

Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 0.640, 146.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(72, 0.640, 146.234) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(72, 0.656, 144.770)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0B1B0
RGB	176, 177, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.3109, 0.3069, 0.3109
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.31
HSL	120°, 1%, 69%
HSV	120°, 1%, 69%
XYZ	41.3210, 43.6590, 47.1825
YIQ	176.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	176, 177, 177
Decimal	11579824
CIELab	72.00, -0.54, 0.38
CIElCh	72, 0.656, 144.770
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3127, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289769904 (0xFFB0B1B0)
YUV	176.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -4.0036, 3.9150

Details

The CIELCh color $72, 0.656, 144.770$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $72, 0.674, 324.127$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92, 0.621, 144.884$, and $52, 0.007, 296.813$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70, 12.485, 143.844$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 10.963, 324.890$.

Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (69%)

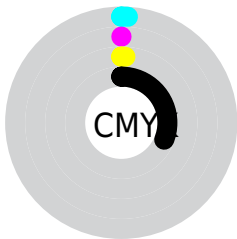
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72, 0.656, 144.770

■ 72, 0.656, 144.770

100, 0.656,
144.770

■ 62, 0.656, 144.770

■ 92, 0.656, 144.770

■ 52, 0.656, 144.770

■ 42, 0.656, 144.770

■ 32, 0.656, 144.770

■ 22, 0.656, 144.770

■ 12, 0.656, 144.770

■ 2, 0.656, 144.770

■ 0, 0.656, 144.770

■ 72, 0.656, 144.770

■ 72, 0.656, 144.770

70, 12.485,
143.844

74, 10.963,
324.890

69, 24.400,
143.142

76, 22.298,
325.323

67, 36.235,
142.331

78, 33.300,
325.684

66, 47.766,
141.401

81, 43.944,
325.989

65, 58.703,
140.360

82, 48.982,
326.117

64, 68.686,
139.246

64, 77.288,
138.134

63, 84.040,
137.148

63, 88.534,

136.429

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 0.656, 144.770



72, 0.674, 324.127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 0.656, 144.770



72, 0.656, 194.770



72, 0.656, 324.770



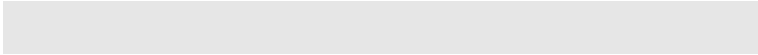
72, 0.656, 14.770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 0.658, 144.771



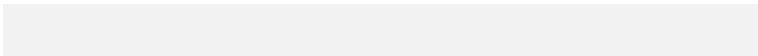
91, 0.011, 296.813



72, 0.536, 110.016



48, 0.006, 296.813



96, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 0.658, 144.771



91, 1.442, 144.587



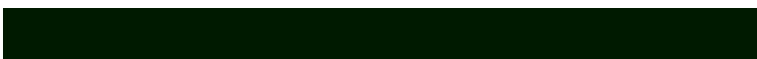
72, 0.460, 164.409



38, 0.665, 144.610



55, 81.801, 136.017



6, 16.259, 144.445

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 0.674, 324.127



91, 1.461, 324.304



72, 0.473, 342.914



38, 0.675, 324.282



36, 78.921, 328.236



3, 16.260, 324.443

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

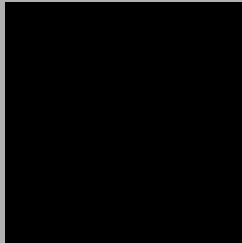
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

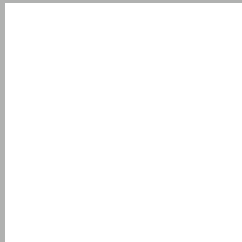
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 72, 0.656, 144.770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 0.656, 144.770.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72, 0.656, 144.770

Protanopia

72, 1.593, 39.106

Deuteranopia

72, 8.976, 358.921



Tritanopia
72, 7.725, 299.043

Trichromacy



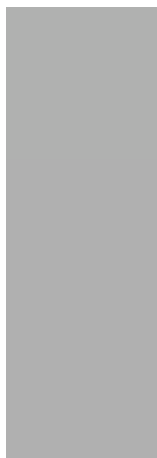
Original Color
72, 0.656, 144.770

Protanomaly
72, 0.918, 55.080

Deuteranomaly
72, 5.733, 357.577

Tritanomaly
72, 4.381, 295.427

Monochromacy



Original Color
72, 0.656, 144.770

Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 0.009, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 0.656, 144.770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 177, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 177, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 177, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 177, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 0.656, 144.770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

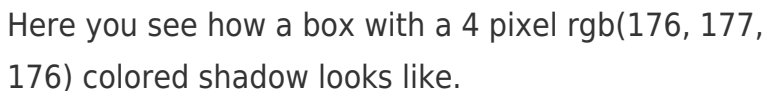
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 177, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 177, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 177, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 177, 176); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 177, 176); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 177, 176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 0.656, 144.770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 177, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
177, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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