

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 81.055, 68.461)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 81.055, 68.461) contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 81.000, 68.272)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(70, 81.000, 68.272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F79300
RGB	247, 147, 0
RGB Percent	97%, 58%, 0%
CMY	0.0304, 0.4227, 0.9981
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 1.00, 0.03
HSL	36°, 100%, 49%
HSV	36°, 100%, 97%
XYZ	48.9112, 40.7494, 5.3014
YIQ	160.1420, 106.7870, -24.5170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

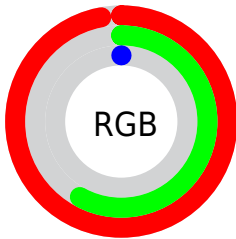
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 247, 0
Decimal	16225024
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.00, 29.99, 75.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 81.000, 68.272
Yxy	40.7494, 0.5151, 0.4291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294415104 (0xFFFF79300)
YUV	160.1420, -78.9500, 76.1745
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 25.0566, 39.7608

# Details

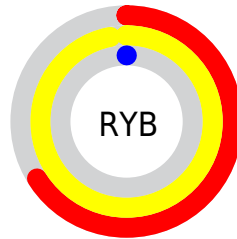
The CIELCh color **70, 81.000, 68.272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9900**. The color can be described as middle saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **47, 86.003, 292.716**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 67.312, 83.982**, and **50, 66.149, 62.424** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 81.069, 68.218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 77.157, 71.080**.

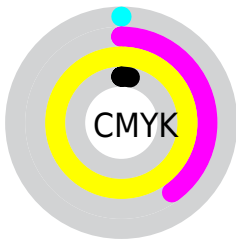
# Distribution



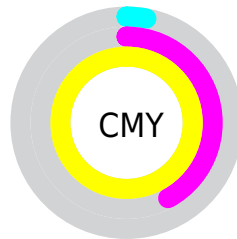
- Red (97%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70, 81.000, 68.272

70, 81.000, 68.272

100, 81.000,  
68.272

60, 81.000, 68.272

90, 81.000, 68.272

50, 81.000, 68.272

40, 81.000, 68.272

30, 81.000, 68.272

20, 81.000, 68.272

10, 81.000, 68.272

0, 81.000, 68.272

70, 81.000, 68.272

70, 81.000, 68.272

70, 81.069, 68.218

72, 77.157, 71.080

75, 70.805, 73.292

77, 62.624, 75.093

80, 53.556, 76.684

83, 44.197, 78.170

85, 34.866, 79.599

88, 25.719, 80.986

91, 16.820, 82.334

94, 8.191, 83.630

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 81.000, 68.272



47, 86.003, 292.716

# Rectangle

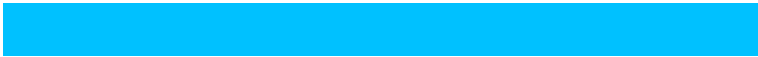
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 81.000, 68.272



70, 81.000, 118.272



70, 81.000, 248.272



70, 81.000, 298.272

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 80.998, 68.274



91, 26.558, 80.952



53, 82.718, 10.980



47, 18.237, 80.370



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 80.998, 68.274



72, 83.000, 68.157



93, 95.127, 108.047



50, 4.709, 83.670



54, 65.426, 68.875



16, 24.999, 71.244





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 86.003, 292.716



48, 88.387, 292.859



32, 130.203, 306.476



48, 4.668, 266.244



35, 68.357, 292.056



9, 26.182, 285.628



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 81.000, 68.272

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 81.000, 68.272.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 81.000, 68.272

### Protanopia

70, 70.317, 95.291

### Deuteranopia

70, 74.185, 83.279



**Tritanopia**  
70, 47.185, 18.053



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 81.000, 68.272

**Protanomaly**  
70, 72.051, 84.389

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 75.954, 77.313

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 57.141, 48.791

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 81.000, 68.272

**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 33.621, 78.172

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 81.000, 68.272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 147, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 147, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 147, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 147, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 81.000, 68.272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 147, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 147, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 147, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 147, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 147, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 147,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 81.000, 68.272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 147, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
147, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor