

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 43.837, 256.878)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 43.837, 256.878)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 43.797, 256.769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4CBAFE
RGB	76, 186, 254
RGB Percent	30%, 73%, 100%
CMY	0.7034, 0.2717, 0.0051
CMYK	0.70, 0.27, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	203°, 99%, 65%
HSV	203°, 70%, 99%
XYZ	38.2928, 43.6590, 99.9266
YIQ	160.8620, -87.3880, -2.1720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

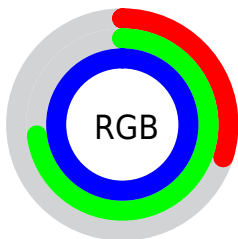
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	76, 144, 254
Decimal	5028606
CIE Lab	72.00, -10.02, -42.63
CIE LCh	72, 43.797, 256.769
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2105, 0.2400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283218686 (0xFF4CBAFE)
YUV	160.8620, 45.9170, -74.4240
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -12.1840, -43.4130

# Details

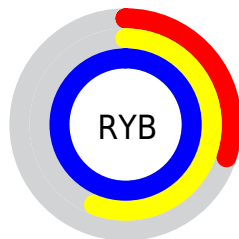
The CIELCh color **72, 43.797, 256.769** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **70, 64.328, 55.613**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 30.043, 210.737**, and **53, 42.136, 260.860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 48.498, 260.996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 38.743, 253.176**.

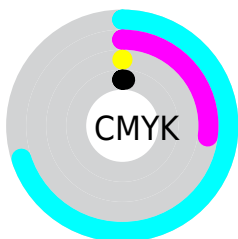
# Distribution



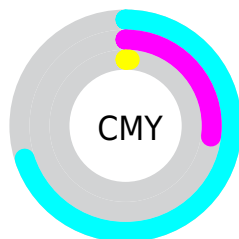
- Red (30%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72, 43.797,  
256.769


 72, 43.797,  
256.769


 100, 43.797,  
256.769


 62, 43.797,  
256.769


 92, 43.797,  
256.769

 52, 43.797,  
256.769

 42, 43.797,  
256.769

 32, 43.797,  
256.769

 22, 43.797,  
256.769

 12, 43.797,  
256.769

 2, 43.797, 256.769

■ 0, 43.797, 256.769

■ 72, 43.797,  
256.769

■ 72, 43.797,  
256.769

■ 69, 48.498,  
260.996

■ 76, 38.743,  
253.176

■ 66, 52.997,  
265.800

■ 79, 33.265,  
250.188

■ 63, 57.434,  
270.828

■ 83, 27.348,  
247.739

■ 87, 21.020,  
245.747

■ 91, 14.336,  
244.134

■ 95, 7.357, 242.847

99, 0.146, 245.427

100, 0.645,  
110.010

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 43.797, 256.769



70, 64.328, 55.613

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 43.797, 256.769



72, 43.797, 306.769



72, 43.797, 76.769



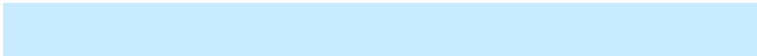
72, 43.797, 126.769

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 43.796, 256.770



91, 14.950, 244.253



89, 79.841, 148.944



47, 10.067, 244.672



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 43.796, 256.770



68, 50.430, 262.776



49, 89.337, 297.400



51, 4.126, 242.771



48, 45.838, 269.880



15, 19.315, 262.635



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 78.515, 345.117



58, 85.931, 347.769



91, 74.591, 96.306



50, 6.926, 338.466



42, 70.957, 351.419

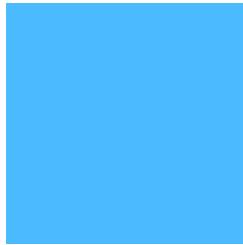


11, 33.451, 347.676



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

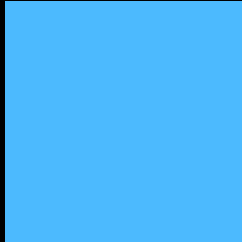
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

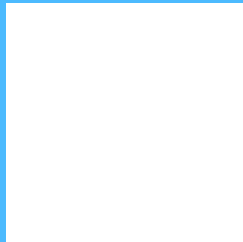
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 72, 43.797, 256.769**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769.

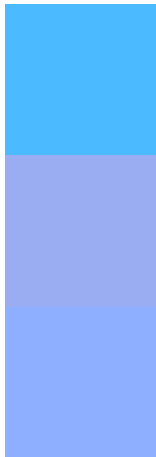


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 43.797, 256.769.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

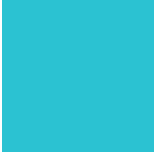


**Original Color**  
72, 43.797, 256.769

**Protanopia**  
72, 38.362, 285.169

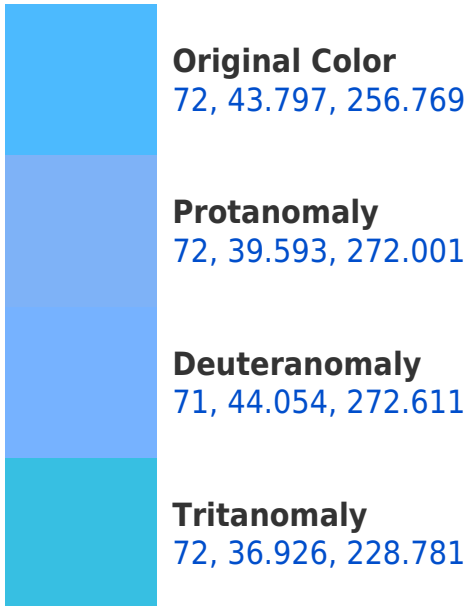
**Deuteranopia**  
72, 44.629, 282.535



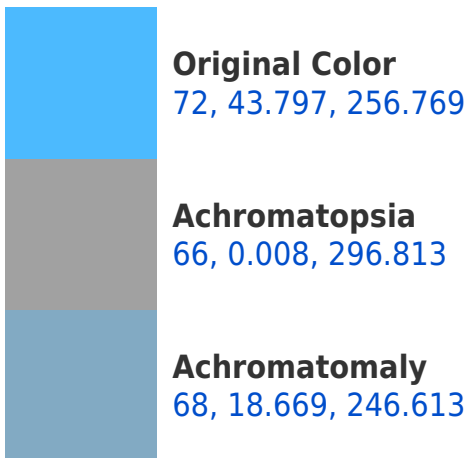


**Tritanopia**  
72, 37.188, 210.550

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 43.797, 256.769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 186, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 186, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 186, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 186, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 43.797, 256.769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 186, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 186, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 186, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 186, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 186, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 186,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 43.797, 256.769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 186, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 186,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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