

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 37.154, 167.645)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 37.154, 167.645)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(72, 37.154, 167.645)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(72, 37.154, 167.645)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62C2A1
RGB	98, 194, 161
RGB Percent	38%, 76%, 63%
CMY	0.6164, 0.2399, 0.3693
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.17, 0.24
HSL	159°, 44%, 57%
HSV	159°, 50%, 76%
XYZ	30.6884, 43.6590, 40.4496
YIQ	161.5340, -46.6230, -30.6150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

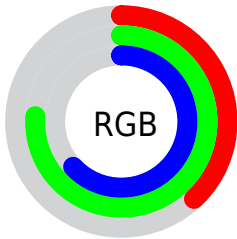
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	98, 156, 194
Decimal	6472353
CIELab	72.00, -36.29, 7.95
CIELCh	72, 37.154, 167.645
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2673, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284662433 (0xFF62C2A1)
YUV	161.5340, -0.2633, -55.7193
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -32.7272, 9.9565

# Details

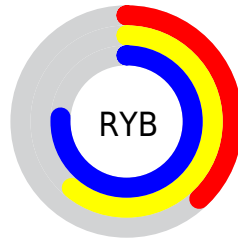
The CIELCh color **72, 37.154, 167.645** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **54, 41.993, 359.356**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 37.137, 167.861**, and **52, 37.460, 167.138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 43.335, 166.198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 30.361, 168.941**.

# Distribution



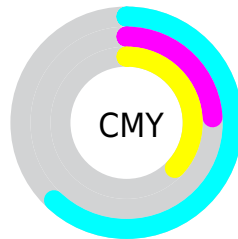
- Red (38%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72, 37.154,  
167.645


 72, 37.154,  
167.645


 100, 37.154,  
167.645


 62, 37.154,  
167.645


 92, 37.154,  
167.645

 52, 37.154,  
167.645

 42, 37.154,  
167.645

 32, 37.154,  
167.645

 22, 37.154,  
167.645

 12, 37.154,  
167.645

 2, 37.154, 167.645

■ 0, 37.154, 167.645

■ 72, 37.154,  
167.645

■ 72, 37.154,  
167.645

■ 71, 43.335,  
166.198

■ 73, 30.361,  
168.941

■ 71, 48.796,  
164.578

■ 74, 23.083,  
170.115

■ 70, 53.472,  
162.763

■ 75, 15.453,  
171.189

■ 70, 57.359,  
160.743

■ 77, 7.595, 172.197

■ 70, 60.608,  
158.576

■ 78, 0.382, 351.861

■ 80, 8.385, 353.837

■ 70, 60.757,  
158.477

■ 82, 16.343,  
354.658

■ 84, 24.203,  
355.419

■ 84, 26.364,  
349.286

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 37.154, 167.645



54, 41.993, 359.356

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 37.154, 167.645



72, 37.154, 217.645



72, 37.154, 347.645



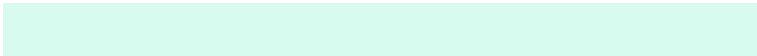
72, 37.154, 37.645

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 37.155, 167.644



96, 14.763, 171.627



72, 55.995, 131.748



51, 10.137, 171.409



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 37.155, 167.644



90, 53.155, 166.135



69, 25.818, 215.606



40, 4.518, 172.214



58, 52.560, 158.818



10, 16.272, 164.851



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 41.993, 359.356



64, 61.287, 1.607



56, 37.758, 35.615



38, 4.623, 353.819



34, 60.799, 16.421

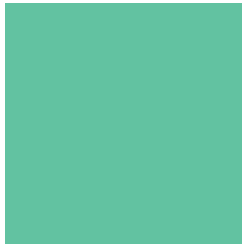


3, 14.800, 1.234



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

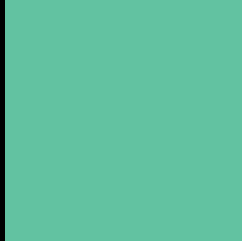
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

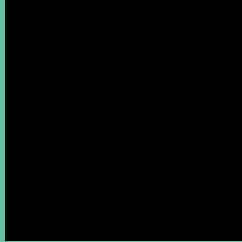
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 37.154, 167.645

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645.

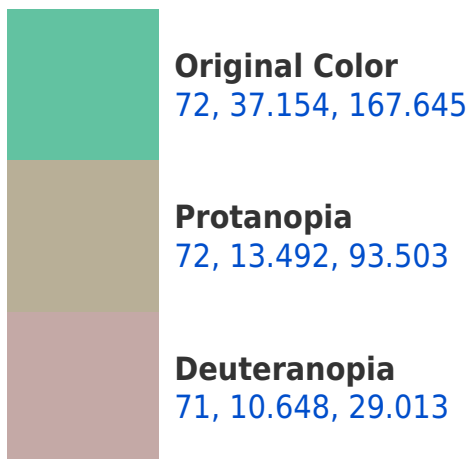


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 37.154, 167.645.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

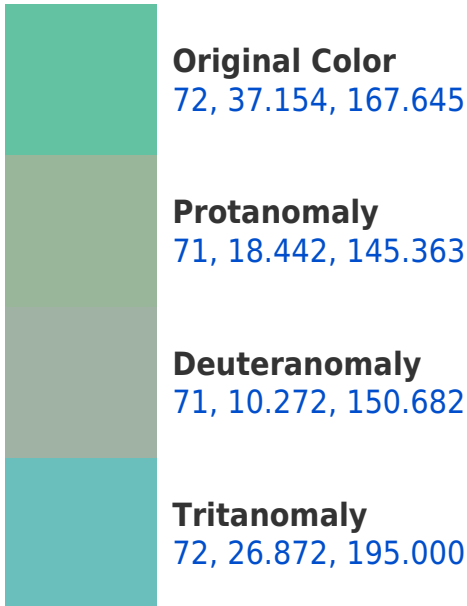




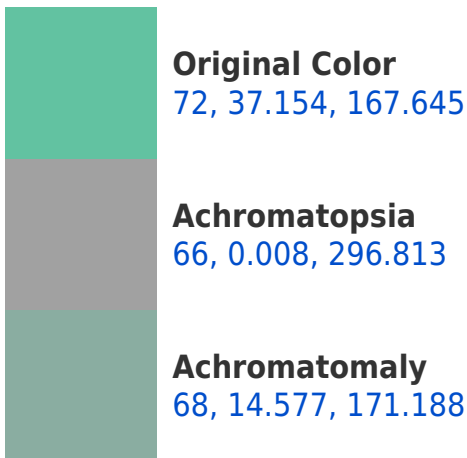


**Tritanopia**  
72, 25.100, 216.873

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 37.154, 167.645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 194, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 194, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 194, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 194, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 37.154, 167.645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 194, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 194, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 194, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 194, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 194, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 194,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 37.154, 167.645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 194, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 194,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor