

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 8.210, 7.778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 8.210, 7.778) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(71, 8.203, 8.633)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | BEA9AC                    |
| RGB           | 190, 169, 172             |
| RGB Percent   | 75%, 66%, 67%             |
| CMY           | 0.2557, 0.3381, 0.3263    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.11, 0.09, 0.26    |
| HSL           | 351°, 14%, 70%            |
| HSV           | 351°, 11%, 74%            |
| XYZ           | 42.7562, 42.1875, 44.8131 |
| YIQ           | 175.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

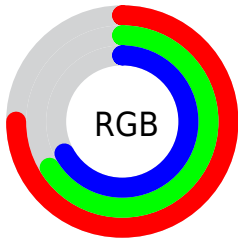
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">190, 169, 172</a>                                |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">12495276</a>                                     |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">71.00, 8.11, 1.23</a>                            |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">71, 8.203, 8.633</a>                             |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">42.1875, 0.3295, 0.3251</a>                      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4290685356</a><br>( <a href="#">0xFFBEA9AC</a> ) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">175.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104</a>                   |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">64.9519, 3.8362, 4.5597</a>                      |

# Details

The CIELCh color  $71, 8.203, 8.633$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $75, 7.795, 186.861$ , and the grayscale version is  $72, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $91, 8.126, 8.939$ , and  $51, 8.389, 8.411$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66, 16.077, 9.751$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $76, 0.765, 7.143$ .

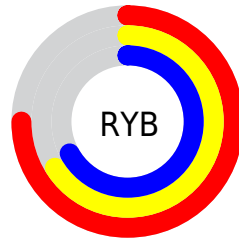
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (66%)

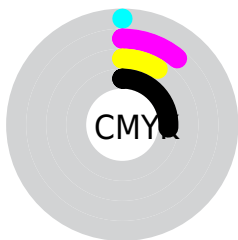
Blue (67%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

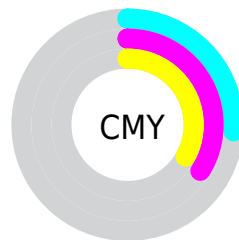


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71, 8.203, 8.633

71, 8.203, 8.633

100, 8.203, 8.633

61, 8.203, 8.633

91, 8.203, 8.633

51, 8.203, 8.633

41, 8.203, 8.633

31, 8.203, 8.633

21, 8.203, 8.633

11, 8.203, 8.633

1, 8.203, 8.633

0, 8.203, 8.633

71, 8.203, 8.633

71, 8.203, 8.633

66, 16.077, 9.751

76, 0.765, 7.143

61, 24.352, 11.070

82, 6.229, 187.118

56, 32.927, 12.695

87, 12.802,  
186.414

52, 41.625, 14.731

93, 18.987,  
185.823

48, 50.188, 17.309

44, 58.308, 20.567

96, 21.290,  
195.512

42, 65.710, 24.592

96, 21.164,  
198.114

40, 72.229, 29.291

40, 77.382, 33.509

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 8.203, 8.633



75, 7.795, 186.861

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 8.203, 8.633



71, 8.203, 58.633



71, 8.203, 188.633



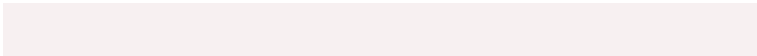
71, 8.203, 238.633

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 8.201, 8.643



95, 2.695, 7.742



71, 13.262, 320.775



51, 2.064, 7.861



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

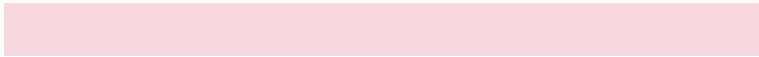


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 8.201, 8.643



89, 12.030, 8.869



73, 6.582, 56.765



37, 4.162, 8.466



33, 67.080, 32.766



3, 12.401, 11.240





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 8.201, 8.643



89, 12.030, 8.869



73, 6.245, 238.899



37, 4.162, 8.466



33, 67.080, 32.766



3, 12.401, 11.240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

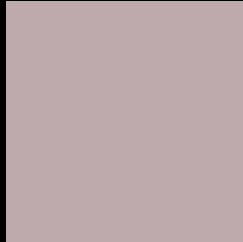
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 8.203, 8.633

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 8.203, 8.633.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71, 8.203, 8.633

### Protanopia

71, 1.610, 359.442

### Deuteranopia

71, 9.076, 6.329



**Tritanopia**  
71, 11.844, 340.360



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71, 8.203, 8.633

## Protanomaly

71, 4.319, 5.076

## Deuteranomaly

71, 9.076, 6.329

## Tritanomaly

71, 10.281, 348.355

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71, 8.203, 8.633

## Achromatopsia

71, 0.009, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

71, 2.704, 7.852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 8.203, 8.633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 169, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 169, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 169, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 169, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 8.203, 8.633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 169, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 169, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 169, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 169, 172); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 169, 172); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 169, 172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 8.203, 8.633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 169, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
169, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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