

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 8.664, 47.988)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 8.664, 47.988) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(70, 8.719, 45.841)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | BBA7A0 |
| RGB | 187, 167, 160 |
| RGB Percent | 73%, 65%, 63% |
| CMY | 0.2666, 0.3450, 0.3725 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.11, 0.14, 0.27 |
| HSL | 16°, 17%, 68% |
| HSV | 16°, 14%, 73% |
| XYZ | 40.6664, 40.7494, 38.9875 |
| YIQ | 172.1820, 14.1670, 2.0630 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

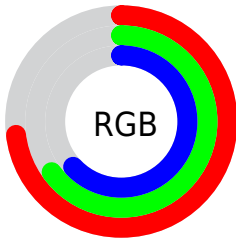
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 187, 169, 160 |
| Decimal | 12298144 |
| CIELab | 70.00, 6.07, 6.26 |
| CIElCh | 70, 8.719, 45.841 |
| Yxy | 40.7494, 0.3378, 0.3384 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290488224 (0xFFBBA7A0) |
| YUV | 172.1820, -6.0057, 12.9954 |
| Hunter-Lab | 63.8353, 2.0021, 8.4732 |

Details

The CIELCh color $70, 8.719, 45.841$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $72, 8.003, 227.495$, and the grayscale version is $70, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90, 8.545, 44.863$, and $50, 8.778, 43.546$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66, 15.356, 45.528$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 2.576, 46.154$.

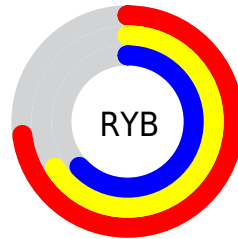
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (65%)

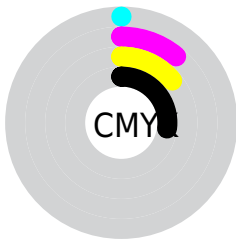
Blue (63%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (63%)

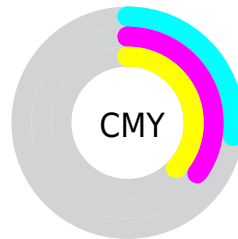


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

70, 8.719, 45.841

70, 8.719, 45.841

100, 8.719, 45.841

60, 8.719, 45.841

90, 8.719, 45.841

50, 8.719, 45.841

40, 8.719, 45.841

30, 8.719, 45.841

20, 8.719, 45.841

10, 8.719, 45.841

0, 8.719, 45.841

70, 8.719, 45.841

70, 8.719, 45.841

66, 15.356, 45.528

74, 2.576, 46.154

62, 22.530, 45.293

78, 3.118, 227.002

58, 30.263, 45.187

82, 8.414, 227.437

55, 38.546, 45.236

87, 13.357,
227.976

51, 47.305, 45.443

91, 17.990,
228.543

48, 56.338, 45.758

46, 65.169, 46.005

94, 20.458,
205.260

43, 72.776, 45.742

96, 21.973,
198.064

42, 76.510, 45.599

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 8.719, 45.841



72, 8.003, 227.495

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 8.719, 45.841



70, 8.719, 95.841



70, 8.719, 225.841



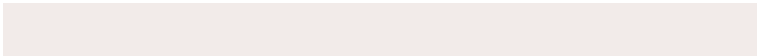
70, 8.719, 275.841

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 8.718, 45.856



94, 2.861, 46.154



69, 15.063, 333.260



50, 2.056, 46.152



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 8.718, 45.856



87, 12.810, 45.756



73, 11.233, 95.518



38, 3.379, 46.035



36, 67.249, 45.982



4, 10.507, 37.137

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 8.003, 227.495



90, 11.543, 227.703



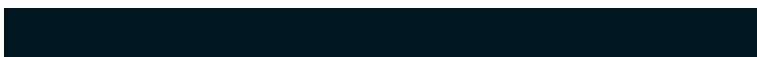
68, 11.345, 279.091



39, 3.203, 227.177



46, 32.240, 247.551



6, 9.509, 238.872

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

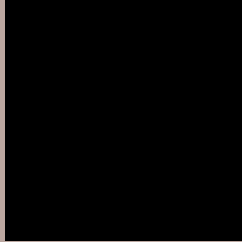
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 8.719, 45.841

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 8.719, 45.841.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70, 8.719, 45.841

Protanopia

70, 4.926, 81.692

Deuteranopia

70, 10.974, 34.576



Tritanopia
70, 11.847, 343.652

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 8.719, 45.841

Protanomaly
70, 6.095, 65.238

Deuteranomaly
70, 9.985, 39.176

Tritanomaly
70, 9.398, 359.860

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 8.719, 45.841

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 2.872, 41.760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 8.719, 45.841 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 167, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 167, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 167, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 167, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 8.719, 45.841 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 167, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 167, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 167, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 167, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 167, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 167,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 8.719, 45.841 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 167, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
167, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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