

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 1.255, 95.788)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 1.255, 95.788) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(71, 1.665, 96.869)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFAEAB
RGB	175, 174, 171
RGB Percent	69%, 68%, 67%
CMY	0.3147, 0.3186, 0.3304
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.31
HSL	45°, 2%, 68%
HSV	45°, 2%, 69%
XYZ	40.0341, 42.1875, 44.4330
YIQ	173.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

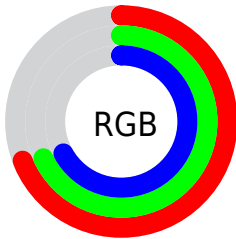
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	172, 175, 171
Decimal	11513515
CIELab	71.00, -0.20, 1.65
CIELCh	71, 1.665, 96.869
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3161, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289703595 (0xFFAFAEAB)
YUV	173.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -3.6446, 4.9066

# Details

The CIELCh color  $71, 1.665, 96.869$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $70, 1.685, 277.648$ , and the grayscale version is  $71, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $91, 1.579, 96.898$ , and  $51, 1.779, 96.797$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69, 9.041, 95.834$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73, 5.614, 278.180$ .

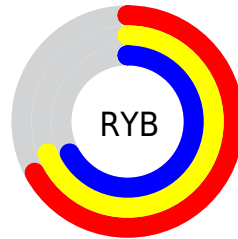
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (68%)

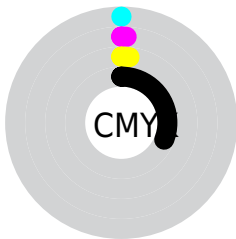
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (67%)

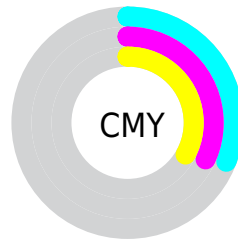


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71, 1.665, 96.869      ■ 71, 1.665, 96.869

100, 1.665, 96.869      ■ 61, 1.665, 96.869

■ 91, 1.665, 96.869      ■ 51, 1.665, 96.869

■ 41, 1.665, 96.869

■ 31, 1.665, 96.869

■ 21, 1.665, 96.869

■ 11, 1.665, 96.869

■ 1, 1.665, 96.869

■ 0, 1.665, 96.869

■ 71, 1.665, 96.869      ■ 71, 1.665, 96.869

69, 9.041, 95.834	73, 5.614, 278.180
68, 16.496, 94.633	74, 12.798, 279.243
66, 24.004, 93.392	76, 19.884, 280.269
65, 31.506, 92.119	78, 26.877, 281.248
63, 38.896, 90.816	79, 32.168, 281.394
62, 45.985, 89.481	80, 30.075, 277.639
61, 52.453, 88.095	82, 28.127, 273.377
60, 57.805, 86.616	83, 26.353, 268.550
58, 61.421, 84.963	84, 24.787, 263.112



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 1.665, 96.869



70, 1.685, 277.648

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 1.665, 96.869



71, 1.665, 146.869



71, 1.665, 276.869



71, 1.665, 326.869

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 1.666, 96.922



90, 0.894, 96.940



70, 1.613, 359.447



48, 0.512, 96.933



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 1.666, 96.922



90, 2.707, 96.860



71, 2.206, 119.784



36, 1.643, 96.796



50, 56.641, 83.846



5, 7.977, 91.237

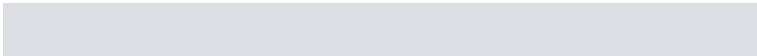


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 1.685, 277.648



88, 2.731, 277.714



70, 2.232, 300.036



36, 1.657, 277.780



22, 73.337, 300.144



2, 9.158, 280.208



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

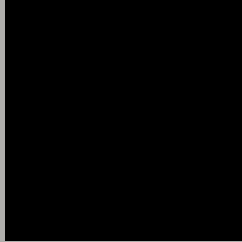
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

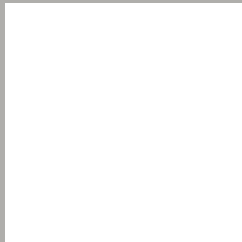
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 1.665, 96.869

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 1.665, 96.869.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 1.665, 96.869


### Protanopia

71, 2.489, 60.263

### Deuteranopia

71, 9.076, 6.329





**Tritanopia**  
71, 7.365, 305.285

# Trichromacy



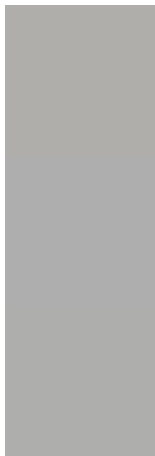
**Original Color**  
71, 1.665, 96.869

**Protanomaly**  
71, 2.214, 66.714

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 5.823, 9.076

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 4.000, 306.694

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 1.665, 96.869

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 0.536, 110.016

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 1.665, 96.869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 174, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 174, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 174, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 174, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 1.665, 96.869 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 174, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 174, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 174, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 174, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 174, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 174,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 1.665, 96.869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 174, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
174, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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