

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 55.707, 46.362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 55.707, 46.362) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(71, 55.623, 46.647)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF9066
RGB	255, 144, 102
RGB Percent	100%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4351, 0.5998
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	16°, 100%, 70%
HSV	16°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	53.6366, 42.1875, 17.8961
YIQ	172.4010, 79.6380, 10.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

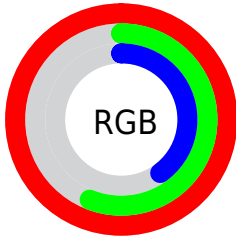
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 160, 102
Decimal	16748646
CIE Lab	71.00, 38.18, 40.45
CIE LCh	71, 55.623, 46.647
Yxy	42.1875, 0.4717, 0.3710
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938726 (0xFFFF9066)
YUV	172.4010, -34.7077, 72.4393
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 33.7375, 29.1302

# Details

The CIELCh color **71, 55.623, 46.647** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **81, 35.978, 236.625**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 33.346, 64.773**, and **51, 55.205, 46.728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 67.054, 46.807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 44.618, 46.627**.

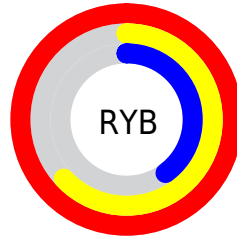
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (56%)

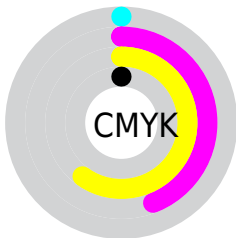
Blue (40%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (40%)

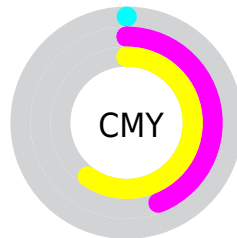


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 71, 55.623, 46.647

 71, 55.623, 46.647

 100, 55.623,  
46.647

 61, 55.623, 46.647

 91, 55.623, 46.647

 51, 55.623, 46.647

 41, 55.623, 46.647

 31, 55.623, 46.647

 21, 55.623, 46.647

 11, 55.623, 46.647

 1, 55.623, 46.647

 0, 55.623, 46.647

 71, 55.623, 46.647

 71, 55.623, 46.647

67, 67.054, 46.807

75, 44.618, 46.627

63, 78.486, 46.942

80, 34.297, 46.746

60, 88.806, 46.702

85, 24.697, 47.004

58, 96.503, 45.661

90, 15.809, 47.372

58, 96.514, 45.660

95, 7.592, 47.805

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 55.623, 46.647



81, 35.978, 236.625

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 55.623, 46.647



71, 55.623, 96.647



71, 55.623, 226.647



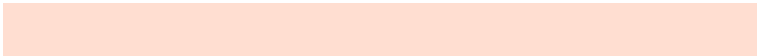
71, 55.623, 276.647

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 55.603, 46.658



91, 14.127, 47.455



66, 75.693, 337.636



47, 9.931, 47.335



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 55.603, 46.658



66, 69.383, 46.843



88, 60.944, 90.762



50, 4.315, 47.825



44, 77.242, 46.191



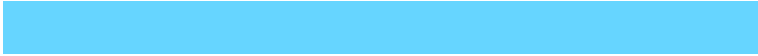
13, 28.900, 41.960





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 35.978, 236.625



77, 40.440, 240.204



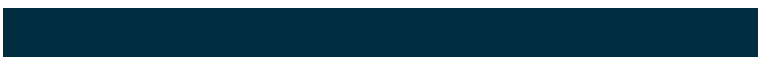
60, 66.104, 289.680



51, 4.087, 229.129



54, 38.026, 251.368



17, 16.812, 244.620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 55.623, 46.647

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 55.623, 46.647.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 55.623, 46.647

### Protanopia

71, 33.423, 95.858

### Deuteranopia

71, 42.558, 77.325



**Tritanopia**  
71, 46.691, 18.501



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 55.623, 46.647

**Protanomaly**  
70, 37.050, 71.207

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 45.578, 64.092

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 48.487, 29.724

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 55.623, 46.647

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 18.340, 46.900

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 55.623, 46.647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 144, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 144, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 144, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 144, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 55.623, 46.647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 144, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 144, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 144, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 144, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 144, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 144,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 55.623, 46.647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 144, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
144, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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