

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 34.684, 53.422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 34.684, 53.422) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 34.596, 52.943)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4A17F
RGB	228, 161, 127
RGB Percent	89%, 63%, 50%
CMY	0.1048, 0.3676, 0.5010
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.44, 0.10
HSL	20°, 65%, 70%
HSV	20°, 44%, 90%
XYZ	48.7218, 43.6590, 26.0223
YIQ	177.1570, 50.8460, 3.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

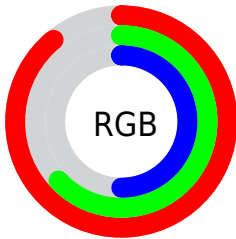
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 178, 127
Decimal	14983551
CIE Lab	72.00, 20.85, 27.61
CIE LCh	72, 34.596, 52.943
Yxy	43.6590, 0.4115, 0.3687
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293173631 (0xFFE4A17F)
YUV	177.1570, -24.7274, 44.5893
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 15.9897, 22.9023

# Details

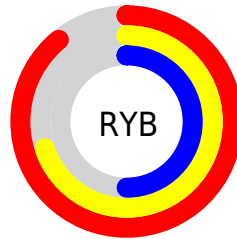
The CIELCh color **72, 34.596, 52.943** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **75, 26.624, 242.255**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 24.335, 69.624**, and **52, 34.745, 53.196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 43.977, 52.448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 25.800, 53.538**.

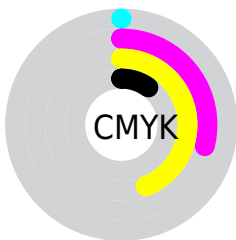
# Distribution



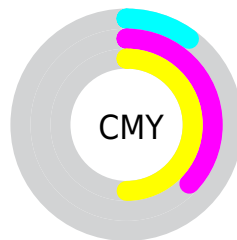
- Red (89%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 34.596, 52.943

 72, 34.596, 52.943

 100, 34.596,  
52.943

 62, 34.596, 52.943

 92, 34.596, 52.943

 52, 34.596, 52.943

 42, 34.596, 52.943

 32, 34.596, 52.943

 22, 34.596, 52.943

 12, 34.596, 52.943

 2, 34.596, 52.943

 0, 34.596, 52.943

 72, 34.596, 52.943

 72, 34.596, 52.943

68, 43.977, 52.448

76, 25.800, 53.538

64, 53.854, 52.023

80, 17.602, 54.206

61, 63.967, 51.605

84, 9.975, 54.925

58, 73.711, 50.996

89, 2.873, 55.581

55, 81.876, 49.765

93, 3.757, 236.729

54, 85.666, 48.822

97, 8.210, 209.332

98, 9.090, 198.904

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 34.596, 52.943



75, 26.624, 242.255

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 34.596, 52.943



72, 34.596, 102.943



72, 34.596, 232.943



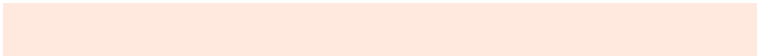
72, 34.596, 282.943

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 34.595, 52.948



94, 9.907, 55.011



66, 50.899, 339.234



49, 6.988, 54.849



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 34.595, 52.948



76, 46.836, 52.491



84, 43.995, 97.235



46, 3.922, 55.270



42, 70.852, 49.399



10, 21.856, 43.865



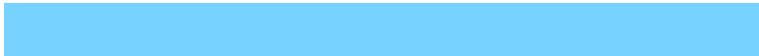


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 26.624, 242.255



80, 33.802, 244.425



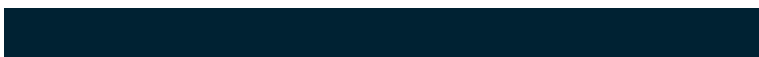
62, 47.300, 289.271



46, 3.744, 237.052



47, 39.825, 262.496



12, 15.349, 253.090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

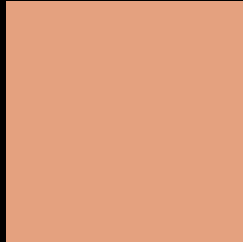
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

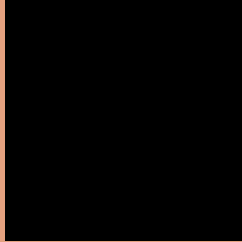
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 34.596, 52.943

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 34.596, 52.943.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
72, 30.435, 10.226



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 34.596, 52.943 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 161, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 161, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 161, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 161, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 34.596, 52.943 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 161, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 161, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 161, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 161, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 161, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 161, 127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 34.596, 52.943 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 161, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
161, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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