

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 27.481, 13.286)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 27.481, 13.286) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 27.492, 13.083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E39EA6
RGB	227, 158, 166
RGB Percent	89%, 62%, 65%
CMY	0.1089, 0.3795, 0.3482
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.27, 0.11
HSL	353°, 55%, 76%
HSV	353°, 30%, 89%
XYZ	50.9203, 43.6590, 41.9245
YIQ	179.5430, 38.5560, 17.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

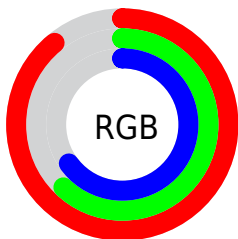
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 158, 166
Decimal	14917286
CIE Lab	72.00, 26.78, 6.22
CIE LCh	72, 27.492, 13.083
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3730, 0.3198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293107366 (0xFFE39EA6)
YUV	179.5430, -6.6767, 41.6198
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 21.9289, 8.6330

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 27.492, 13.083** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **86, 23.388, 187.413**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 15.972, 5.585**, and **52, 27.377, 13.404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 37.479, 14.703**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 17.907, 11.786**.

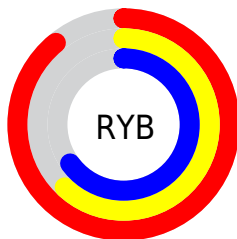
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (62%)

Blue (65%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (65%)

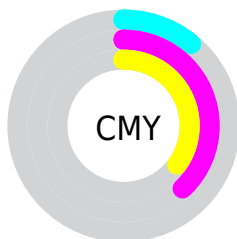


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72, 27.492, 13.083

72, 27.492, 13.083

100, 27.492,  
13.083

62, 27.492, 13.083

92, 27.492, 13.083

52, 27.492, 13.083

42, 27.492, 13.083

32, 27.492, 13.083

22, 27.492, 13.083

12, 27.492, 13.083

2, 27.492, 13.083

0, 27.492, 13.083

72, 27.492, 13.083

72, 27.492, 13.083

66, 37.479, 14.703

78, 17.907, 11.786

61, 47.681, 16.744

84, 8.835, 10.703

57, 57.803, 19.343

90, 0.308, 7.999

53, 67.490, 22.634

96, 7.679, 189.243

50, 76.411, 26.678

98, 9.436, 198.880

48, 84.298, 31.312

48, 90.672, 35.636

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 27.492, 13.083



86, 23.388, 187.413

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 27.492, 13.083



72, 27.492, 63.083



72, 27.492, 193.083



72, 27.492, 243.083

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 27.490, 13.087



94, 8.384, 10.570



73, 42.857, 322.684



49, 5.853, 10.718



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 27.490, 13.087



76, 36.336, 13.989



78, 22.418, 58.979



45, 4.863, 10.611



37, 75.044, 34.877



6, 26.787, 16.954





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 27.490, 13.087



76, 36.336, 13.989



79, 19.355, 245.956



45, 4.863, 10.611



37, 75.044, 34.877



6, 26.787, 16.954



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

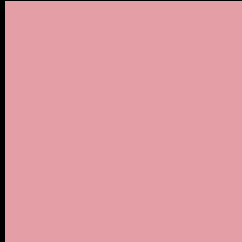
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 72, 27.492, 13.083**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083.

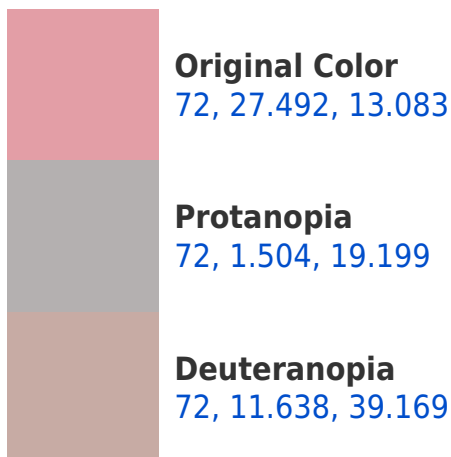


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 27.492, 13.083.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

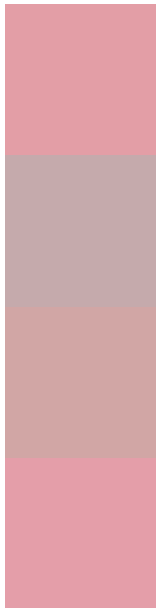




**Tritanopia**  
72, 28.038, 8.878



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 27.492, 13.083

**Protanomaly**  
72, 10.447, 14.347

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 16.941, 22.696

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 27.984, 9.968

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 27.492, 13.083

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
73, 9.702, 10.601

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 27.492, 13.083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 158, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 158, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 158, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 158, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 27.492, 13.083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 158, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 158, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 158, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 158, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 158, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 158,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 27.492, 13.083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 158, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
158, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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