

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 22.730, 0.044)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 22.730, 0.044) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 22.579, 0.592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9A2B1
RGB	217, 162, 177
RGB Percent	85%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.1498, 0.3654, 0.3066
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.18, 0.15
HSL	344°, 42%, 74%
HSV	344°, 25%, 85%
XYZ	49.3565, 43.6590, 47.3183
YIQ	180.1550, 27.9650, 16.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

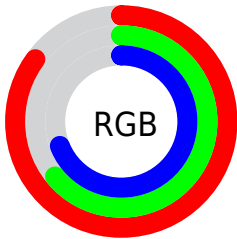
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 162, 177
Decimal	14262961
CIE Lab	72.00, 22.58, 0.23
CIE LCh	72, 22.579, 0.592
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3517, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292453041 (0xFFD9A2B1)
YUV	180.1550, -1.5554, 32.3131
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 17.7041, 3.7931

# Details

The CIELCh color  $72, 22.579, 0.592$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $83, 20.797, 175.445$ , and the grayscale version is  $73, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 16.022, 349.496$ , and  $52, 22.503, 359.844$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67, 31.959, 2.038$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $78, 13.411, 359.374$ .

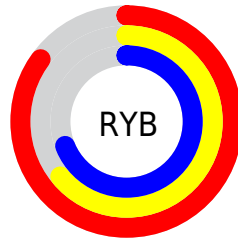
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (64%)

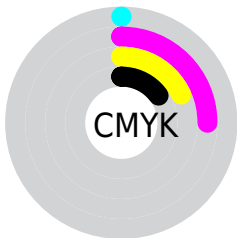
Blue (69%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (69%)

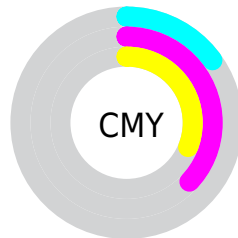


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 22.579, 0.592       72, 22.579, 0.592

 100, 22.579, 0.592       62, 22.579, 0.592

 92, 22.579, 0.592       52, 22.579, 0.592

 42, 22.579, 0.592

 32, 22.579, 0.592

 22, 22.579, 0.592

 12, 22.579, 0.592

 2, 22.579, 0.592

 0, 22.579, 0.592

 72, 22.579, 0.592       72, 22.579, 0.592

67, 31.959, 2.038

78, 13.411,  
359.374

62, 41.355, 3.784

83, 4.581, 358.266

57, 50.460, 5.947

89, 3.860, 177.614

53, 58.879, 8.671

95, 11.897,  
176.731

50, 66.213, 12.125

47, 72.209, 16.455

97, 12.837,  
198.649

46, 76.941, 21.676

46, 78.999, 24.196

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 22.579, 0.592



83, 20.797, 175.445

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 22.579, 0.592



72, 22.579, 50.592



72, 22.579, 180.592



72, 22.579, 230.592

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 22.577, 0.596



95, 7.843, 358.570



72, 33.073, 317.343



50, 5.592, 358.735



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 22.577, 0.596



80, 30.712, 1.272



75, 18.419, 40.912



43, 4.939, 358.719



36, 66.473, 23.242



5, 23.837, 8.327





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 22.577, 0.596



80, 30.712, 1.272



80, 15.547, 222.732



43, 4.939, 358.719



36, 66.473, 23.242



5, 23.837, 8.327



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

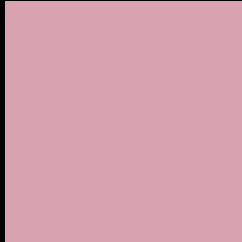
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

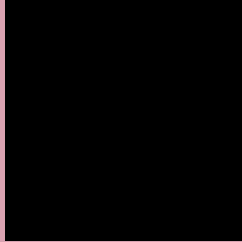
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 72, 22.579, 0.592**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592.

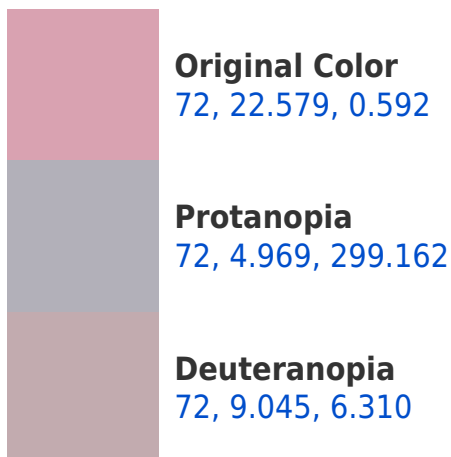


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 22.579, 0.592.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
72, 22.306, 3.239



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 22.579, 0.592

**Protanomaly**  
72, 9.924, 343.245

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 13.713, 2.249

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 22.436, 1.907

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 22.579, 0.592

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
73, 8.248, 356.889

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 22.579, 0.592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 162, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 162, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 162, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 162, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 22.579, 0.592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 162, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 162, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 162, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 162, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 162, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 162,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 22.579, 0.592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 162, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
162, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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