

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 37.132, 73.199)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 37.132, 73.199) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 37.178, 73.171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8A870
RGB	216, 168, 112
RGB Percent	85%, 66%, 44%
CMY	0.1538, 0.3420, 0.5615
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.48, 0.15
HSL	32°, 57%, 64%
HSV	32°, 48%, 85%
XYZ	45.1304, 43.6590, 21.3205
YIQ	175.9680, 46.5840, -7.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

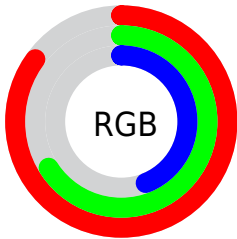
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 216, 112
Decimal	14198896
CIE Lab	72.00, 10.76, 35.59
CIE LCh	72, 37.178, 73.171
Yxy	43.6590, 0.4099, 0.3965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292388976 (0xFFD8A870)
YUV	175.9680, -31.5362, 35.1081
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 6.2876, 27.1213

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 37.178, 73.171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **65, 33.474, 268.553**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 32.658, 84.638**, and **52, 37.130, 72.931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 45.631, 71.784**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 28.907, 74.528**.

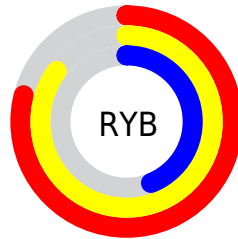
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (66%)

Blue (44%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (44%)

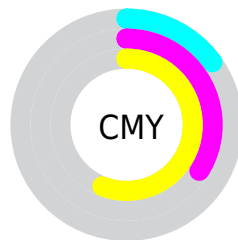


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 72, 37.178, 73.171

 72, 37.178, 73.171

 100, 37.178,  
73.171

 62, 37.178, 73.171

 92, 37.178, 73.171

 52, 37.178, 73.171

 42, 37.178, 73.171


 32, 37.178, 73.171

 22, 37.178, 73.171

 12, 37.178, 73.171

 2, 37.178, 73.171

 0, 37.178, 73.171

 72, 37.178, 73.171

 72, 37.178, 73.171

69, 45.631, 71.784

75, 28.907, 74.528

67, 54.056, 70.310

78, 20.911, 75.853

64, 62.020, 68.654

81, 13.219, 77.150

62, 68.757, 66.614

84, 5.828, 78.395

59, 73.416, 63.934

87, 1.279, 259.981

59, 74.201, 63.451

90, 8.126, 260.952

93, 11.452,  
251.433

95, 11.213,  
219.113

97, 13.164,  
198.627

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 37.178, 73.171



65, 33.474, 268.553

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 37.178, 73.171



72, 37.178, 123.171



72, 37.178, 253.171



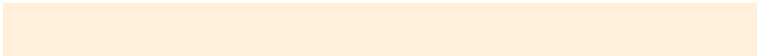
72, 37.178, 303.171

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



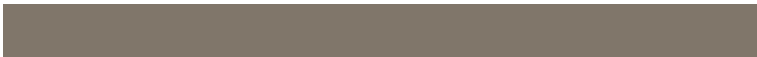
72, 37.178, 73.176



95, 11.558, 77.664



60, 46.878, 350.839



50, 8.015, 77.389



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 37.178, 73.176



81, 52.115, 71.732



84, 52.771, 107.159



44, 4.028, 78.247



47, 62.200, 64.092



10, 17.104, 63.890



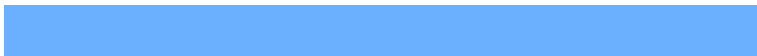


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 33.474, 268.553



70, 45.970, 271.630



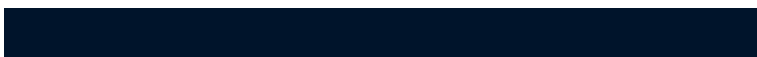
52, 60.201, 297.980



43, 3.963, 260.782



35, 57.380, 287.360



6, 18.156, 276.326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

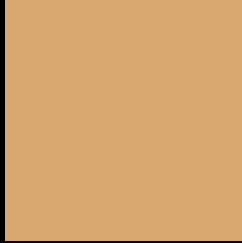
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

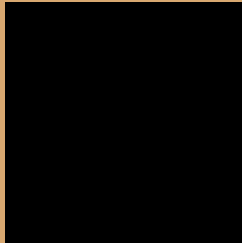
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 37.178, 73.171

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171.

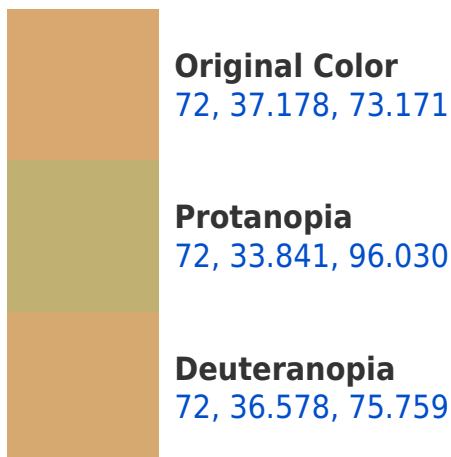


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 37.178, 73.171.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
72, 24.517, 6.508



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 37.178, 73.171

**Protanomaly**  
72, 34.391, 87.326

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 36.825, 75.198

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 24.066, 38.098

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 37.178, 73.171

**Achromatopsia**  
72, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 12.812, 77.204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 37.178, 73.171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 168, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 168, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 168, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 168, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 37.178, 73.171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 168, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 168, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 168, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 168, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 168, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 168,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 37.178, 73.171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 168, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
168, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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