

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 40.764, 196.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 40.764, 196.392)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 40.640, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02C1C1
RGB	2, 193, 193
RGB Percent	1%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.9920, 0.2416, 0.2417
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	180°, 98%, 38%
HSV	180°, 99%, 76%
XYZ	28.8461, 42.1875, 57.2933
YIQ	135.8910, -113.8360, -40.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

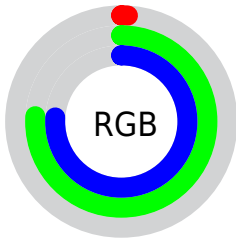
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 98, 193
Decimal	180673
CIE Lab	71.00, -38.99, -11.46
CIE LCh	71, 40.640, 196.386
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2248, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278370753 (0xFF02C1C1)
YUV	135.8910, 28.1547, -117.4224
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -34.3913, -6.8327

Details

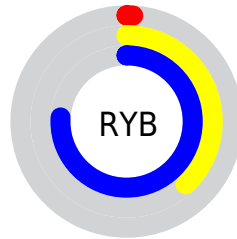
The CIELCh color **71, 40.640, 196.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **40, 84.303, 39.694**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 40.531, 196.159**, and **52, 31.758, 197.470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 40.701, 196.381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 39.937, 196.435**.

Distribution



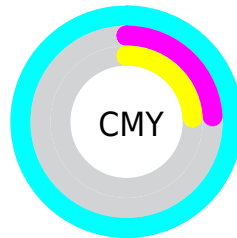
- Red (1%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 40.640,
196.386


 71, 40.640,
196.386


 100, 40.640,
196.386


 61, 40.640,
196.386


 91, 40.640,
196.386

 51, 40.640,
196.386

 41, 40.640,
196.386

 31, 40.640,
196.386

 21, 40.640,
196.386

 11, 40.640,
196.386

 1, 40.640, 196.386

■ 0, 40.640, 196.386

■ 71, 40.640,
196.386

■ 71, 40.640,
196.386

■ 71, 40.701,
196.381

■ 71, 39.937,
196.435

■ 71, 38.545,
196.534

■ 72, 36.309,
196.693

■ 72, 33.192,
196.917

■ 73, 29.212,
197.207

■ 74, 24.428,
197.562

■ 75, 18.930,
197.977

■ 76, 12.826,
198.452

■ 77, 6.229, 199.003

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 40.640, 196.386



40, 84.303, 39.694

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 40.640, 196.386



71, 40.640, 246.386



71, 40.640, 16.386



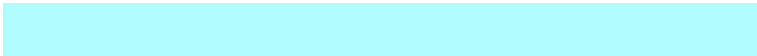
71, 40.640, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 40.639, 196.385



94, 24.214, 197.909



68, 96.942, 135.991



50, 16.366, 197.727



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 40.639, 196.385



90, 49.736, 196.380



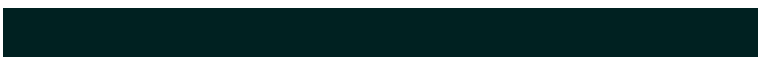
43, 56.290, 282.088



40, 3.949, 198.977



60, 35.476, 196.381



11, 12.444, 196.388

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 84.303, 39.694



53, 103.780, 39.999



51, 69.232, 59.342



38, 4.187, 19.917



33, 73.726, 39.722



3, 13.999, 19.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

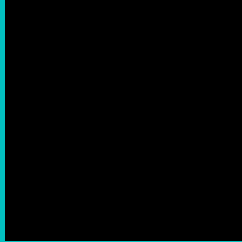
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

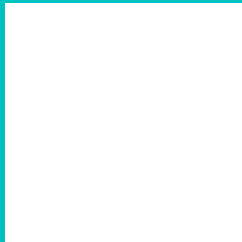
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 40.640, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386.

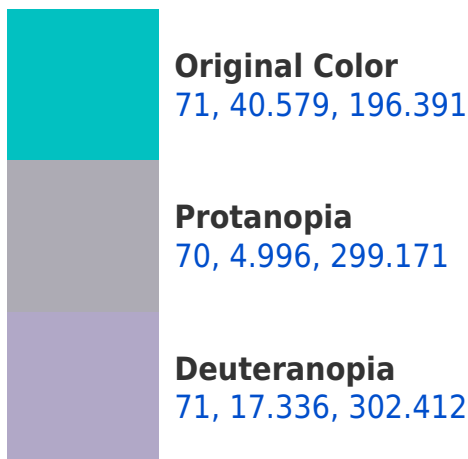


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 40.640, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



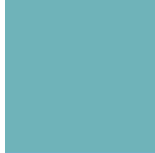


Tritanopia
71, 37.342, 210.498

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 40.579, 196.391



Protanomaly
69, 22.223, 206.305



Deuteranomaly
69, 22.533, 227.470

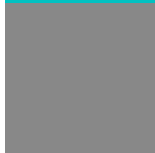


Tritanomaly
71, 38.535, 204.875

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 40.579, 196.391



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 23.046, 197.382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 40.640, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 193, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 193, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 193, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 193, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 40.640, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 193, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 193, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 193, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 193, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 193, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 193,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 40.640, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 193, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 193,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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