

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 7.196, 136.715)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 7.196, 136.715) contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 7.421, 137.022)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(70, 7.421, 137.022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5AEA2
RGB	165, 174, 162
RGB Percent	65%, 68%, 64%
CMY	0.3539, 0.3186, 0.3657
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.07, 0.32
HSL	105°, 7%, 66%
HSV	105°, 7%, 68%
XYZ	37.0541, 40.7494, 39.9809
YIQ	169.9410, -1.5120, -5.6400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

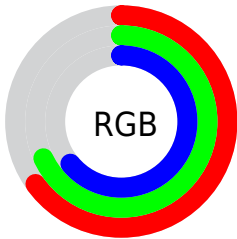
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	162, 174, 171
Decimal	10858146
CIELab	70.00, -5.43, 5.06
CIELCh	70, 7.421, 137.022
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3146, 0.3460
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289048226 (0xFFA5AEA2)
YUV	169.9410, -3.9149, -4.3333
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -8.0989, 7.5506

# Details

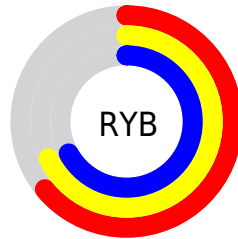
The CIELCh color  $70, 7.421, 137.022$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $68, 7.467, 317.563$ , and the grayscale version is  $70, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 7.041, 137.099$ , and  $50, 7.930, 136.895$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69, 18.254, 136.533$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $71, 3.317, 317.369$ .

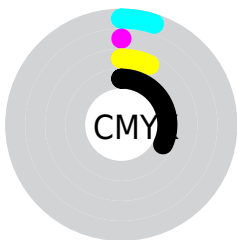
# Distribution



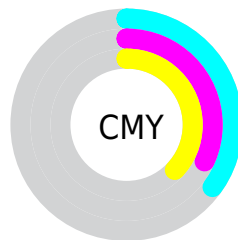
- Red (65%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70, 7.421, 137.022

■ 70, 7.421, 137.022

■ 100, 7.421,  
137.022

■ 60, 7.421, 137.022

■ 90, 7.421, 137.022

■ 50, 7.421, 137.022

■ 40, 7.421, 137.022

■ 30, 7.421, 137.022

■ 20, 7.421, 137.022

■ 10, 7.421, 137.022

■ 0, 7.421, 137.022

■ 70, 7.421, 137.022

■ 70, 7.421, 137.022

■ 69, 18.254,

■ 71, 3.317, 317.369

136.533

73, 13.899,  
317.776

67, 29.083,  
135.998

75, 24.278,  
318.099

66, 39.781,  
135.417

76, 34.426,  
318.374

65, 50.168,  
134.813

78, 44.326,  
318.609

64, 60.001,  
134.226

80, 48.984,  
321.811

64, 68.951,  
133.728

81, 50.809,  
326.179

63, 76.601,  
133.423

63, 82.498,  
133.437

62, 86.389,  
133.828



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 7.421, 137.022



68, 7.467, 317.563

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 7.421, 137.022



70, 7.421, 187.022



70, 7.421, 317.022



70, 7.421, 7.022

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 7.423, 137.024



90, 2.657, 137.293



70, 5.033, 96.401



48, 1.522, 137.302



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 7.423, 137.024



89, 10.693, 136.965



70, 6.726, 151.931



36, 6.083, 136.909



54, 78.469, 133.801



6, 13.007, 138.698



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 7.467, 317.563



85, 10.760, 317.619



68, 6.752, 332.736



34, 6.124, 317.671



29, 80.019, 319.126



2, 12.548, 314.687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

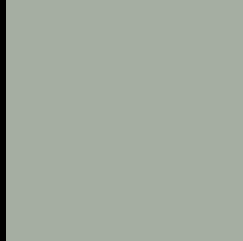
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

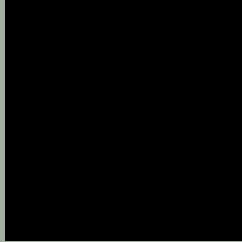
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

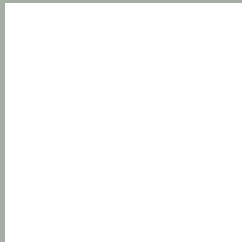
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 70, 7.421, 137.022**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 7.421, 137.022.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 7.421, 137.022


### Protanopia

70, 6.080, 83.089

### Deuteranopia

70, 9.813, 26.565





**Tritanopia**  
70, 7.696, 285.539

# Trichromacy



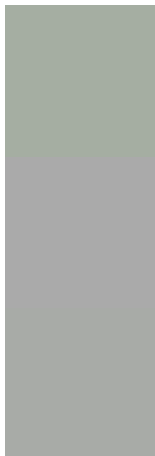
**Original Color**  
70, 7.421, 137.022

**Protanomaly**  
70, 5.501, 101.563

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 5.713, 48.188

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 3.094, 261.930

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 7.421, 137.022

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 2.470, 137.268

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 7.421, 137.022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 174, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 174, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 174, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 174, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 7.421, 137.022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 174, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 174, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 174, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 174, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 174, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 174,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 7.421, 137.022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 174, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
174, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor