

Converting Colors

CIELCh(70, 92.531, 136.229)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(70, 92.531, 136.229)
contains.

CIELCh(70, 92.272, 136.289)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(70, 92.272, 136.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2CC522
RGB	44, 197, 34
RGB Percent	17%, 77%, 13%
CMY	0.8287, 0.2259, 0.8686
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.83, 0.23
HSL	116°, 71%, 45%
HSV	116°, 83%, 77%
XYZ	21.3607, 40.7494, 8.2159
YIQ	132.6710, -38.8650, -83.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

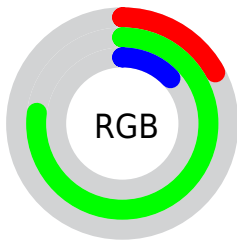
Format	Color
RYB	34, 197, 187
Decimal	2934050
CIELab	70.00, -66.70, 63.76
CIELCh	70, 92.272, 136.289
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3037, 0.5794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281124130 (0xFF2CC522)
YUV	132.6710, -48.6448, -77.7645
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, -51.9816, 37.0538

Details

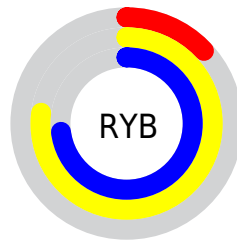
The CIELCh color **70, 92.272, 136.289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **47, 90.501, 325.912**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 92.043, 136.239**, and **51, 77.464, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 96.657, 135.922**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 85.379, 136.982**.

Distribution



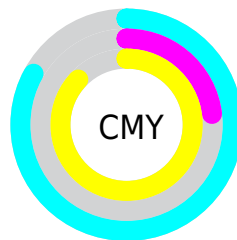
- Red (17%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (23%)





- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70, 92.272,
136.289


 70, 92.272,
136.289


 100, 92.272,
136.289


 60, 92.272,
136.289


 90, 92.272,
136.289

 50, 92.272,
136.289

 40, 92.272,
136.289

 30, 92.272,
136.289

 20, 92.272,
136.289

 10, 92.272,
136.289

 0, 92.272, 136.289

■ 70, 92.272,
136.289

■ 70, 92.272,
136.289

■ 70, 96.657,
135.922

■ 70, 85.379,
136.982

■ 70, 98.451,
135.777

■ 71, 76.398,
137.874

■ 72, 65.858,
138.833

■ 73, 54.242,
139.769

■ 74, 41.950,
140.629

■ 76, 29.296,
141.394

■ 77, 16.520,
142.063

■ 79, 3.802, 142.679

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 92.272, 136.289



47, 90.501, 325.912

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 92.272, 136.289



70, 92.272, 186.289



70, 92.272, 316.289



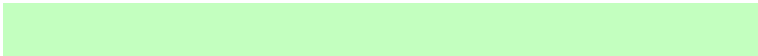
70, 92.272, 6.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 92.272, 136.290



95, 39.168, 141.223



74, 71.535, 99.425



50, 26.711, 140.953



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 92.272, 136.290



88, 119.478, 135.834



70, 69.858, 149.547



41, 7.224, 142.285



58, 85.424, 135.717



11, 26.138, 142.410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 90.501, 325.912



58, 115.980, 325.759



45, 68.444, 350.952



39, 7.242, 323.224



37, 83.045, 325.829



4, 26.038, 324.511

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 92.272, 136.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 92.272, 136.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70, 91.978, 136.313

Protanopia

69, 68.251, 95.192

Deuteranopia

69, 60.872, 81.731



Tritanopia
70, 28.315, 214.461

Trichromacy



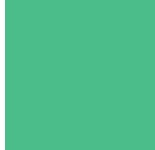
Original Color
70, 91.978, 136.313



Protanomaly
68, 72.972, 117.950



Deuteranomaly
67, 64.074, 112.842



Tritanomaly
69, 47.019, 160.352

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 91.978, 136.313



Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
59, 39.500, 140.146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 92.272, 136.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 197, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 197, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 197, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 197, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 92.272, 136.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 197, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 197, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 197, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 197, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 197, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 197,  
34) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 92.272, 136.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 197, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 197,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor