

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 16.755, 242.084)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 16.755, 242.084)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 16.765, 242.107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DB3C8
RGB	141, 179, 200
RGB Percent	55%, 70%, 78%
CMY	0.4462, 0.2972, 0.2148
CMYK	0.29, 0.10, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	201°, 35%, 67%
HSV	201°, 29%, 79%
XYZ	37.6343, 42.1875, 60.9366
YIQ	170.0320, -29.3890, -1.5250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

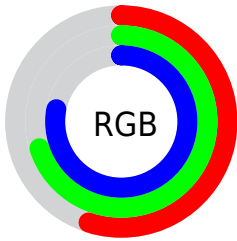
Format	Color
RYB	141, 164, 200
Decimal	9286600
CIELab	71.00, -7.84, -14.82
CIElCh	71, 16.765, 242.107
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2674, 0.2997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287476680 (0xFF8DB3C8)
YUV	170.0320, 14.7742, -25.4611
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -10.2398, -10.1584

Details

The CIELCh color $71, 16.765, 242.107$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $70, 19.549, 56.017$, and the grayscale version is $70, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91, 16.151, 238.935$, and $51, 16.756, 242.942$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 21.889, 243.915$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 11.318, 240.647$.

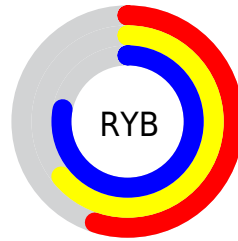
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (70%)

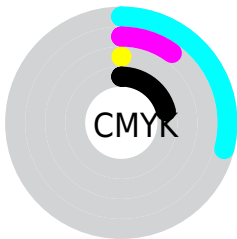
Blue (78%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (78%)

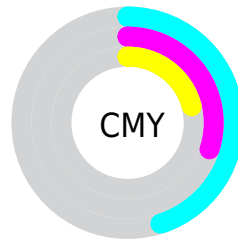


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (30%)


Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 16.765,
242.107


 71, 16.765,
242.107


 100, 16.765,
242.107


 61, 16.765,
242.107


 91, 16.765,
242.107

 51, 16.765,
242.107

 41, 16.765,
242.107

 31, 16.765,
242.107

 21, 16.765,
242.107

 11, 16.765,
242.107

 1, 16.765, 242.107

■ 0, 16.765, 242.107

■ 71, 16.765,
242.107

■ 71, 16.765,
242.107

■ 68, 21.889,
243.915

■ 74, 11.318,
240.647

■ 65, 26.640,
246.157

■ 78, 5.608, 239.500

■ 62, 30.984,
248.913

■ 81, 0.313, 56.937

■ 84, 6.394, 57.589

■ 59, 34.915,
252.259

■ 88, 12.593, 56.980

■ 57, 38.480,
256.244

■ 91, 16.939, 61.354

■ 92, 17.881, 75.555

■ 54, 41.783,
260.850

■ 94, 19.790, 87.598

■ 52, 45.020,
265.852

■ 96, 22.406, 97.100

■ 52, 45.198,
266.108

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 16.765, 242.107



70, 19.549, 56.017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 16.765, 242.107



71, 16.765, 292.107



71, 16.765, 62.107



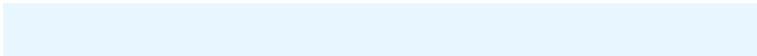
71, 16.765, 112.107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 16.764, 242.103



96, 6.489, 239.467



76, 29.992, 153.931



51, 4.498, 239.614



0, 0.000, 0.000



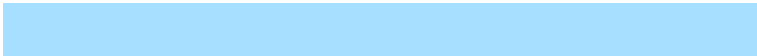
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 16.764, 242.103



86, 23.871, 243.148



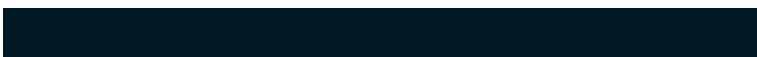
63, 28.126, 287.231



40, 3.340, 239.491



42, 38.450, 265.272



7, 11.915, 253.753

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 30.327, 338.912



78, 43.759, 339.453



77, 26.875, 99.977



39, 5.749, 337.276



36, 64.071, 348.948



4, 19.651, 344.041

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

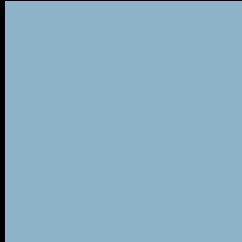
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

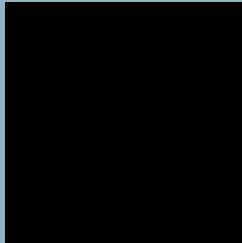
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

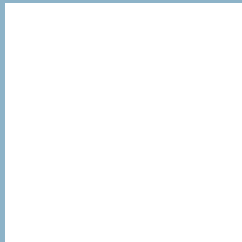
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 16.765, 242.107

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107.

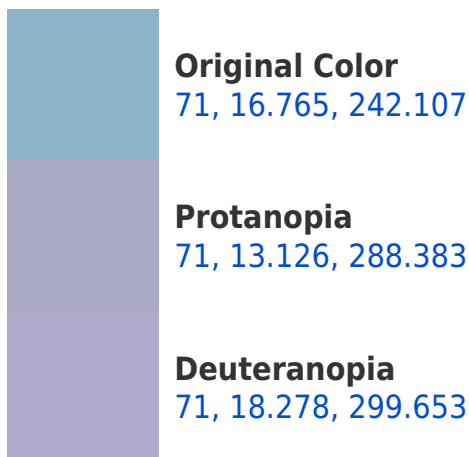


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 16.765, 242.107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
71, 15.533, 230.531

Trichromacy



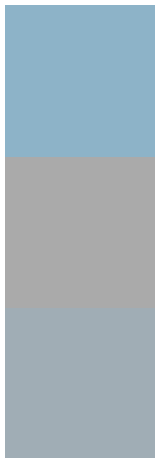
Original Color
71, 16.765, 242.107

Protanomaly
71, 13.455, 268.674

Deuteranomaly
71, 15.599, 278.890

Tritanomaly
71, 16.036, 234.131

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 16.765, 242.107

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 6.353, 242.881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 16.765, 242.107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 179, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 179, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 179, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 179, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 16.765, 242.107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 179, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 179, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 179, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 179, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 179, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 179,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 16.765, 242.107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 179, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
179, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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