

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 19.356, 198.004)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 19.356, 198.004)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 19.583, 197.893)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81BBBB
RGB	129, 187, 187
RGB Percent	51%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.4951, 0.2676, 0.2676
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	180°, 30%, 62%
HSV	180°, 31%, 73%
XYZ	35.6759, 43.6590, 53.4198
YIQ	169.6580, -34.5680, -12.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

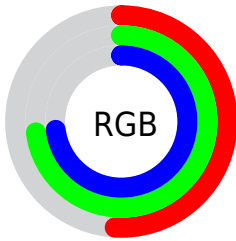
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	129, 158, 187
Decimal	8502203
CIELab	72.00, -18.64, -6.02
CIELCh	72, 19.583, 197.893
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2687, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286692283 (0xFF81BBBB)
YUV	169.6580, 8.5496, -35.6571
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -19.2536, -1.6819

# Details

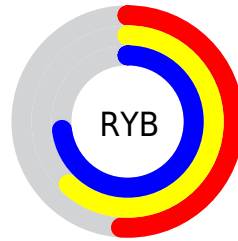
The CIELCh color **72, 19.583, 197.893** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60, 24.187, 22.006**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 19.417, 198.179**, and **52, 19.835, 197.450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 24.795, 197.487**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 13.762, 198.351**.

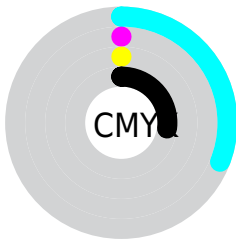
# Distribution



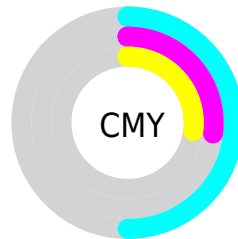
- Red (51%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72, 19.583,  
197.893


 72, 19.583,  
197.893


 100, 19.583,  
197.893


 62, 19.583,  
197.893


 92, 19.583,  
197.893

 52, 19.583,  
197.893

 42, 19.583,  
197.893

 32, 19.583,  
197.893

 22, 19.583,  
197.893

 12, 19.583,  
197.893

 2, 19.583, 197.893

0, 19.583, 197.893

72, 19.583,  
197.893

72, 19.583,  
197.893

71, 24.795,  
197.487

73, 13.762,  
198.351

70, 29.296,  
197.146

74, 7.440, 198.880

70, 33.003,  
196.870

76, 0.725, 200.068

77, 6.282, 19.829

69, 35.865,  
196.659

79, 13.495, 20.465

69, 37.876,  
196.513

81, 20.840, 21.086

82, 26.472, 21.560

69, 39.082,  
196.425

82, 26.472, 21.560

■ 69, 39.656,  
196.383

■ 82, 26.472, 21.559

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 19.583, 197.893



60, 24.187, 22.006

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 19.583, 197.893



72, 19.583, 247.893



72, 19.583, 17.893



72, 19.583, 67.893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 19.583, 197.889



94, 7.520, 198.994



71, 38.293, 141.886



50, 5.248, 198.906



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 19.583, 197.889



90, 28.046, 197.619



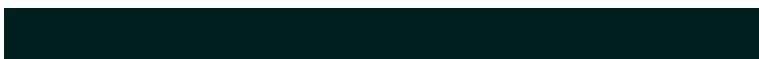
64, 18.228, 258.410



39, 3.863, 198.981



59, 35.060, 196.383



9, 11.663, 196.736



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 24.187, 22.006



72, 36.438, 22.890



67, 20.033, 69.846



37, 4.096, 19.916



32, 72.802, 39.664

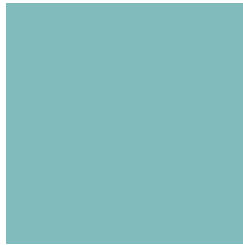


3, 12.251, 19.404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

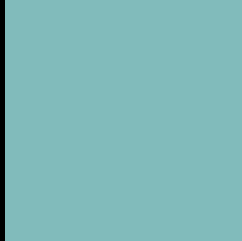
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

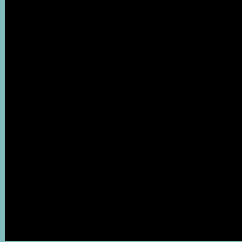
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

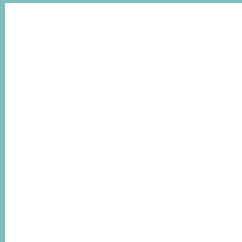
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 19.583, 197.893

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893.

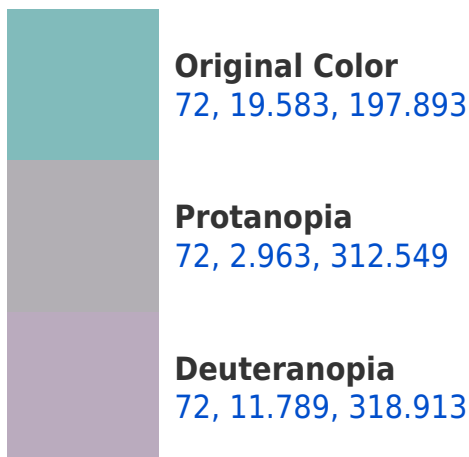


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 19.583, 197.893.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

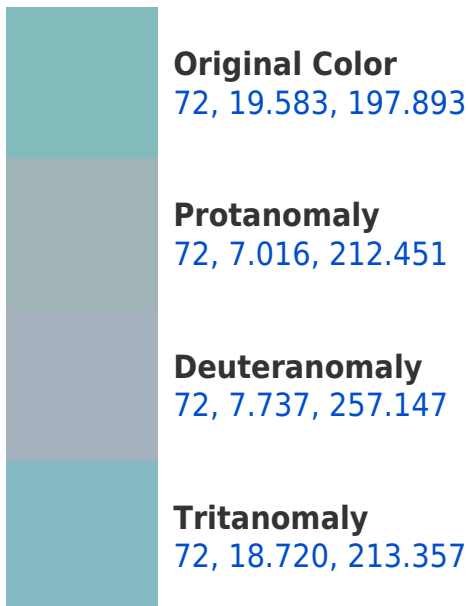






**Tritanopia**  
72, 18.911, 223.981

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 19.583, 197.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 187, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 187, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 187, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 187, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 19.583, 197.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 187, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 187, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 187, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 187, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 187, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 187, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 19.583, 197.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 187, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
187, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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