

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 31.801, 25.567)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 31.801, 25.567) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(72, 31.788, 25.218)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA9C99
RGB	234, 156, 153
RGB Percent	92%, 61%, 60%
CMY	0.0817, 0.3876, 0.3994
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.35, 0.08
HSL	2°, 66%, 76%
HSV	2°, 35%, 92%
XYZ	51.6688, 43.6590, 35.9095
YIQ	178.9800, 47.4510, 15.6030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

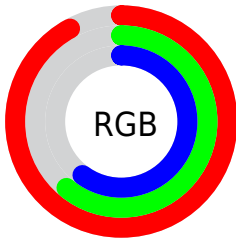
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	234, 156, 153
Decimal	15375513
CIE Lab	72.00, 28.76, 13.54
CIE LCh	72, 31.788, 25.218
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3937, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293565593 (0xFFEA9C99)
YUV	178.9800, -12.8081, 48.2525
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 23.9508, 14.0304

# Details

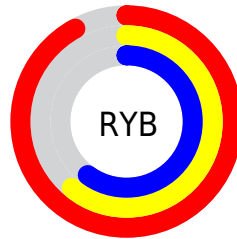
The CIELCh color **72, 31.788, 25.218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **87, 24.817, 201.458**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 16.707, 27.674**, and **52, 31.655, 25.392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 42.480, 26.606**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 21.735, 24.175**.

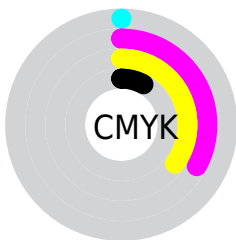
# Distribution



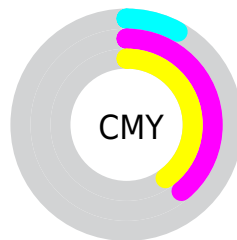
- Red (92%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72, 31.788, 25.218

72, 31.788, 25.218

100, 31.788,  
25.218

62, 31.788, 25.218

92, 31.788, 25.218

52, 31.788, 25.218

42, 31.788, 25.218

32, 31.788, 25.218

22, 31.788, 25.218

12, 31.788, 25.218

2, 31.788, 25.218

0, 31.788, 25.218

72, 31.788, 25.218

72, 31.788, 25.218

67, 42.480, 26.606

78, 21.735, 24.175

62, 53.667, 28.422

84, 12.389, 23.374

57, 65.088, 30.750

90, 3.747, 22.674

54, 76.337, 33.590

96, 4.229, 202.550

51, 86.711, 36.689

99, 7.127, 199.047

50, 94.676, 39.240

49, 97.586, 40.290

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 31.788, 25.218



87, 24.817, 201.458

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 31.788, 25.218



72, 31.788, 75.218



72, 31.788, 205.218



72, 31.788, 255.218

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 31.786, 25.223



93, 8.928, 23.063



74, 50.261, 327.257



49, 6.126, 23.158



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 31.786, 25.223



73, 42.512, 26.238



82, 27.723, 74.465



46, 4.729, 23.025



38, 80.333, 40.394



7, 27.774, 24.660





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 24.817, 201.458



93, 31.157, 201.317



76, 25.657, 264.722



48, 4.450, 202.304



65, 36.839, 202.418



19, 15.886, 201.493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

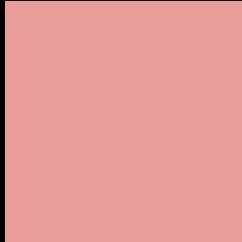
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 31.788, 25.218

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218.

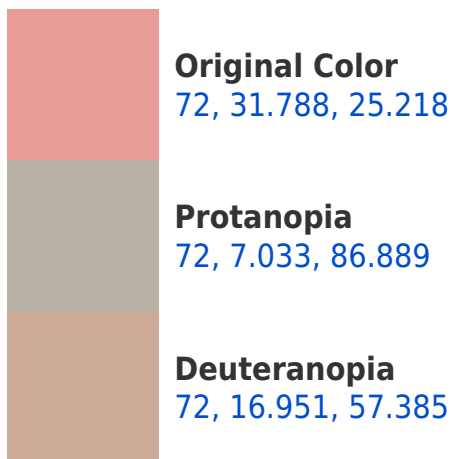


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 31.788, 25.218.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
72, 32.461, 11.244



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 31.788, 25.218

**Protanomaly**  
72, 14.001, 40.686

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 21.215, 40.191

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 32.022, 16.776

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 31.788, 25.218

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 10.857, 23.140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 31.788, 25.218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 156, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 156, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 156, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 156, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 31.788, 25.218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 156, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 156, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 156, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 156, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 156, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 156,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 31.788, 25.218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 156, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
156, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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