

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 26.682, 141.167)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 26.682, 141.167)
contains.

CIELCh(71, 26.682, 141.167)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(71, 26.682, 141.167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92B88F
RGB	146, 184, 143
RGB Percent	57%, 72%, 56%
CMY	0.4288, 0.2798, 0.4405
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.22, 0.28
HSL	116°, 22%, 64%
HSV	116°, 22%, 72%
XYZ	33.7933, 42.1875, 32.2149
YIQ	167.9640, -9.4870, -20.8070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

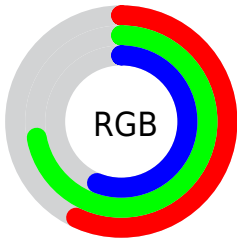
Format	Color
RYB	143, 184, 181
Decimal	9615503
CIELab	71.00, -20.78, 16.73
CIELCh	71, 26.682, 141.167
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3123, 0.3899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287805583 (0xFF92B88F)
YUV	167.9640, -12.3073, -19.2624
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -20.7955, 16.0596

Details

The CIELCh color $71, 26.682, 141.167$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $64, 26.782, 323.563$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91, 26.630, 141.530$, and $51, 26.491, 141.254$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70, 38.594, 140.428$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73, 14.678, 141.815$.

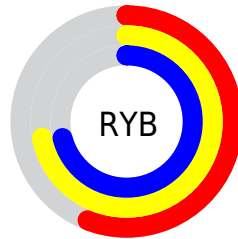
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (72%)

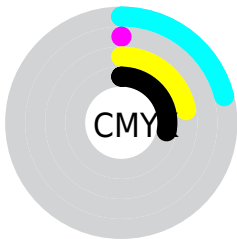
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (71%)

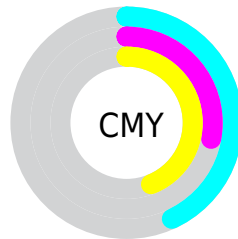


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (43%)


Magenta (28%)


Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 26.682,
141.167


 71, 26.682,
141.167


 100, 26.682,
141.167


 61, 26.682,
141.167


 91, 26.682,
141.167

 51, 26.682,
141.167

 41, 26.682,
141.167

 31, 26.682,
141.167

 21, 26.682,
141.167

 11, 26.682,
141.167

 1, 26.682, 141.167

■ 0, 26.682, 141.167

■ 71, 26.682,
141.167

■ 71, 26.682,
141.167

■ 70, 38.594,
140.428

■ 73, 14.678,
141.815

■ 68, 50.194,
139.598

■ 74, 2.737, 142.433

■ 67, 61.200,
138.695

■ 76, 9.025, 322.794

■ 67, 71.254,
137.767

■ 78, 20.531,
323.207

■ 66, 79.911,
136.902

■ 80, 31.731,
323.549

■ 66, 86.678,
136.224

■ 82, 42.599,
323.837

■ 83, 44.706,

■ 65, 91.137,
135.859

325.973

■ 65, 93.206,
135.704

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 26.682, 141.167



64, 26.782, 323.563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 26.682, 141.167



71, 26.682, 191.167



71, 26.682, 321.167



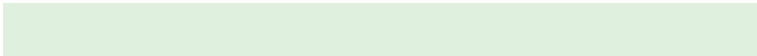
71, 26.682, 11.167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 26.684, 141.167



93, 10.321, 142.123



73, 20.271, 104.297



49, 6.706, 142.089



97, 0.011, 296.813



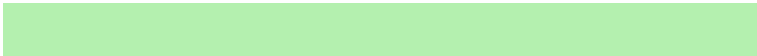
50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 26.684, 141.167



89, 40.083, 140.800



71, 20.154, 157.581



38, 6.737, 141.993



56, 82.376, 135.641



8, 18.571, 143.007

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 26.782, 323.563



79, 40.245, 323.815



64, 20.518, 341.198



36, 6.756, 322.908



35, 80.230, 325.418



3, 18.157, 321.640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

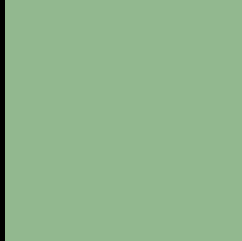
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

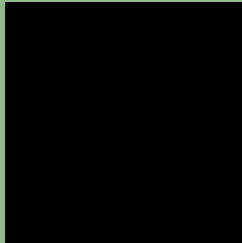
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 26.682, 141.167

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 26.682, 141.167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
71, 26.682, 141.167

Protanopia
71, 19.513, 94.978

Deuteranopia
71, 17.759, 59.925



Tritanopia
71, 10.929, 243.538

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 26.682, 141.167

Protanomaly
71, 20.215, 116.140

Deuteranomaly
71, 15.462, 98.184

Tritanomaly
71, 10.776, 180.800

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 26.682, 141.167

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
70, 9.828, 142.210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 26.682, 141.167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 184, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 184, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 184, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 184, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 26.682, 141.167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 184, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 184, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 184, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 184, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 184, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 184,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 26.682, 141.167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 184, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
184, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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