

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(71, 9.058, 209.208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(71, 9.058, 209.208) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(71, 9.058, 209.208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99B2B5
RGB	153, 178, 181
RGB Percent	60%, 70%, 71%
CMY	0.3983, 0.3002, 0.2884
CMYK	0.15, 0.02, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	186°, 16%, 66%
HSV	186°, 15%, 71%
XYZ	37.6148, 42.1875, 50.1166
YIQ	170.8670, -15.8630, -4.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

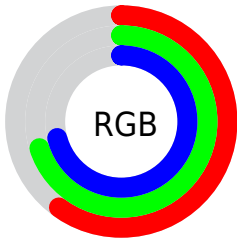
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 166, 181
Decimal	10072757
CIE Lab	71.00, -7.91, -4.42
CIE LCh	71, 9.058, 209.208
Yxy	42.1875, 0.2895, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288262837 (0xFF99B2B5)
YUV	170.8670, 4.9956, -15.6694
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, -10.2932, -0.2816

# Details

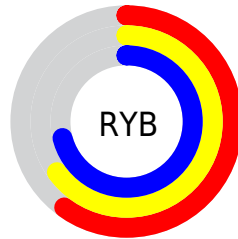
The CIELCh color **71, 9.058, 209.208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **67, 10.027, 29.683**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 9.025, 208.844**, and **51, 8.786, 210.107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 14.448, 209.187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 3.277, 209.391**.

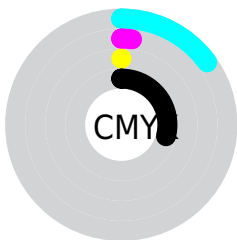
# Distribution



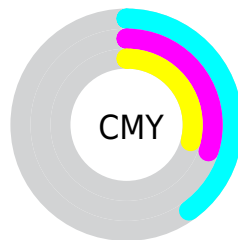
- Red (60%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71, 9.058, 209.208

■ 71, 9.058, 209.208

■ 100, 9.058,  
209.208

■ 61, 9.058, 209.208

■ 91, 9.058, 209.208

■ 51, 9.058, 209.208

■ 41, 9.058, 209.208

■ 31, 9.058, 209.208

■ 21, 9.058, 209.208

■ 11, 9.058, 209.208

■ 1, 9.058, 209.208

■ 0, 9.058, 209.208

■ 71, 9.058, 209.208

■ 71, 9.058, 209.208

69, 14.448,  
209.187

73, 3.277, 209.391

68, 19.351,  
209.316

75, 2.810, 29.220

77, 9.126, 29.580

66, 23.670,  
209.607

79, 15.605, 29.882

65, 27.313,  
210.093

81, 22.196, 30.203

83, 25.946, 31.351

64, 30.208,  
210.812

83, 25.431, 33.771

63, 32.314,  
211.806

84, 24.964, 36.288

84, 24.548, 38.898

62, 33.634,  
213.115

61, 34.237,  
214.772

61, 34.398,

215.591

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 9.058, 209.208



67, 10.027, 29.683

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 9.058, 209.208



71, 9.058, 259.208



71, 9.058, 29.208



71, 9.058, 79.208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 9.059, 209.198



93, 3.749, 209.406



71, 17.435, 146.307



50, 2.574, 209.376



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 9.059, 209.198



90, 13.696, 209.178



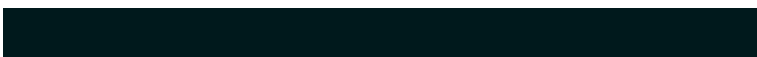
67, 10.011, 267.583



38, 3.414, 209.279



53, 30.728, 215.335



7, 9.059, 213.777



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 17.380, 328.361



83, 26.626, 328.591



70, 10.169, 83.444



36, 6.421, 327.997



36, 73.537, 332.941



3, 16.872, 329.260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

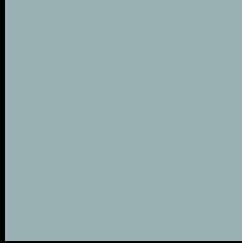
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

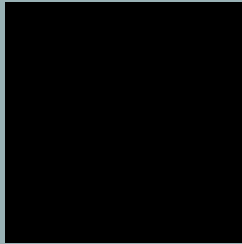
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

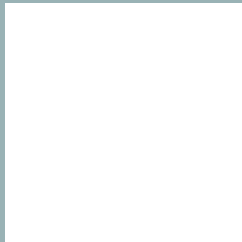
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 71, 9.058, 209.208

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 9.058, 209.208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
71, 10.693, 244.812

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 9.058, 209.208

**Protanomaly**  
71, 3.629, 236.389

**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 6.073, 297.718

**Tritanomaly**  
71, 9.933, 232.332

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
71, 9.058, 209.208

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
70, 3.362, 208.649

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 9.058, 209.208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 178, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 178, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 178, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 178, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 9.058, 209.208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 178, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 178, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 178, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 178, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 178, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 178,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 9.058, 209.208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 178, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
178, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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