

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 79.885, 145.220)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 79.885, 145.220)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 79.707, 145.208)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(70, 79.707, 145.208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02C552
RGB	2, 197, 82
RGB Percent	1%, 77%, 32%
CMY	0.9922, 0.2258, 0.6769
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.58, 0.23
HSL	145°, 98%, 39%
HSV	145°, 99%, 77%
XYZ	21.6231, 40.7494, 14.7839
YIQ	125.5850, -79.3050, -77.1050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

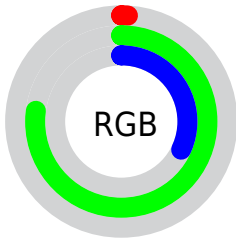
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	2, 140, 197
Decimal	181586
CIELab	70.00, -65.46, 45.48
CIELCh	70, 79.707, 145.208
Yxy	40.7494, 0.2803, 0.5281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278371666 (0xFF02C552)
YUV	125.5850, -21.4874, -108.3840
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -51.2478, 30.9535

# Details

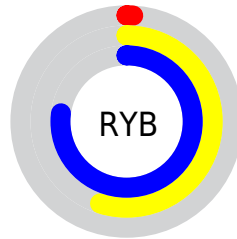
The CIELCh color **70, 79.707, 145.208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **43, 71.598, 353.737**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 79.403, 145.231**, and **51, 71.621, 139.068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 80.193, 145.003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 74.669, 147.348**.

# Distribution



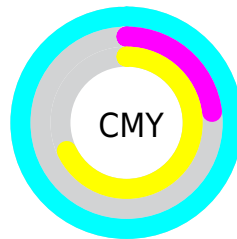
- Red (1%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (68%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70, 79.707,  
145.208

 70, 79.707,  
145.208

 100, 79.707,  
145.208

 60, 79.707,  
145.208

 90, 79.707,  
145.208

 50, 79.707,  
145.208

 40, 79.707,  
145.208

 30, 79.707,  
145.208

 20, 79.707,  
145.208

 10, 79.707,  
145.208

 0, 79.707, 145.208

■ 70, 79.707,  
145.208

■ 70, 79.707,  
145.208

■ 70, 80.193,  
145.003

■ 70, 74.669,  
147.348

■ 71, 68.792,  
149.380

■ 71, 62.007,  
151.219

■ 72, 54.379,  
152.855

■ 73, 46.030,  
154.293

■ 74, 37.118,  
155.554

■ 75, 27.810,  
156.660

■ 76, 18.268,

157.636

■ 78, 8.633, 158.517

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 79.707, 145.208



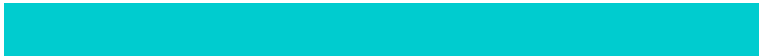
43, 71.598, 353.737

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 79.707, 145.208



70, 79.707, 195.208



70, 79.707, 325.208



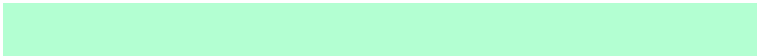
70, 79.707, 15.208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 79.707, 145.208



94, 35.399, 156.506



72, 86.793, 124.316



50, 24.079, 156.041



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 79.707, 145.208



88, 98.009, 144.641



72, 45.309, 182.330



41, 5.481, 158.483



59, 69.126, 145.336



11, 21.411, 152.539



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 71.598, 353.737



56, 86.682, 354.595



41, 81.407, 35.693



39, 5.528, 339.839



35, 62.379, 353.548



4, 18.868, 347.498



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 79.707, 145.208

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208.

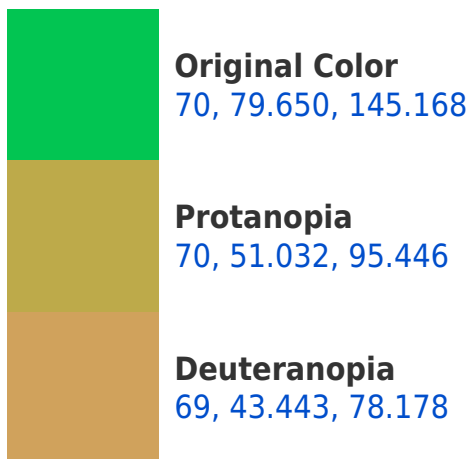


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 79.707, 145.208.

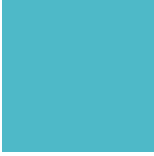
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
70, 30.961, 212.779

# Trichromacy



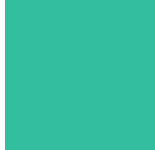
**Original Color**  
70, 79.650, 145.168



**Protanomaly**  
67, 58.886, 129.006



**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 48.868, 126.403



**Tritanomaly**  
69, 44.842, 172.090

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 79.650, 145.168



**Achromatopsia**  
53, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
57, 35.723, 154.584

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 79.707, 145.208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 197, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 197, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 197, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 197, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 79.707, 145.208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 197, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 197, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 197, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 197, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 197, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 197, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 79.707, 145.208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 197, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 197,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor