

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 27.736, 82.444)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 27.736, 82.444) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(71, 27.736, 82.444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6AA7C
RGB	198, 170, 124
RGB Percent	78%, 67%, 49%
CMY	0.2237, 0.3335, 0.5139
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.37, 0.22
HSL	37°, 39%, 63%
HSV	37°, 37%, 78%
XYZ	41.2793, 42.1875, 25.0224
YIQ	173.1280, 31.4540, -8.3700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

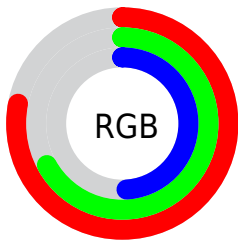
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	169, 198, 124
Decimal	13019772
CIELab	71.00, 3.65, 27.50
CIELCh	71, 27.736, 82.444
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3805, 0.3889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291209852 (0xFFC6AA7C)
YUV	173.1280, -24.2201, 21.8127
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -0.2225, 22.6251

# Details

The CIELCh color **71, 27.736, 82.444** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **62, 26.908, 273.602**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 27.523, 82.756**, and **51, 27.526, 82.126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 35.545, 81.047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 20.059, 83.811**.

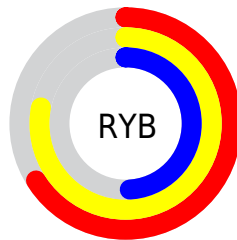
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (67%)

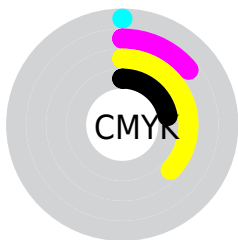
Blue (49%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (49%)

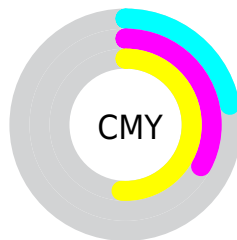


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71, 27.736, 82.444

■ 71, 27.736, 82.444

■ 100, 27.736,  
82.444

■ 61, 27.736, 82.444

■ 91, 27.736, 82.444

■ 51, 27.736, 82.444

■ 41, 27.736, 82.444

■ 31, 27.736, 82.444

■ 21, 27.736, 82.444

■ 11, 27.736, 82.444

■ 1, 27.736, 82.444

■ 0, 27.736, 82.444

■ 71, 27.736, 82.444

■ 71, 27.736, 82.444

69, 35.545, 81.047

73, 20.059, 83.811

67, 43.373, 79.594

76, 12.560, 85.130

64, 50.997, 78.059

78, 5.257, 86.387

62, 58.003, 76.369

81, 1.853, 267.828

61, 63.713, 74.381

83, 8.779, 268.907

59, 67.406, 71.901

86, 15.536,  
270.038

58, 68.267, 71.244

88, 18.581,  
266.161

90, 16.454,  
251.840

92, 15.563,  
234.844

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 27.736, 82.444



62, 26.908, 273.602

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 27.736, 82.444



71, 27.736, 132.444



71, 27.736, 262.444



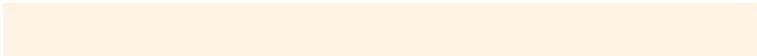
71, 27.736, 312.444

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 27.737, 82.449



97, 9.678, 85.922



61, 32.747, 354.590



51, 6.516, 85.749



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 27.737, 82.449



87, 41.394, 81.289



78, 38.885, 111.823



41, 4.067, 86.143



49, 59.129, 71.738



9, 13.500, 73.153





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 26.908, 273.602



74, 39.947, 275.556



56, 42.621, 298.627



39, 4.046, 268.640



30, 64.370, 293.506



4, 15.972, 278.700



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 27.736, 82.444

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 27.736, 82.444.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 27.736, 82.444

### Protanopia

71, 26.501, 95.769

### Deuteranopia

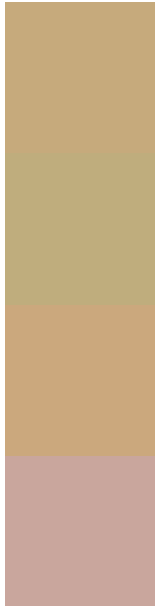
71, 28.454, 72.399



**Tritanopia**  
71, 16.832, 356.214



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 27.736, 82.444

**Protanomaly**  
71, 27.065, 91.388

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 27.874, 75.760

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 14.828, 39.644

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 27.736, 82.444

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 10.047, 86.163

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 27.736, 82.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 170, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 170, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 170, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 170, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 27.736, 82.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 170, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 170, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 170, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 170, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 170, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 170,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 27.736, 82.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 170, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
170, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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