

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 61.729, 158.283)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 61.729, 158.283)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(71, 61.567, 158.352)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07C682
RGB	7, 198, 130
RGB Percent	3%, 78%, 51%
CMY	0.9710, 0.2224, 0.4892
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.34, 0.22
HSL	159°, 93%, 40%
HSV	159°, 96%, 78%
XYZ	24.4000, 42.1875, 28.0692
YIQ	133.1390, -92.0080, -61.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

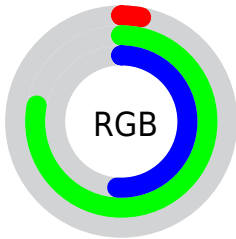
Format	Color
RYB	7, 123, 198
Decimal	509570
CIELab	71.00, -57.22, 22.71
CIELCh	71, 61.567, 158.352
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2578, 0.4457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278699650 (0xFF07C682)
YUV	133.1390, -1.5475, -110.6239
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -46.6101, 19.8440

Details

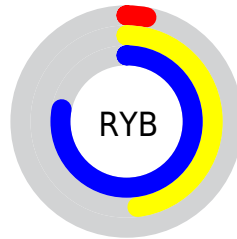
The CIELCh color **71, 61.567, 158.352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **42, 69.901, 14.260**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 61.220, 158.424**, and **52, 53.770, 152.853** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 62.805, 157.543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 58.002, 160.521**.

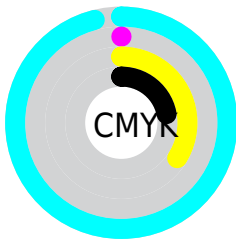
Distribution



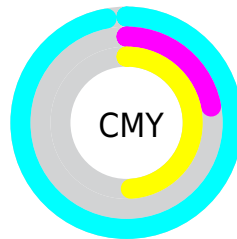
- Red (3%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 61.567,
158.352


 71, 61.567,
158.352


 100, 61.567,
158.352


 61, 61.567,
158.352


 91, 61.567,
158.352

 51, 61.567,
158.352

 41, 61.567,
158.352

 31, 61.567,
158.352

 21, 61.567,
158.352

 11, 61.567,
158.352

 1, 61.567, 158.352

■ 0, 61.567, 158.352

■ 71, 61.567,
158.352

■ 71, 61.567,
158.352

■ 71, 62.805,
157.543

■ 71, 58.002,
160.521

■ 72, 53.682,
162.494

■ 72, 48.552,
164.261

■ 73, 42.639,
165.836

■ 74, 36.027,
167.242

■ 75, 28.837,
168.503

■ 76, 21.204,
169.646

■ 77, 13.262,
170.694

■ 79, 5.134, 171.701

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 61.567, 158.352



42, 69.901, 14.260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 61.567, 158.352



71, 61.567, 208.352



71, 61.567, 338.352



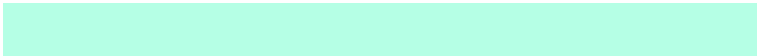
71, 61.567, 28.352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 61.567, 158.352



95, 28.592, 169.296



71, 92.715, 131.546



50, 19.490, 168.800



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 61.567, 158.352



89, 76.390, 157.176



65, 36.082, 220.332



41, 4.653, 171.383



59, 54.023, 157.893



11, 17.666, 163.815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 69.901, 14.260



54, 86.098, 17.079



43, 81.828, 41.179



39, 4.757, 352.988



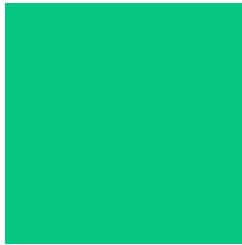
34, 61.280, 15.303



4, 16.786, 1.301

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

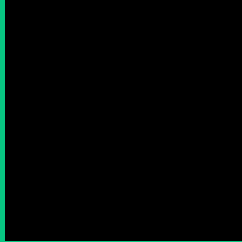
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 61.567, 158.352

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352.

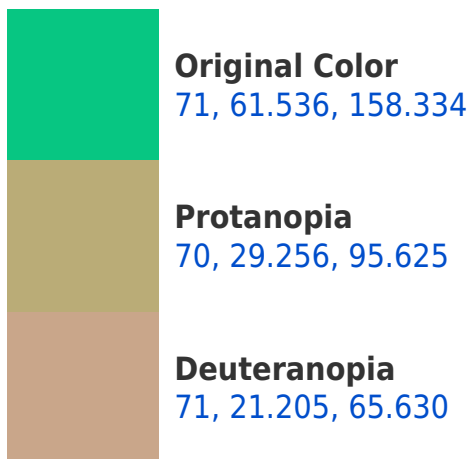


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 61.567, 158.352.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
71, 33.203, 211.525

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 61.536, 158.334



Protanomaly
69, 39.755, 142.923



Deuteranomaly
68, 29.727, 145.014



Tritanomaly
71, 40.487, 184.527

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 61.536, 158.334



Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 28.885, 167.512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 61.567, 158.352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 198, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 198, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 198, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 198, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 61.567, 158.352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 198, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 198, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 198, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 198, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 198, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 198,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 61.567, 158.352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 198, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 198,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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