

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 39.365, 314.667)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 39.365, 314.667)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(71, 39.402, 314.672)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(71, 39.402, 314.672)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C89EE1
RGB	200, 158, 225
RGB Percent	78%, 62%, 88%
CMY	0.2155, 0.3802, 0.1175
CMYK	0.11, 0.30, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	278°, 53%, 75%
HSV	278°, 30%, 88%
XYZ	49.6567, 42.1875, 76.7856
YIQ	178.1960, 3.5250, 29.7410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

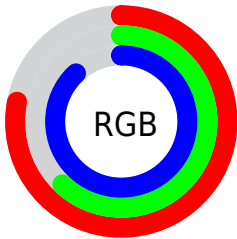
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 158, 225
Decimal	13147873
CIE Lab	71.00, 27.70, -28.02
CIE LCh	71, 39.402, 314.672
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2945, 0.2502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291337953 (0xFFC89EE1)
YUV	178.1960, 23.0744, 19.1221
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 22.8001, -24.6258

# Details

The CIELCh color **71, 39.402, 314.672** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 38.264, 132.002**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 26.319, 325.341**, and **51, 39.721, 314.437** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 52.923, 315.121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 25.929, 314.215**.

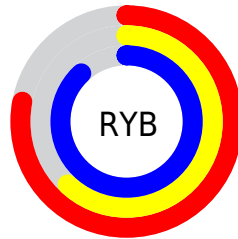
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (62%)

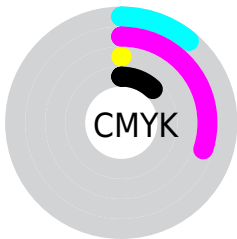
Blue (88%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (88%)

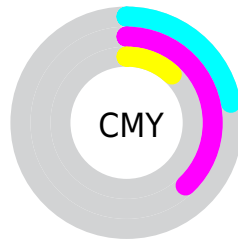


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71, 39.402,  
314.672


 71, 39.402,  
314.672


 100, 39.402,  
314.672


 61, 39.402,  
314.672


 91, 39.402,  
314.672

 51, 39.402,  
314.672

 41, 39.402,  
314.672

 31, 39.402,  
314.672

 21, 39.402,  
314.672

 11, 39.402,  
314.672

 1, 39.402, 314.672

0, 39.402, 314.672

71, 39.402,  
314.672

71, 39.402,  
314.672

65, 52.923,  
315.121

77, 25.929,  
314.215

59, 66.232,  
315.534

83, 12.672,  
313.767

54, 78.908,  
315.866

90, 0.281, 133.982

49, 90.359,  
316.056

96, 12.884,  
132.993

45, 99.837,  
316.025

98, 15.935,  
126.143

42, 106.597,  
315.691

99, 15.270,  
115.295

■ 40, 110.548,  
315.040

■ 99, 15.159,  
109.032

■ 40, 110.629,  
315.025

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 39.402, 314.672



85, 38.264, 132.002

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 39.402, 314.672



71, 39.402, 4.672



71, 39.402, 134.672



71, 39.402, 184.672

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 39.400, 314.672



94, 12.905, 313.736



74, 23.561, 271.635



49, 8.983, 313.801



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 39.400, 314.672



75, 52.940, 314.965



73, 39.694, 329.546



44, 7.343, 313.753



31, 91.934, 315.198



5, 34.368, 315.089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 28.674, 354.251



77, 38.547, 355.150



84, 39.640, 145.610



44, 5.306, 351.916



37, 64.548, 14.052

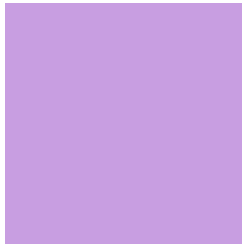


6, 25.567, 3.452



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

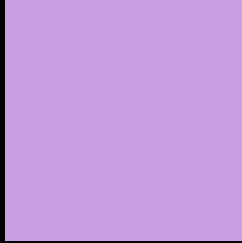
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

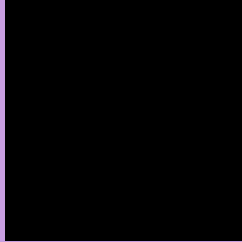
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 39.402, 314.672

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 39.402, 314.672.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
71, 12.115, 344.759

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 39.402, 314.672

**Protanomaly**  
71, 35.089, 296.150

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 32.080, 300.325

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 21.068, 325.319

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 39.402, 314.672

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 14.240, 313.814

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 39.402, 314.672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 158, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 158, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 158, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 158, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 39.402, 314.672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 158, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 158, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 158, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 158, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 158, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 158,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 39.402, 314.672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 158, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
158, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor