

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 48.216, 124.461)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 48.216, 124.461)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 48.359, 124.592)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94BA63
RGB	148, 186, 99
RGB Percent	58%, 73%, 39%
CMY	0.4205, 0.2715, 0.6126
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.47, 0.27
HSL	86°, 39%, 56%
HSV	86°, 47%, 73%
XYZ	31.9200, 42.1875, 18.2095
YIQ	164.7200, 5.2790, -35.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

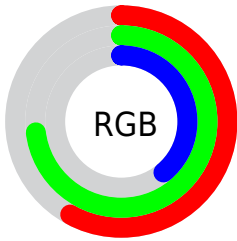
Format	Color
RYB	99, 186, 137
Decimal	9747043
CIELab	71.00, -27.45, 39.81
CIELCh	71, 48.359, 124.592
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3458, 0.4570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287937123 (0xFF94BA63)
YUV	164.7200, -32.4000, -14.6634
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -25.9438, 28.8442

Details

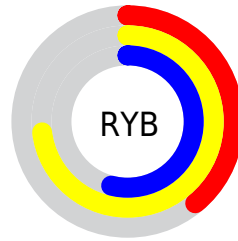
The CIELCh color **71, 48.359, 124.592** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **49, 52.340, 309.455**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 48.320, 124.254**, and **51, 48.648, 124.686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 57.810, 124.225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 38.385, 125.050**.

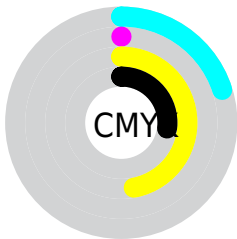
Distribution



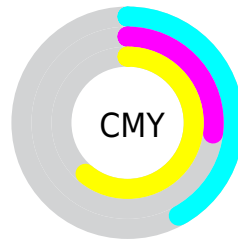
- Red (58%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (27%)





- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 48.359,
124.592

 71, 48.359,
124.592


 100, 48.359,
124.592


 61, 48.359,
124.592


 91, 48.359,
124.592

 51, 48.359,
124.592

 41, 48.359,
124.592

 31, 48.359,
124.592

 21, 48.359,
124.592

 11, 48.359,
124.592

 1, 48.359, 124.592

■ 0, 48.359, 124.592

■ 71, 48.359,
124.592

■ 71, 48.359,
124.592

■ 70, 57.810,
124.225

■ 72, 38.385,
125.050

■ 70, 66.424,
124.022

■ 73, 28.101,
125.543

■ 69, 73.793,
124.092

■ 74, 17.657,
126.042

■ 69, 79.470,
124.555

■ 75, 7.155, 126.532

■ 68, 83.215,
125.488

■ 76, 3.334, 306.947

■ 68, 84.223,
125.807

■ 77, 13.759,
307.392

■ 78, 24.083,

307.785

■ 80, 34.281,
308.141

■ 81, 38.829,
310.594

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 48.359, 124.592



49, 52.340, 309.455

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 48.359, 124.592



71, 48.359, 174.592



71, 48.359, 304.592



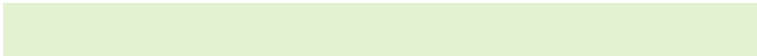
71, 48.359, 354.592

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 48.360, 124.593



94, 18.229, 126.170



61, 30.990, 62.810



50, 12.687, 126.063



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 48.360, 124.593



89, 70.670, 124.222



69, 55.867, 139.335



38, 5.886, 126.410



58, 73.724, 125.582



8, 16.619, 131.142

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 52.340, 309.455



57, 78.053, 310.068



54, 55.994, 324.881



36, 5.976, 307.268



22, 87.293, 310.704



1, 15.809, 302.867

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 48.359, 124.592

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 48.359, 124.592.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
71, 48.359, 124.592

Protanopia
71, 42.792, 95.328

Deuteranopia
71, 38.868, 76.377



Tritanopia
71, 8.972, 251.628

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 48.359, 124.592

Protanomaly
71, 43.327, 107.535

Deuteranomaly
70, 38.473, 97.281

Tritanomaly
71, 16.016, 143.655

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 48.359, 124.592

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 18.338, 125.982

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 48.359, 124.592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 186, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 186, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 186, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 186, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 48.359, 124.592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 186, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 186, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 186, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 186, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 186, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 186,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 48.359, 124.592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 186, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
186, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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