

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 48.331, 355.067)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 48.331, 355.067)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(72, 48.331, 355.067)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8DBA
RGB	255, 141, 186
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 73%
CMY	0.0016, 0.4484, 0.2720
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	336°, 99%, 78%
HSV	336°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	59.3912, 43.6590, 51.5517
YIQ	180.2160, 53.4990, 38.1630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

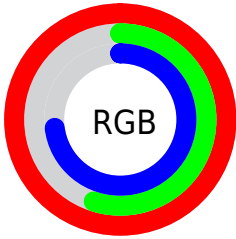
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 141, 186
Decimal	16747962
CIE Lab	72.00, 48.15, -4.16
CIE LCh	72, 48.331, 355.067
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3842, 0.2824
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938042 (0xFFFF8DBA)
YUV	180.2160, 2.8515, 65.5856
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 44.8127, -0.0055

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 48.331, 355.067** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 44.178, 164.932**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 31.183, 332.875**, and **52, 48.553, 355.036** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 58.532, 356.933**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 37.518, 353.532**.

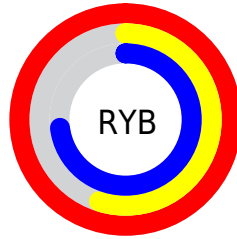
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (55%)

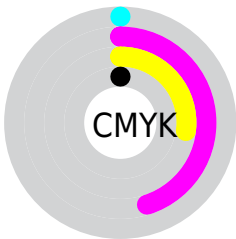
Blue (73%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (73%)

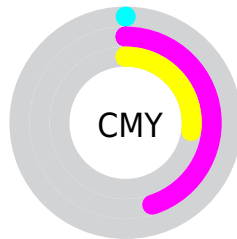


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 48.331,  
355.067


 72, 48.331,  
355.067


 100, 48.331,  
355.067


 62, 48.331,  
355.067


 92, 48.331,  
355.067

 52, 48.331,  
355.067

 42, 48.331,  
355.067

 32, 48.331,  
355.067

 22, 48.331,  
355.067

 12, 48.331,  
355.067

 2, 48.331, 355.067

0, 48.331, 355.067

72, 48.331,  
355.067

72, 48.331,  
355.067

67, 58.532,  
356.933

78, 37.518,  
353.532

62, 67.610,  
359.250

84, 26.516,  
352.232

59, 75.013, 2.181

90, 15.602,  
351.104

56, 80.364, 5.913

97, 4.952, 350.054

55, 83.703, 10.587

100, 0.137,  
204.232

54, 85.005, 13.325

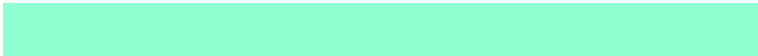
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 48.331, 355.067



92, 44.178, 164.932

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 48.331, 355.067



72, 48.331, 45.067



72, 48.331, 175.067



72, 48.331, 225.067

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 48.328, 355.069



91, 13.725, 350.919



69, 65.661, 314.501



47, 9.636, 351.152



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 48.328, 355.069



67, 57.864, 356.779



73, 43.466, 31.248



50, 5.970, 350.556



41, 68.393, 12.311



10, 31.293, 5.229





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 48.328, 355.069



67, 57.864, 356.779



90, 30.837, 208.725



50, 5.970, 350.556



41, 68.393, 12.311



10, 31.293, 5.229



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

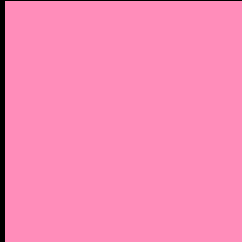
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

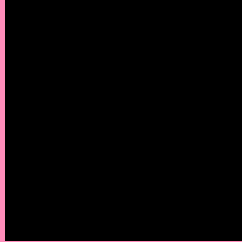
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 48.331, 355.067

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 48.331, 355.067.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
72, 42.690, 15.977



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 48.331, 355.067



**Protanomaly**  
71, 24.045, 326.932



**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 23.966, 351.973



**Tritanomaly**  
72, 44.006, 8.030

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 48.331, 355.067



**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
72, 17.777, 351.921

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 48.331, 355.067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 141, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 141, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 141, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 141, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 48.331, 355.067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 141, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 141, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 141, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 141, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 48.331, 355.067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 141, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
141, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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