

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 69.970, 84.872)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 69.970, 84.872) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(70, 69.970, 84.872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4A418
RGB	212, 164, 24
RGB Percent	83%, 64%, 9%
CMY	0.1675, 0.3558, 0.9043
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.88, 0.17
HSL	45°, 79%, 46%
HSV	45°, 88%, 83%
XYZ	40.7247, 40.7494, 6.6055
YIQ	162.3920, 73.5480, -33.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

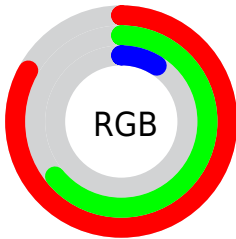
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">88, 212, 24</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13935640</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.00, 6.25, 69.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 69.970, 84.872</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.7494, 0.4624, 0.4626</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292125720 (0xFFD4A418)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">162.3920, -68.2273, 43.5062</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.8353, 2.1651, 38.5495</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **70, 69.970, 84.872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **37, 84.738, 297.163**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 67.578, 91.382**, and **50, 56.933, 83.165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 72.514, 82.973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 65.088, 86.523**.

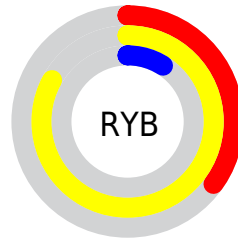
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (64%)

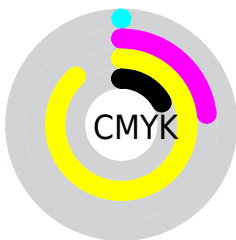
Blue (9%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (9%)

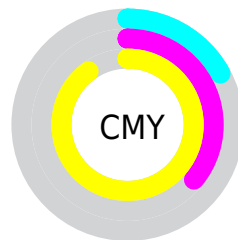


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 69.970, 84.872

 70, 69.970, 84.872

 100, 69.970,  
84.872

 60, 69.970, 84.872

 90, 69.970, 84.872

 50, 69.970, 84.872

 40, 69.970, 84.872

 30, 69.970, 84.872

 20, 69.970, 84.872

 10, 69.970, 84.872

 0, 69.970, 84.872

 70, 69.970, 84.872

 70, 69.970, 84.872

 69, 72.514, 82.973

 71, 65.088, 86.523

68, 72.830, 82.683

73, 58.363, 88.009

75, 50.521, 89.409

76, 42.092, 90.762

78, 33.403, 92.081

80, 24.641, 93.368

82, 15.908, 94.619

83, 7.258, 95.823

85, 1.284, 277.180

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 69.970, 84.872



37, 84.738, 297.163

# Rectangle

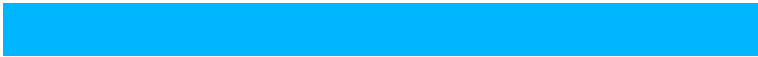
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 69.970, 84.872



70, 69.970, 134.872



70, 69.970, 264.872



70, 69.970, 314.872

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 69.969, 84.875



94, 27.072, 93.522



46, 72.758, 18.464



49, 18.271, 93.083



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 69.969, 84.875



81, 83.568, 82.434



79, 84.104, 115.750



44, 4.885, 95.714



56, 62.020, 83.033



13, 19.344, 86.406





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 84.738, 297.163



40, 111.583, 300.970



31, 107.587, 307.359



42, 4.921, 278.048



26, 80.656, 300.195



4, 22.778, 287.326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 69.970, 84.872

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 69.970, 84.872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


70, 69.970, 84.872

### Protanopia

70, 68.699, 95.276

### Deuteranopia

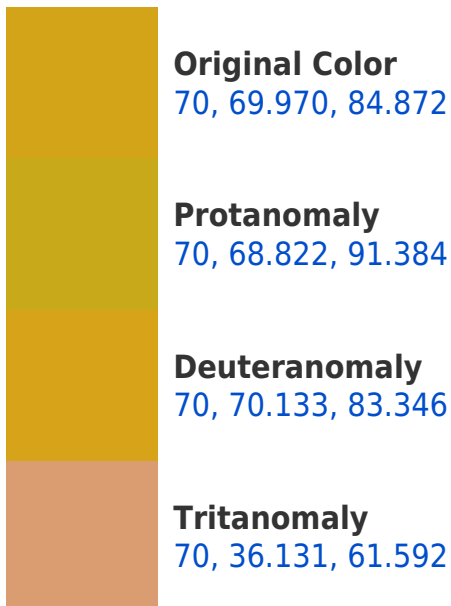
70, 69.967, 82.511



**Tritanopia**  
70, 26.970, 9.385



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 69.970, 84.872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 164, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 164, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 164, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 164, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 69.970, 84.872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 164, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 164, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 164, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 164, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 164, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 164,  
24) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 69.970, 84.872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 164, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
164, 24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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