

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 9.297, 321.099)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(70, 9.297, 321.099) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(70, 9.577, 321.125)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4A7B6
RGB	180, 167, 182
RGB Percent	71%, 65%, 71%
CMY	0.2939, 0.3448, 0.2860
CMYK	0.01, 0.08, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	292°, 9%, 68%
HSV	292°, 8%, 71%
XYZ	41.1155, 40.7494, 49.9867
YIQ	172.5970, 2.9330, 7.4210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

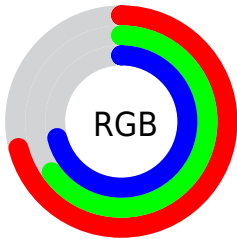
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	180, 167, 182
Decimal	11839414
CIE Lab	70.00, 7.46, -6.01
CIE LCh	70, 9.577, 321.125
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3118, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290029494 (0xFFB4A7B6)
YUV	172.5970, 4.6357, 6.4924
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 3.2578, -1.7428

# Details

The CIELCh color  $70, 9.577, 321.125$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $73, 9.537, 140.387$ , and the grayscale version is  $71, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 9.729, 321.297$ , and  $50, 9.511, 320.959$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 21.340, 321.603$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 2.018, 140.791$ .

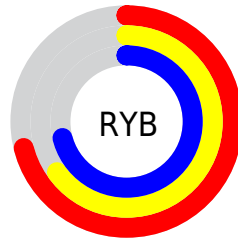
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (65%)

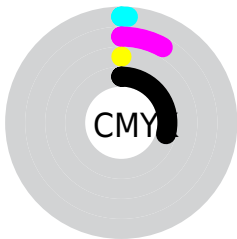
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (71%)

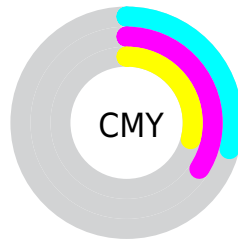


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70, 9.577, 321.125

 70, 9.577, 321.125

 100, 9.577,  
321.125

 60, 9.577, 321.125

 90, 9.577, 321.125

 50, 9.577, 321.125

 40, 9.577, 321.125

 30, 9.577, 321.125

 20, 9.577, 321.125

 10, 9.577, 321.125

 0, 9.577, 321.125

 70, 9.577, 321.125

 70, 9.577, 321.125

 65, 21.340,

 75, 2.018, 140.791

321.603

80, 13.359,  
140.258

60, 33.143,  
322.068

85, 24.402,  
139.828

56, 44.780,  
322.508

90, 35.127,  
139.427

52, 55.958,  
322.902

94, 43.705,  
138.966

48, 66.285,  
323.223

95, 43.247,  
138.066

45, 75.285,  
323.438

95, 42.798,  
137.139

42, 82.463,  
323.515

95, 42.358,  
136.184

40, 87.428,  
323.423

95, 41.928,  
135.202

39, 90.228,  
323.163



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 9.577, 321.125



73, 9.537, 140.387

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 9.577, 321.125



70, 9.577, 11.125



70, 9.577, 141.125



70, 9.577, 191.125

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 9.575, 321.124



93, 2.873, 320.770



70, 7.028, 284.193



50, 1.647, 320.760



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 9.575, 321.124



88, 14.430, 321.219



70, 7.796, 336.921



36, 6.636, 321.178



33, 80.693, 323.173



3, 17.681, 319.086



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 5.842, 9.086



87, 8.843, 9.283



73, 7.749, 155.829



36, 4.059, 9.199



32, 66.640, 33.285

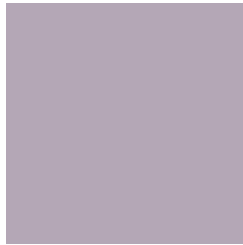


2, 10.764, 11.349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

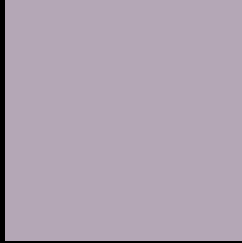
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

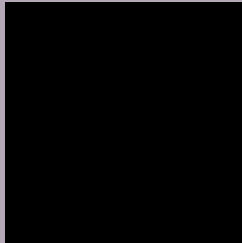
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 9.577, 321.125

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 9.577, 321.125.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70, 9.577, 321.125

### Protanopia

70, 7.674, 290.949

### Deuteranopia

70, 10.856, 326.553





**Tritanopia**  
70, 8.657, 324.805

# Trichromacy



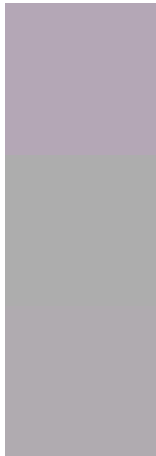
**Original Color**  
70, 9.577, 321.125

**Protanomaly**  
70, 7.919, 304.327

**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 10.643, 324.895

**Tritanomaly**  
70, 9.112, 322.870

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 9.577, 321.125

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 3.337, 324.525

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 9.577, 321.125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 167, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 167, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 167, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 167, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 9.577, 321.125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 167, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 167, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 167, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 167, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 167, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 167,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 9.577, 321.125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 167, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
167, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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