

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 38.757, 71.432)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 38.757, 71.432) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(72, 38.757, 71.432)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DBA76E
RGB	219, 167, 110
RGB Percent	86%, 65%, 43%
CMY	0.1424, 0.3462, 0.5697
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.50, 0.14
HSL	31°, 60%, 64%
HSV	31°, 50%, 86%
XYZ	45.6803, 43.6590, 20.6914
YIQ	176.0500, 49.2890, -6.7030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

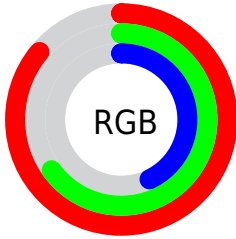
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">209, 219, 110</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14395246</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.00, 12.34, 36.74</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">72, 38.757, 71.432</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.6590, 0.4152, 0.3968</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292585326</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFDBA76E</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">176.0500, -32.5626, 37.6672</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.0750, 7.7729, 27.6858</a>

# Details

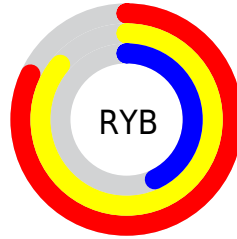
The CIELCh color  $72, 38.757, 71.432$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9966`. A complement of this color would be  $65, 34.269, 267.404$ , and the grayscale version is  $72, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90, 33.806, 84.535$ , and  $52, 38.533, 71.538$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69, 47.352, 70.067$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 30.355, 72.767$ .

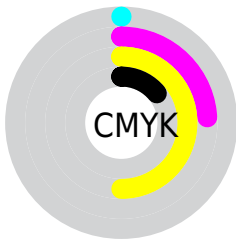
# Distribution



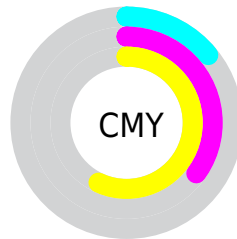
- Red (86%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 38.757, 71.432

 72, 38.757, 71.432

 100, 38.757,  
71.432

 62, 38.757, 71.432

 92, 38.757, 71.432

 52, 38.757, 71.432

 42, 38.757, 71.432

 32, 38.757, 71.432

 22, 38.757, 71.432

 12, 38.757, 71.432

 2, 38.757, 71.432

 0, 38.757, 71.432

 72, 38.757, 71.432

 72, 38.757, 71.432

69, 47.352, 70.067

75, 30.355, 72.767

66, 55.908, 68.609

78, 22.249, 74.074

64, 63.945, 66.945

81, 14.470, 75.359

61, 70.623, 64.840

84, 7.017, 76.602

59, 75.296, 62.121

87, 0.131, 260.754

59, 75.377, 62.076

91, 6.999, 259.156

94, 10.452,  
248.186

96, 10.820,  
212.139

98, 12.231,  
198.689

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 38.757, 71.432



65, 34.269, 267.404

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 38.757, 71.432



72, 38.757, 121.432



72, 38.757, 251.432



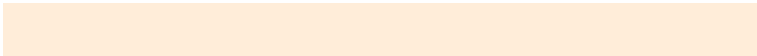
72, 38.757, 301.432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 38.757, 71.437



95, 12.276, 75.950



61, 49.299, 350.048



50, 8.414, 75.684



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 38.757, 71.437



79, 53.852, 69.970



85, 54.992, 106.238



44, 4.060, 76.649



47, 63.224, 62.711



11, 18.379, 62.469



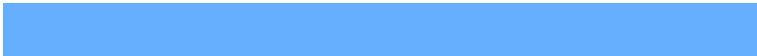


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 34.269, 267.404



70, 46.469, 270.690



51, 63.154, 297.877



44, 3.986, 259.176



36, 56.352, 286.032



7, 18.772, 275.987



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

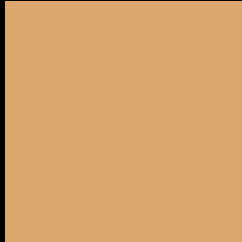
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

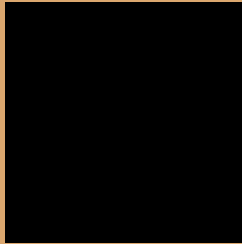
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 38.757, 71.432

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432.

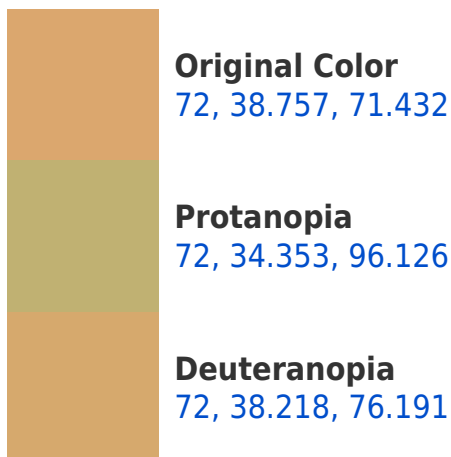



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 38.757, 71.432.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

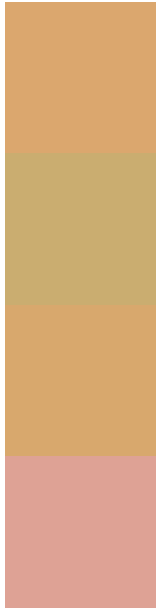




**Tritanopia**  
72, 26.078, 7.627



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 38.757, 71.432

**Protanomaly**  
72, 35.246, 86.195

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 38.551, 74.224

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 25.715, 37.136

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 38.757, 71.432

**Achromatopsia**  
72, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 13.722, 75.453

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 38.757, 71.432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 167, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 167, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 167, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 167, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 38.757, 71.432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

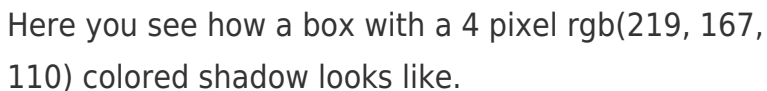
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 167, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 167, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 167, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 167, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 167, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 167,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 38.757, 71.432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 167, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
167, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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