

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 9.440, 110.423)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 9.440, 110.423) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(70, 9.263, 109.237)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAC9B
RGB	172, 172, 155
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 61%
CMY	0.3247, 0.3247, 0.3914
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.32
HSL	60°, 9%, 64%
HSV	60°, 10%, 68%
XYZ	37.7823, 40.7494, 36.9721
YIQ	170.0620, 5.4570, -5.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

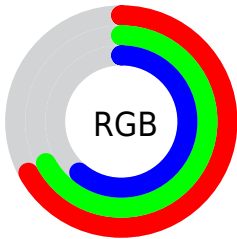
Format	Color
RYB	155, 172, 155
Decimal	11316379
CIELab	70.00, -3.05, 8.75
CIELCh	70, 9.263, 109.237
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3271, 0.3528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289506459 (0xFFACAC9B)
YUV	170.0620, -7.4256, 1.6996
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -6.0625, 10.3452

Details

The CIELCh color $70, 9.263, 109.237$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 9.477, 291.195$, and the grayscale version is $70, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90, 9.314, 109.408$, and $50, 9.304, 108.949$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70, 18.595, 108.292$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 0.125, 290.656$.

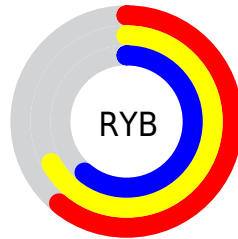
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

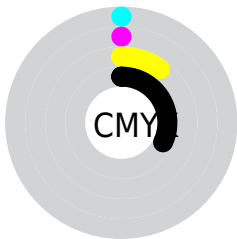
Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (61%)

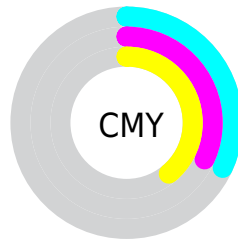


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70, 9.263, 109.237

■ 70, 9.263, 109.237

■ 100, 9.263,
109.237

■ 60, 9.263, 109.237

■ 90, 9.263, 109.237

■ 50, 9.263, 109.237

■ 40, 9.263, 109.237

■ 30, 9.263, 109.237

■ 20, 9.263, 109.237

■ 10, 9.263, 109.237

■ 0, 9.263, 109.237

■ 70, 9.263, 109.237

■ 70, 9.263, 109.237

■ 70, 18.595,

■ 70, 0.125, 290.656

108.292

71, 9.531, 291.128

69, 27.801,
107.341

71, 18.925,
292.020

69, 36.782,
106.411

72, 28.285,
292.880

69, 45.381,
105.525

73, 37.597,
293.701

69, 53.364,
104.712

73, 44.961,
294.325

68, 60.396,
104.009

73, 44.961,
294.326

68, 66.055,
103.453

73, 44.961,
294.327

68, 69.933,
103.080

73, 44.961,
294.328

68, 72.181,
102.866

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 9.263, 109.237



65, 9.477, 291.195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 9.263, 109.237



70, 9.263, 159.237



70, 9.263, 289.237



70, 9.263, 339.237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 9.265, 109.245



89, 3.487, 109.879



65, 6.637, 19.954



47, 2.642, 109.808



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 9.265, 109.245



89, 13.956, 109.024



69, 9.876, 128.649



37, 5.341, 109.299



60, 65.376, 102.863



7, 11.345, 110.187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 9.477, 291.195



80, 14.346, 291.456



65, 10.016, 309.494



33, 5.457, 291.133



17, 90.271, 306.288



1, 11.347, 290.184

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

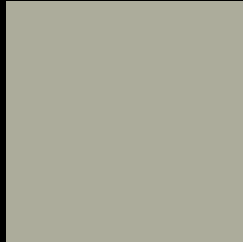
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

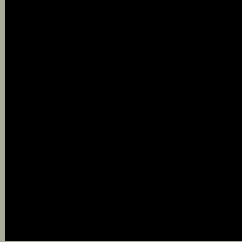
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

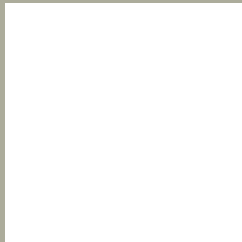
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 9.263, 109.237

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 9.263, 109.237.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


70, 9.263, 109.237

Protanopia

70, 9.268, 89.439

Deuteranopia

70, 11.945, 41.571



Tritanopia
70, 8.264, 311.829

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 9.263, 109.237

Protanomaly
70, 9.463, 97.266

Deuteranomaly
70, 9.377, 63.878

Tritanomaly
70, 2.194, 349.481

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 9.263, 109.237

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 3.271, 109.831

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 9.263, 109.237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 172, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 172, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 172, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 172, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 9.263, 109.237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 172, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 172, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 172, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 172, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 172, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 172,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 9.263, 109.237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 172, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
172, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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