

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 5.754, 359.355)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 5.754, 359.355) contains.

CIELCh(71, 6.107, 358.996)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(71, 6.107, 358.996)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9AAAE
RGB	185, 170, 174
RGB Percent	73%, 67%, 68%
CMY	0.2740, 0.3328, 0.3171
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.06, 0.27
HSL	344°, 10%, 70%
HSV	344°, 8%, 73%
XYZ	42.0887, 42.1875, 46.0334
YIQ	174.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

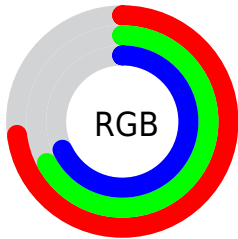
Format	Color
RYB	185, 170, 174
Decimal	12167854
CIELab	71.00, 6.11, -0.11
CIELCh	71, 6.107, 358.996
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3230, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290357934 (0xFFB9AAAE)
YUV	174.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 2.0019, 3.4457

Details

The CIELCh color **71, 6.107, 358.996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **74, 5.948, 177.666**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 6.134, 0.051**, and **51, 6.148, 357.880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 13.937, 0.113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 1.392, 178.492**.

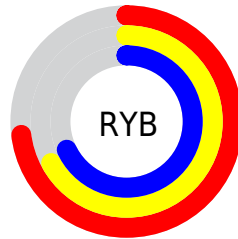
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (67%)

Blue (68%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (68%)

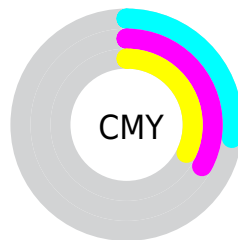


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71, 6.107, 358.996

■ 71, 6.107, 358.996

■ 100, 6.107,
358.996

■ 61, 6.107, 358.996

■ 91, 6.107, 358.996

■ 51, 6.107, 358.996

■ 41, 6.107, 358.996

■ 31, 6.107, 358.996

■ 21, 6.107, 358.996

■ 11, 6.107, 358.996

■ 1, 6.107, 358.996

■ 0, 6.107, 358.996

■ 71, 6.107, 358.996

■ 71, 6.107, 358.996

66, 13.937, 0.113

76, 1.392, 178.492

61, 22.047, 1.373

81, 8.535, 177.403

56, 30.318, 2.869

87, 15.329,
176.658

52, 38.556, 4.690

92, 21.791,
176.001

48, 46.481, 6.952

45, 53.748, 9.801

95, 24.198,
181.836

42, 60.027, 13.403

96, 22.521,
198.029

40, 65.148, 17.879

39, 69.332, 23.109

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 6.107, 358.996



74, 5.948, 177.666

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 6.107, 358.996



71, 6.107, 48.996



71, 6.107, 178.996



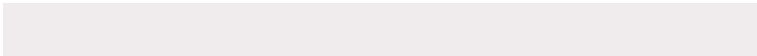
71, 6.107, 228.996

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 6.105, 359.007



93, 1.837, 358.203



71, 9.192, 317.098



50, 1.044, 358.177



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 6.105, 359.007



88, 9.338, 359.229



72, 4.780, 43.023



36, 4.252, 359.140



32, 61.357, 23.237



2, 11.096, 3.641

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 6.105, 359.007



88, 9.338, 359.229



73, 4.558, 223.866



36, 4.252, 359.140



32, 61.357, 23.237



2, 11.096, 3.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

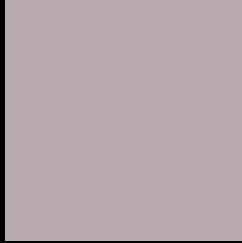
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

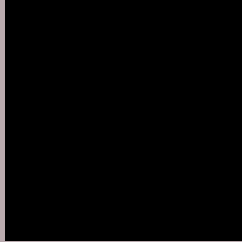
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 6.107, 358.996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 6.107, 358.996.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


71, 6.107, 358.996

Protanopia

71, 2.003, 324.417

Deuteranopia

71, 9.006, 358.939



Tritanopia
71, 9.561, 332.342

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 6.107, 358.996

Protanomaly
71, 3.119, 347.896

Deuteranomaly
71, 7.735, 359.464

Tritanomaly
71, 8.432, 339.836

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 6.107, 358.996

Achromatopsia
71, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
71, 2.521, 353.823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 6.107, 358.996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 170, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 170, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 170, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 170, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 6.107, 358.996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 170, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 170, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 170, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 170, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 170, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 170,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 6.107, 358.996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 170, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
170, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor