

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 17.344, 30.411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 17.344, 30.411) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 17.034, 31.706)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1A7A1
RGB	209, 167, 161
RGB Percent	82%, 65%, 63%
CMY	0.1812, 0.3458, 0.3694
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.23, 0.18
HSL	8°, 34%, 72%
HSV	8°, 23%, 82%
XYZ	46.4368, 43.6590, 39.6093
YIQ	178.8740, 26.9580, 7.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

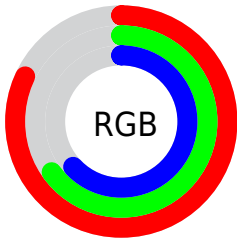
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">209, 168, 161</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13739937</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.00, 14.49, 8.95</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 17.034, 31.706</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.6590, 0.3580, 0.3366</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291930017 (0xFFD1A7A1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">178.8740, -8.8119, 26.4205</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.0750, 9.8168, 10.7105</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 17.034, 31.706** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **79, 14.539, 211.240**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 12.643, 34.310**, and **52, 17.021, 30.915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 25.479, 32.245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 9.229, 31.352**.

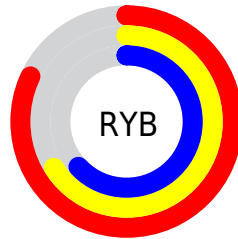
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (65%)

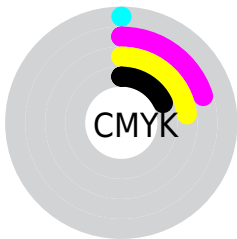
Blue (63%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (63%)

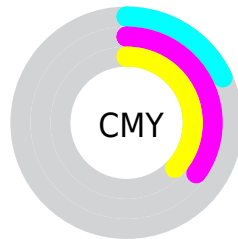


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72, 17.034, 31.706

72, 17.034, 31.706

100, 17.034,  
31.706

62, 17.034, 31.706

92, 17.034, 31.706

52, 17.034, 31.706

42, 17.034, 31.706

32, 17.034, 31.706

22, 17.034, 31.706

12, 17.034, 31.706

2, 17.034, 31.706

0, 17.034, 31.706

72, 17.034, 31.706

72, 17.034, 31.706

67, 25.479, 32.245

77, 9.229, 31.352

62, 34.570, 33.011

82, 2.035, 30.941

58, 44.255, 34.072

87, 4.600, 211.263

54, 54.403, 35.475

93, 10.731,  
211.188

51, 64.753, 37.215

97, 15.377,  
198.482

48, 74.775, 39.130

46, 83.304, 40.692

45, 87.853, 41.489

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 17.034, 31.706



79, 14.539, 211.240

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 17.034, 31.706



72, 17.034, 81.706



72, 17.034, 211.706



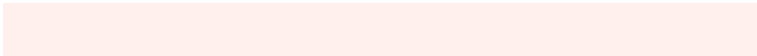
72, 17.034, 261.706

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 17.033, 31.714



96, 5.711, 31.170



72, 28.868, 329.128



51, 3.720, 31.190



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 17.033, 31.714



83, 24.954, 31.972



78, 17.409, 83.941



41, 3.978, 31.244



36, 74.493, 41.705



5, 18.555, 25.995





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 14.539, 211.240



93, 20.432, 211.330



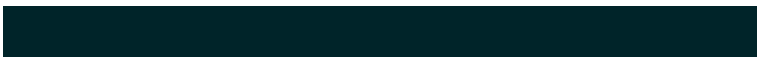
73, 17.065, 270.343



43, 3.744, 211.215



56, 32.205, 219.171

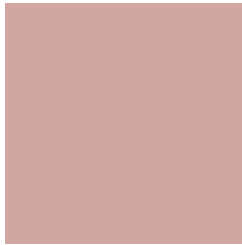


12, 12.501, 214.222



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

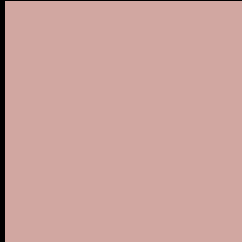
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

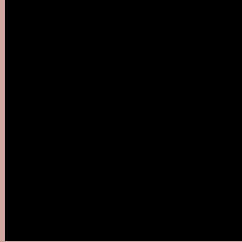
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 17.034, 31.706

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 17.034, 31.706.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72, 17.034, 31.706

### Protanopia

72, 5.879, 86.513

### Deuteranopia

72, 13.092, 44.611



**Tritanopia**  
72, 19.316, 359.915



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 17.034, 31.706

**Protanomaly**  
72, 8.878, 53.109

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 14.384, 40.150

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 17.761, 10.540

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 17.034, 31.706

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
73, 5.960, 35.567

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 17.034, 31.706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 167, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 167, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 167, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 167, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 17.034, 31.706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 167, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 167, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 167, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 167, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 167, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 167,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 17.034, 31.706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 167, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
167, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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