

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 3.353, 226.005)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 3.353, 226.005) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(71, 3.345, 228.698)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7AFB2
RGB	167, 175, 178
RGB Percent	65%, 69%, 70%
CMY	0.3444, 0.3130, 0.3012
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	196°, 7%, 68%
HSV	196°, 6%, 70%
XYZ	39.3939, 42.1875, 48.2825
YIQ	172.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

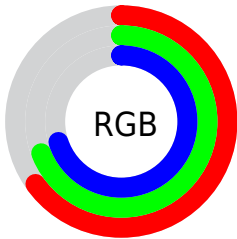
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 172, 178
Decimal	10989490
CIELab	71.00, -2.21, -2.51
CIELCh	71, 3.345, 228.698
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3033, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289179570 (0xFFA7AFB2)
YUV	172.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -5.4040, 1.3926

# Details

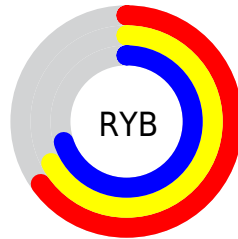
The CIELCh color **71, 3.345, 228.698** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **70, 3.457, 47.697**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 3.494, 225.837**, and **51, 3.318, 219.801** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 8.562, 229.317**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 2.105, 47.732**.

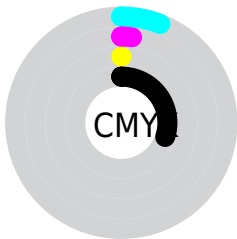
# Distribution



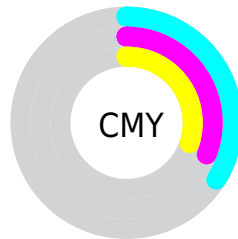
- Red (65%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71, 3.345, 228.698

■ 71, 3.345, 228.698

■ 100, 3.345,  
228.698

■ 61, 3.345, 228.698

■ 91, 3.345, 228.698

■ 51, 3.345, 228.698

■ 41, 3.345, 228.698

■ 31, 3.345, 228.698

■ 21, 3.345, 228.698

■ 11, 3.345, 228.698

■ 1, 3.345, 228.698

■ 0, 3.345, 228.698

■ 71, 3.345, 228.698

■ 71, 3.345, 228.698

68, 8.562, 229.317

74, 2.105, 47.732

66, 13.485,  
230.253

76, 7.734, 47.464

63, 18.044,  
231.475

79, 13.495, 47.164

82, 19.351, 46.931

61, 22.171,  
233.047

85, 24.805, 47.253

59, 25.806,  
235.048

86, 24.443, 54.185

87, 24.456, 61.211

57, 28.907,  
237.567

88, 24.842, 68.110

55, 31.471,  
240.691

89, 25.582, 74.685

53, 33.546,  
244.485

51, 35.256,  
248.935



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 3.345, 228.698



70, 3.457, 47.697

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 3.345, 228.698



71, 3.345, 278.698



71, 3.345, 48.698



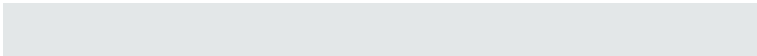
71, 3.345, 98.698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 3.345, 228.666



91, 1.356, 228.698



72, 6.061, 152.614



49, 0.778, 228.716



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813



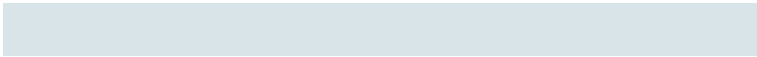


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 3.345, 228.666



90, 4.690, 228.709



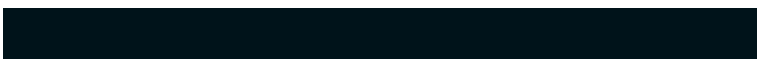
70, 4.709, 279.089



37, 2.451, 228.726



44, 31.954, 250.024



5, 7.522, 240.325



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 6.061, 333.549



88, 8.522, 333.618



72, 4.672, 97.588



36, 4.457, 333.643



34, 64.362, 342.628

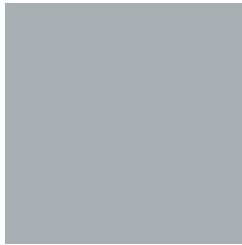


2, 12.490, 337.313



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

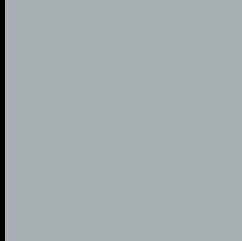
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

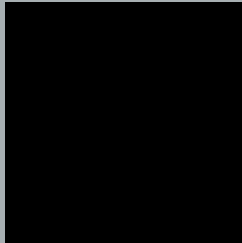
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

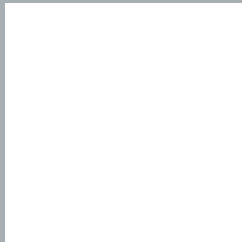
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 3.345, 228.698

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 3.345, 228.698.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 3.345, 228.698

### Protanopia

71, 2.473, 317.317

### Deuteranopia

71, 9.997, 339.398





**Tritanopia**  
71, 7.291, 276.549

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 3.345, 228.698

**Protanomaly**  
71, 1.680, 277.594

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 5.546, 327.850

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 5.843, 268.827

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 3.345, 228.698

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
71, 1.239, 225.905

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 3.345, 228.698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 175, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 175, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 175, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 175, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 3.345, 228.698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

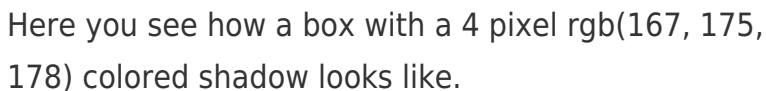
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 175, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 175, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 175, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 175, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 175, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 175,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 3.345, 228.698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 175, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
175, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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