

Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 66.753, 308.237)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(71, 66.753, 308.237)
contains.

CIELCh(70, 59.395, 309.796)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(70, 59.395, 309.796)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C595FE
RGB	197, 149, 254
RGB Percent	77%, 58%, 100%
CMY	0.2258, 0.4139, 0.0023
CMYK	0.22, 0.41, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	267°, 99%, 79%
HSV	267°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	51.9112, 40.7494, 99.2374
YIQ	175.3220, -5.0970, 42.8310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

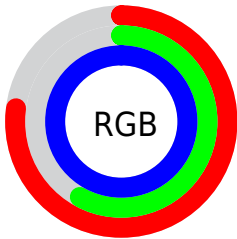
Format	Color
RYB	197, 149, 254
Decimal	12948990
CIELab	70.00, 38.02, -45.63
CIElCh	70, 59.395, 309.796
Yxy	40.7494, 0.2705, 0.2123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291139070 (0xFFC595FE)
YUV	175.3220, 38.7883, 19.0116
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 33.4454, -47.4867

Details

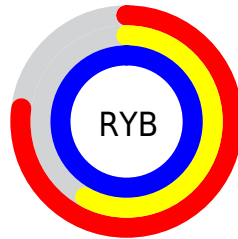
The CIELCh color $70, 59.395, 309.796$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be $95, 55.553, 125.554$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 31.983, 325.537$, and $50, 59.695, 309.806$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 74.297, 310.395$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77, 44.501, 309.194$.

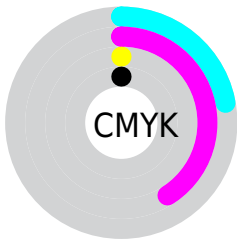
Distribution



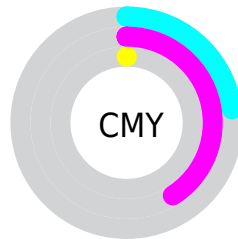
- Red (77%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70, 59.395,
309.796


 70, 59.395,
309.796


 100, 59.395,
309.796


 60, 59.395,
309.796


 90, 59.395,
309.796

 50, 59.395,
309.796

 40, 59.395,
309.796

 30, 59.395,
309.796

 20, 59.395,
309.796

 10, 59.395,
309.796

 0, 59.395, 309.796

70, 59.395,
309.796

70, 59.395,
309.796

63, 74.297,
310.395

77, 44.501,
309.194

57, 88.795,
310.939

84, 29.854,
308.618

51, 102.205,
311.346

92, 15.574,
308.083

46, 113.548,
311.503

99, 1.714, 307.537

42, 121.708,
311.276

100, 0.289,
109.889

39, 126.000,
310.746

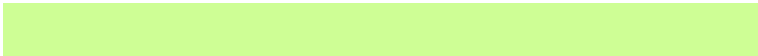
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 59.395, 309.796



95, 55.553, 125.554

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 59.395, 309.796



70, 59.395, 359.796



70, 59.395, 129.796



70, 59.395, 179.796

Sweetspot

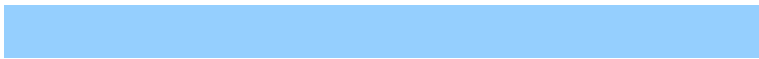
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 59.393, 309.796



91, 16.661, 308.121



81, 29.740, 256.855



48, 11.073, 308.189



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 59.393, 309.796



64, 72.581, 310.322



75, 64.323, 325.178



49, 7.864, 307.994



29, 101.463, 310.937



6, 44.922, 311.705

Inverse Universe

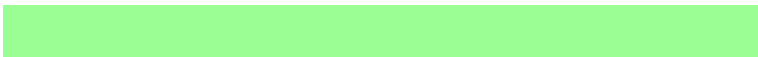
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 48.115, 345.365



70, 57.777, 346.512



92, 64.219, 140.144



50, 6.571, 342.133



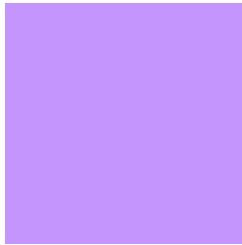
41, 68.903, 358.079



11, 32.339, 353.158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

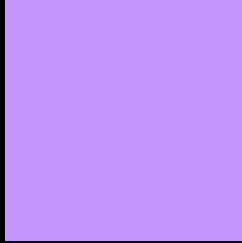
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

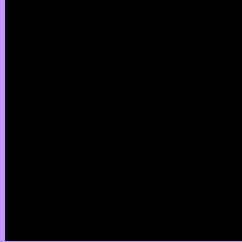
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 70, 59.395, 309.796

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 59.395, 309.796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
70, 9.845, 334.019

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 59.448, 309.805



Protanomaly
70, 51.539, 295.384



Deuteranomaly
70, 48.742, 293.769



Tritanomaly
70, 27.343, 314.443

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 59.448, 309.805



Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
71, 22.368, 308.637

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 59.395, 309.796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 149, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 149, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 149, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 149, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 59.395, 309.796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

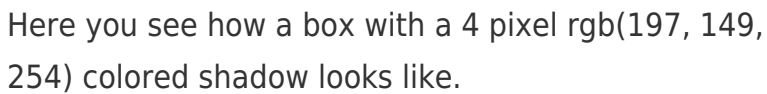
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 149, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 149, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 149, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 149, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 149, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 149, 254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 59.395, 309.796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 149, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
149, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor