tritanopia**  
70, 48.893, 18.526



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 62.113, 52.100

**Protanomaly**  
70, 45.857, 75.725

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 53.094, 68.133

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 51.637, 33.136

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 62.113, 52.100

**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 20.720, 53.981

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 62.113, 52.100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 141, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 141, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 141, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 141, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 62.113, 52.100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 141, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 141, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 141, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 141, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 141, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 141,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 62.113, 52.100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 141, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
141, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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