

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 39.749, 196.608)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 39.749, 196.608)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 39.787, 196.446)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	17C1C1
RGB	23, 193, 193
RGB Percent	9%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.9094, 0.2430, 0.2430
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	180°, 79%, 42%
HSV	180°, 88%, 76%
XYZ	29.0605, 42.1875, 57.0800
YIQ	142.1700, -101.3200, -36.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

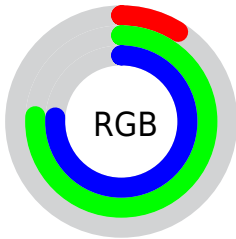
Format	Color
RYB	23, 108, 193
Decimal	1556929
CIELab	71.00, -38.16, -11.26
CIELCh	71, 39.787, 196.446
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2265, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279747009 (0xFF17C1C1)
YUV	142.1700, 25.0592, -104.5121
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -33.8022, -6.6379

Details

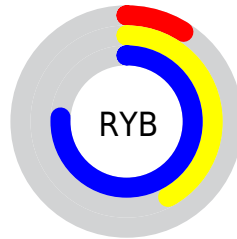
The CIELCh color **71, 39.787, 196.446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **41, 77.717, 36.619**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 39.821, 196.188**, and **52, 31.758, 197.470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 40.530, 196.392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 38.322, 196.549**.

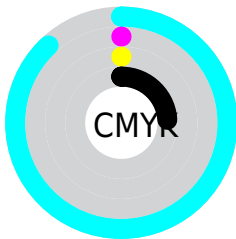
Distribution



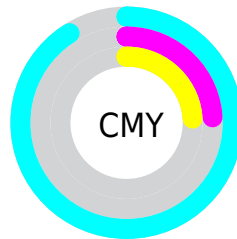
- Red (9%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 39.787,
196.446

 71, 39.787,
196.446


 100, 39.787,
196.446


 61, 39.787,
196.446

 91, 39.787,
196.446

 51, 39.787,
196.446

 41, 39.787,
196.446

 31, 39.787,
196.446

 21, 39.787,
196.446

 11, 39.787,
196.446

 1, 39.787, 196.446

■ 0, 39.787, 196.446

■ 71, 39.787,
196.446

■ 71, 39.787,
196.446

■ 71, 40.530,
196.392

■ 71, 38.322,
196.549

■ 71, 40.645,
196.384

■ 72, 36.008,
196.714

■ 72, 32.815,
196.944

■ 73, 28.763,
197.240

■ 74, 23.916,
197.600

■ 75, 18.366,
198.020

■ 76, 12.221,
198.501

■ 77, 5.595, 199.064

■ 78, 1.404, 19.132

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 39.787, 196.446



41, 77.717, 36.619

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 39.787, 196.446



71, 39.787, 246.446



71, 39.787, 16.446



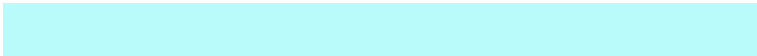
71, 39.787, 66.446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 39.786, 196.445



94, 21.135, 198.094



68, 93.644, 136.431



50, 14.138, 197.937



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 39.786, 196.445



89, 49.354, 196.384



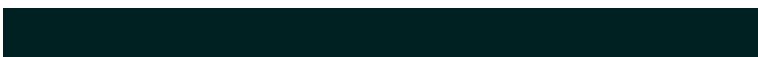
46, 50.167, 277.095



40, 3.949, 198.979



60, 35.475, 196.384



11, 12.444, 196.391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 77.717, 36.619



52, 102.986, 40.000



54, 63.516, 61.989



38, 4.188, 19.919



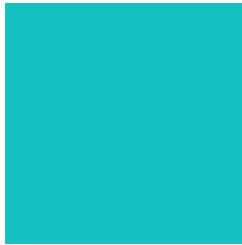
33, 73.727, 39.723



3, 13.999, 19.404

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

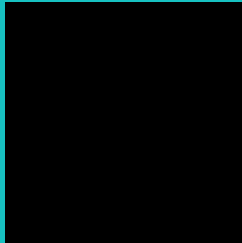
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

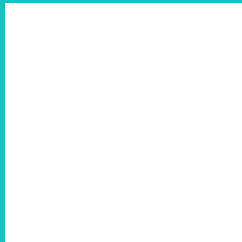
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 39.787, 196.446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446.

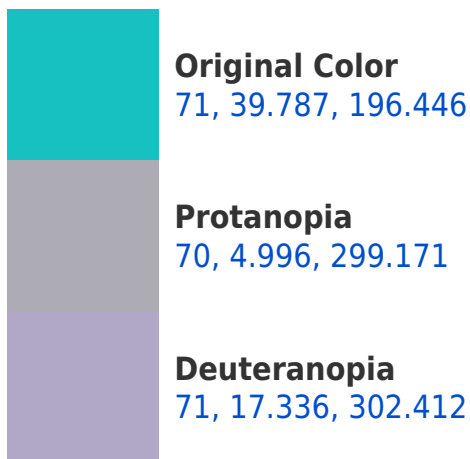


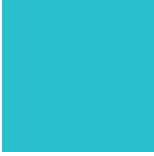
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 39.787, 196.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



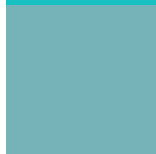


Tritanopia
71, 36.876, 209.806

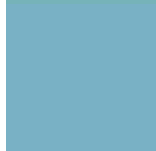
Trichromacy



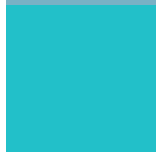
Original Color
71, 39.787, 196.446



Protanomaly
69, 20.317, 207.257



Deuteranomaly
69, 20.681, 230.520

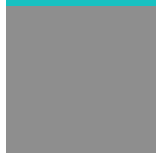


Tritanomaly
71, 37.906, 204.199

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 39.787, 196.446



Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
62, 20.892, 197.602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 39.787, 196.446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 193, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 193, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 193, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 193, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 39.787, 196.446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 193, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 193, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(23, 193, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 193, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 193, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 193,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 39.787, 196.446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 193, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 193,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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