

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 47.784, 24.302)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 47.784, 24.302) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(71, 47.572, 24.269)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8D8C
RGB	255, 141, 140
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4489, 0.4490
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.45, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 78%
HSV	0°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	55.6805, 42.1875, 30.2114
YIQ	174.9720, 68.2650, 23.8570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

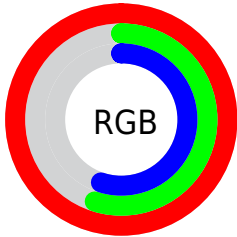
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 141, 140
Decimal	16747916
CIE Lab	71.00, 43.37, 19.55
CIE LCh	71, 47.572, 24.269
Yxy	42.1875, 0.4347, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294937996 (0xFFFF8D8C)
YUV	174.9720, -17.2412, 70.1846
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 39.3547, 17.8884

# Details

The CIELCh color **71, 47.572, 24.269** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 34.121, 197.346**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 22.690, 23.777**, and **51, 47.395, 24.833** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 59.500, 26.377**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 35.572, 22.618**.

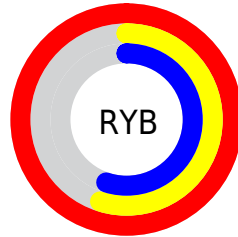
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (55%)

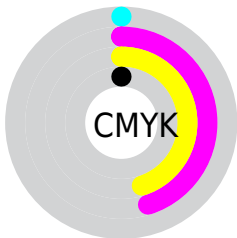
Blue (55%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (55%)

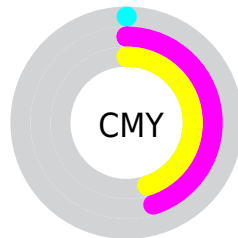


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71, 47.572, 24.269

71, 47.572, 24.269

100, 47.572,  
24.269

61, 47.572, 24.269

91, 47.572, 24.269

51, 47.572, 24.269

41, 47.572, 24.269

31, 47.572, 24.269

21, 47.572, 24.269

11, 47.572, 24.269

1, 47.572, 24.269

0, 47.572, 24.269

71, 47.572, 24.269

71, 47.572, 24.269

■ 66, 59.500, 26.377

■ 77, 35.572, 22.618

■ 61, 71.745, 29.105

■ 83, 24.451, 21.372

■ 57, 83.586, 32.430

■ 90, 14.068, 20.407

■ 55, 94.245, 36.045

■ 97, 4.448, 19.578

■ 54, 102.018,  
38.993

100, 0.012,  
296.813

■ 53, 104.573,  
40.002

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 47.572, 24.269



94, 34.121, 197.346

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 47.572, 24.269



71, 47.572, 74.269



71, 47.572, 204.269



71, 47.572, 254.269

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 47.328, 24.248



91, 12.179, 20.247



74, 70.498, 326.830



47, 8.597, 20.434



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 47.328, 24.248



66, 58.391, 26.161



84, 38.887, 69.745



49, 5.253, 19.963



40, 84.226, 40.003



10, 33.362, 27.188





# Inverse Universe

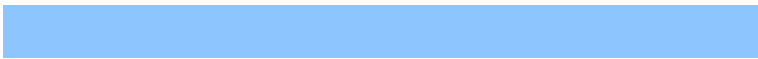
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 34.121, 197.346



93, 38.998, 197.058



78, 34.109, 263.661



52, 4.944, 198.984



70, 40.351, 196.424



24, 18.564, 196.420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

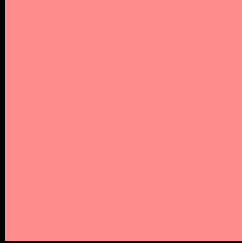
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 47.572, 24.269

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 47.572, 24.269.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 47.230, 24.827

### Protanopia

71, 9.237, 89.465

### Deuteranopia

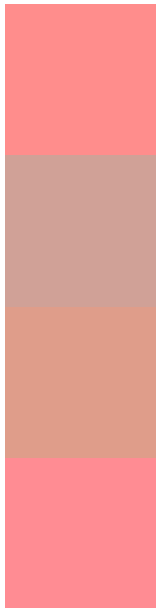
71, 23.030, 66.635



**Tritanopia**  
71, 46.626, 17.847



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 47.230, 24.827

**Protanomaly**  
70, 19.888, 36.726

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 29.765, 41.656

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 46.840, 19.801

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 47.230, 24.827

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 16.571, 20.883

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 47.572, 24.269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 141, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 141, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 141, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 141, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 47.572, 24.269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

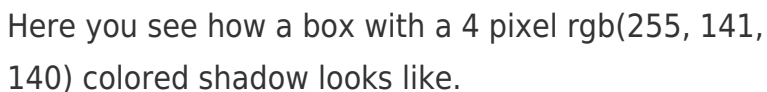
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 141, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 141, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 141, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 140); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 140); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 47.572, 24.269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 141, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
141, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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