

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 5.285, 331.986)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 5.285, 331.986) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 5.382, 334.597)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5ABB2
RGB	181, 171, 178
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 70%
CMY	0.2900, 0.3292, 0.3018
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	318°, 6%, 69%
HSV	318°, 6%, 71%
XYZ	41.6778, 42.1875, 48.0889
YIQ	174.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

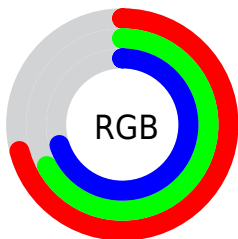
Format	Color
R_{YB}	181, 171, 178
Decimal	11905970
CIE _{Lab}	71.00, 4.86, -2.31
CIE _{LCh}	71, 5.382, 334.597
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3159, 0.3197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290096050 (0xFFB5ABB2)
YUV	174.7880, 1.5835, 5.4479
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 0.8725, 1.5694

Details

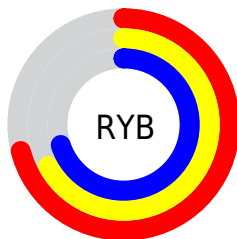
The CIELCh color **71, 5.382, 334.597** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **73, 5.355, 153.974**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 5.737, 333.449**, and **51, 5.044, 336.088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 15.232, 335.335**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 4.303, 154.076**.

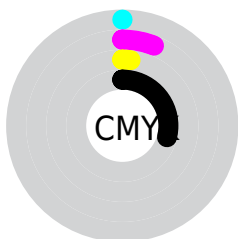
Distribution



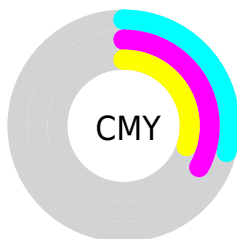
- Red (71%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71, 5.382, 334.597

■ 71, 5.382, 334.597

■ 100, 5.382,
334.597

■ 61, 5.382, 334.597

■ 91, 5.382, 334.597

■ 51, 5.382, 334.597

■ 41, 5.382, 334.597

■ 31, 5.382, 334.597

■ 21, 5.382, 334.597

■ 11, 5.382, 334.597

■ 1, 5.382, 334.597

■ 0, 5.382, 334.597

■ 71, 5.382, 334.597

■ 71, 5.382, 334.597

66, 15.232,
335.335

76, 4.303, 154.076

62, 25.135,
336.084

81, 13.748,
153.408

57, 34.906,
336.880

86, 22.921,
152.816

53, 44.273,
337.736

91, 31.810,
152.264

49, 52.870,
338.672

94, 36.570,
152.984

46, 60.254,
339.717

94, 34.540,
156.109

44, 65.956,
340.916

94, 32.603,
159.596

42, 69.604,
342.331

95, 30.779,
163.489

41, 71.082,

95, 29.091,
167.834

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 5.382, 334.597



73, 5.355, 153.974

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 5.382, 334.597



71, 5.382, 24.597



71, 5.382, 154.597



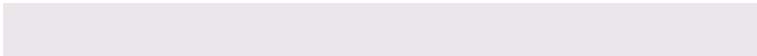
71, 5.382, 204.597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 5.380, 334.601



92, 2.402, 334.267



71, 5.600, 302.109



49, 1.365, 334.251



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 5.380, 334.601



89, 8.429, 334.722



71, 3.949, 3.628



36, 4.370, 334.747



34, 63.214, 344.573



2, 12.203, 338.786

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 5.380, 334.601



89, 8.429, 334.722



73, 3.862, 182.891



36, 4.370, 334.747



34, 63.214, 344.573



2, 12.203, 338.786

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

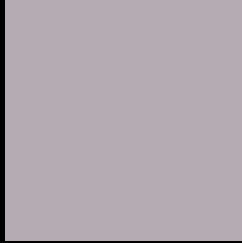
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

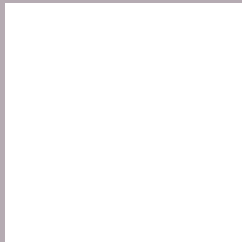
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 5.382, 334.597

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 5.382, 334.597.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


71, 5.382, 334.597

Protanopia

71, 3.375, 303.210

Deuteranopia

71, 9.656, 341.858



Tritanopia
71, 8.891, 320.817

Trichromacy



Original Color

71, 5.382, 334.597

Protanomaly

71, 4.279, 316.305

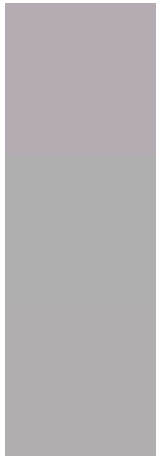
Deuteranomaly

71, 8.149, 338.073

Tritanomaly

71, 7.972, 324.769

Monochromacy



Original Color

71, 5.382, 334.597

Achromatopsia

71, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly

71, 1.581, 335.581

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 5.382, 334.597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 171, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 171, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 171, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 171, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 5.382, 334.597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 171, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 171, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 171, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 171, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 171, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 171,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 5.382, 334.597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 171, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
171, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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