

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 25.015, 82.755)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 25.015, 82.755) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 25.288, 82.531)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7AD83
RGB	199, 173, 131
RGB Percent	78%, 68%, 51%
CMY	0.2197, 0.3216, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.34, 0.22
HSL	37°, 38%, 65%
HSV	37°, 34%, 78%
XYZ	42.5848, 43.6590, 27.6499
YIQ	175.9860, 28.9780, -7.5500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

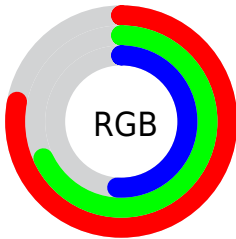
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	173, 199, 131
Decimal	13086083
CIELab	72.00, 3.29, 25.07
CIELCh	72, 25.288, 82.531
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3739, 0.3833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291276163 (0xFFC7AD83)
YUV	175.9860, -22.1781, 20.1833
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -0.5893, 21.4419

# Details

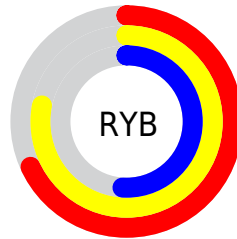
The CIELCh color **72, 25.288, 82.531** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **64, 24.545, 272.573**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 25.043, 83.518**, and **52, 25.426, 82.868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 33.085, 81.148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 17.649, 83.886**.

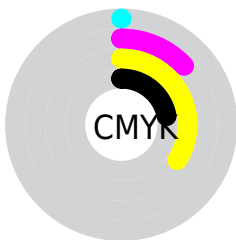
# Distribution



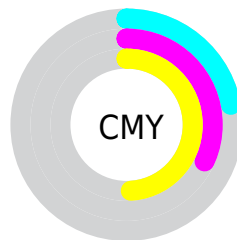
- Red (78%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 25.288, 82.531

 72, 25.288, 82.531

 100, 25.288,  
82.531

 62, 25.288, 82.531

 92, 25.288, 82.531

 52, 25.288, 82.531

 42, 25.288, 82.531

 32, 25.288, 82.531

 22, 25.288, 82.531

 12, 25.288, 82.531

 2, 25.288, 82.531

 0, 25.288, 82.531

 72, 25.288, 82.531

 72, 25.288, 82.531

70, 33.085, 81.148

74, 17.649, 83.886

67, 40.954, 79.713

77, 10.203, 85.191

65, 48.715, 78.209

79, 2.957, 86.399

63, 56.025, 76.578

82, 4.095, 267.789

61, 62.292, 74.702

84, 10.964,  
268.928

59, 66.693, 72.372

87, 17.665,  
270.048

58, 68.559, 70.859

89, 17.193,  
260.146

91, 15.582,  
243.871

93, 15.393,  
225.810

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 25.288, 82.531



64, 24.545, 272.573

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 25.288, 82.531



72, 25.288, 132.531



72, 25.288, 262.531



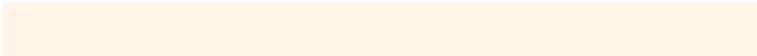
72, 25.288, 312.531

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 25.289, 82.537



97, 8.753, 85.698



62, 30.018, 354.137



51, 5.985, 85.520



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 25.289, 82.537



88, 37.450, 81.509



78, 35.804, 112.068



41, 4.052, 85.793



48, 59.148, 71.370



9, 13.465, 72.647





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 24.545, 272.573



77, 36.136, 274.230



58, 38.878, 298.209



39, 4.030, 268.292



30, 63.928, 293.243

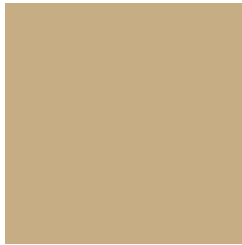


4, 15.910, 278.483



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

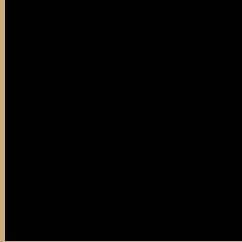
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 25.288, 82.531

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 25.288, 82.531.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


72, 25.288, 82.531

### Protanopia

72, 24.359, 95.081

### Deuteranopia

72, 26.138, 69.514



**Tritanopia**  
72, 15.509, 356.079



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 25.288, 82.531

**Protanomaly**  
72, 24.439, 90.097

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 25.485, 73.087

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 13.595, 36.548

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 25.288, 82.531

**Achromatopsia**  
72, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 8.854, 85.985

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 25.288, 82.531 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 173, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 173, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 173, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 173, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 25.288, 82.531 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 173, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 173, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 173, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 173, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 173, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 173,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 25.288, 82.531 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 173, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
173, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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